

ton, Frederick Wilbur, Clarence Wilfred and Ida Marguerite. Fraternally Mr. Jackson is affiliated with Winnipeg Lodge No. 1, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and both he and Mrs. Jackson attend the Church of England. Mr. Jackson has always been a supporter of the Liberal party. In 1877, 1878 and 1880 he served the city of Winnipeg as alderman and in 1882 was elected to the local legislature, retaining his seat continuously until 1899, and from 1890 to 1894 he was speaker of this body. On November 3, 1904, he was elected to the Dominion Parliament, representing the county of Selkirk, which position he is filling at the present time.

GEORGE MUSGROVE.

Mr. George Musgrove, one of the foremost merchants of Stonewall, Manitoba, is a native of the west of Ireland, where he was born in 1855. He is a son of William and Ann (Crawford) Musgrove, both of whom were also natives of Ireland and descendants of an old family of that country. Mr. Musgrove was educated in the public schools of his native country and followed various pursuits until 1880, at which time he emigrated to Canada and located in Huron county, Ontario. The following year he came to Manitoba and accepted a clerkship in the dry goods establishment of Robert Garry, the store occupying a portion of the space on which the McIntyre Block now stands. In 1882 he moved to Stonewall, and the following year engaged in the general merchandise business, in which he has since been engaged.

In 1881 Mr. Musgrove married Miss Sarah Ann McKee, of county Huron, Ontario. They are the parents of five children: William Wesley Lorne, Elizabeth Victoria, Robert (deceased), Robert George Boyd and Josiah Oliver (deceased). Mrs. Musgrove is also deceased.

Fraternally Mr. Musgrove is affiliated with the Canadian Order of Foresters, and politically gives his support to the Conservative party. He is a member of the Methodist church.

WESTON MONTGOMERY.

Mr. Weston Montgomery, who is engaged in the hardware and furniture business in Stonewall, Manitoba, was born in the Province of Quebec in 1871,

and is a son of John and Jane M. (Walker) Montgomery. Mr. Montgomery was brought to Manitoba by his parents in early youth, the father settling in Stonewall in 1878, where he engaged in the blacksmith and latterly in the hardware business, which he conducted up to the time of his death, in 1889.

Mr. Montgomery of this review received his education at the public schools of Stonewall, and subsequently entered his father's employ as a clerk in the hardware business which he has so ably conducted ever since.

In 1905 Mr. Montgomery married Miss Georgina Walton, a daughter of James Walton, of Stonewall, Manitoba. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Masonic order, being a past master of that order, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Canadian Order of Foresters and the Loyal Orange Lodge, also past county master. He is president of the Stonewall Board of Trade and gives his support politically to the Liberal party, and he and Mrs. Montgomery attend the Presbyterian church.

IRA STRATTON.

Mr. Ira Stratton, the popular editor and proprietor of the Stonewall *Argus*, was born near Trenton, Ontario, in August, 1865, and is a son of Cyrus and Anna (Lovie) Stratton, the father a native of Canada and the mother of Scotland. Mr. Stratton received his education in the public schools of Northumberland, after which he taught school in Hastings county, Ontario, until 1889, at which time he came to Manitoba. Locating in Stonewall he engaged in teaching school in that locality, which occupation was continued for two years, at which time he purchased the Stonewall *News*, changing the name of the paper to the Stonewall *Argus*. This paper he still conducts, it being one of the newsy interior papers of the province.

For eight years Mr. Stratton has occupied the position of postmaster of Stonewall. During the year 1902 he was general land guide for the district lying between Lake Winnipeg and Lake Manitoba, where he was engaged in directing the settlers to their homesteads. For seven years he has been a member of the school board, and at present is president of the Stonewall Agricultural Society, also being secretary of the Postmasters' Association of



Robert Gannon

the West, and in connection with the latter organization publishes the *Postal Current*.

Fraternally Mr. Stratton is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Ancient Order of United Workmen and the Maccabees. Politically he supports the Liberal party, and is a leading member of the Rockwood Liberal Association. Mr. Stratton is likewise a valued member of the Methodist church.

JAMES HIGHAM.

Mr. James Higham, proprietor of the Canadian Pacific Hotel at Stonewall, was born in 1865 in Manchester, England, and is a son of William and Mary Jane (Baxendale) Higham, both of whom were natives of England. Mr. Higham was brought to Canada in infancy by his parents, who located in Ontario. The subject of this sketch was educated in that province, and subsequently entered railroad work, which occupation was continued for about twelve years, and in 1879 he came to Manitoba, locating at Stonewall in 1896. Here he purchased the Canadian Pacific Hotel, which he has since conducted. In addition to this business Mr. Higham is the owner of the Stonewall Roller Mill and Elevator, the mill having a capacity of one hundred and fifty barrels daily.

Mr. Higham married Miss Eliza Johnston, of county Roscommon, Ireland, since deceased. Fraternaly he is affiliated with the Masonic order, and politically gives his support to the Conservative party. He is a member of the Church of England.

ROPER GALLOWAY.

Roper Galloway was born July 4, 1855, at Polmont, Stirlingshire, Scotland. He is a son of William and Agnes Galloway and comes from old Scotch ancestry in both the paternal and maternal lines. The father was a farmer, and the subject was reared on a farm and was educated in the public schools. When about thirteen years of age, however, he left school and served an apprenticeship to the dry goods business in Falkirk, while later he was for two years in business with his uncle, Archibald Galloway, in Falkirk. In 1875 he came to Canada, locating in Toronto and for three

years he represented the wholesale millinery firm of Alexander & Reed between Toronto and Ottawa. In 1878 at Paris, Ontario, he engaged in the dry goods business with James R. Muir, with whom he continued for three years, when he sold out to his partner. In 1881 he came to Manitoba, with his brother William, locating at Gladstone, where they opened up in the general mercantile business under the firm name of Galloway Brothers, and they are to-day the oldest merchants in northwestern Manitoba. Their business has steadily increased, until they to-day carry the largest stock at any country point in Manitoba. Their large new store, which they erected in 1902, is one of the finest and most up-to-date in the province. In 1895 he engaged in the general contracting business and secured the contract for furnishing the firm of Mackenzie, Mann & Company, railway contractors, with their beef and other supplies during the past year. He has extended his contracting business and now furnishes the Canadian Pacific and the Grand Trunk Pacific Railways with large quantities of beef on their construction work. Killing on an average some four hundred cattle per month employment is furnished to over fifty-five people in the conduct of the contracting business and thirty in the store.

Mr. Galloway has served as a member of the council during the past twenty years and in 1904-5 and 1906 was mayor for the town of Gladstone, being elected for each term by acclamation. He has also been identified with educational affairs since 1885, served for ten years as secretary of the school board and was largely instrumental in securing the erection of the Gladstone high school which was built in 1895. Prior to this time there were two small frame school buildings which were entirely inadequate for the educational needs of the town. The present school building is a two-story structure forty-six by one hundred and twenty feet with a basement underneath and it is built of pressed brick.

In 1882 Mr. Galloway was married to Miss Margaret Erb Gouinlock, of Paris, Ontario, a daughter of Walter Gouinlock, a merchant of that place. They now have two daughters: Nina and Margaret. Mr. Galloway has been a member of the Masonic fraternity since 1882. In politics he is Liberal, but has no desire for political preferment, as he wishes to give undivided attention to his extensive and important business enterprises.

SLOAN SCHOOLEY.

Mr. Sloan Schooley, one of the leading merchants of Gladstone, Manitoba, is a native of county Welland, Ontario, and was born September 16, 1853. He is a son of the late Gilbert Schooley, who for many years and up to the time of his death occupied the position as postmaster of Merritton.

Mr. Schooley was educated in the public and grammar schools of his native county, and after putting aside his text books accepted a position in a grocery and liquor house of St. Catherines, and was identified with that business for nine years. In February he came to Manitoba and for a few years was employed in the construction department of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and on leaving this employment came to Gladstone and established a general merchandise business in a small way. Since that time his business has rapidly grown, until to-day a large and increasing business is annually transacted, which brings to Mr. Schooley excellent returns as a reward for his patient and upright business methods. All lines of merchandise are carried with the exception of hardware, and in 1896 his present commodious two-story building was erected in order to facilitate his yearly increased business.

In 1885 Mr. Schooley married Miss Theresa Zavitz, a resident of Welland county, Ontario. They are the parents of three children: Minnie, Irwin and Irene.

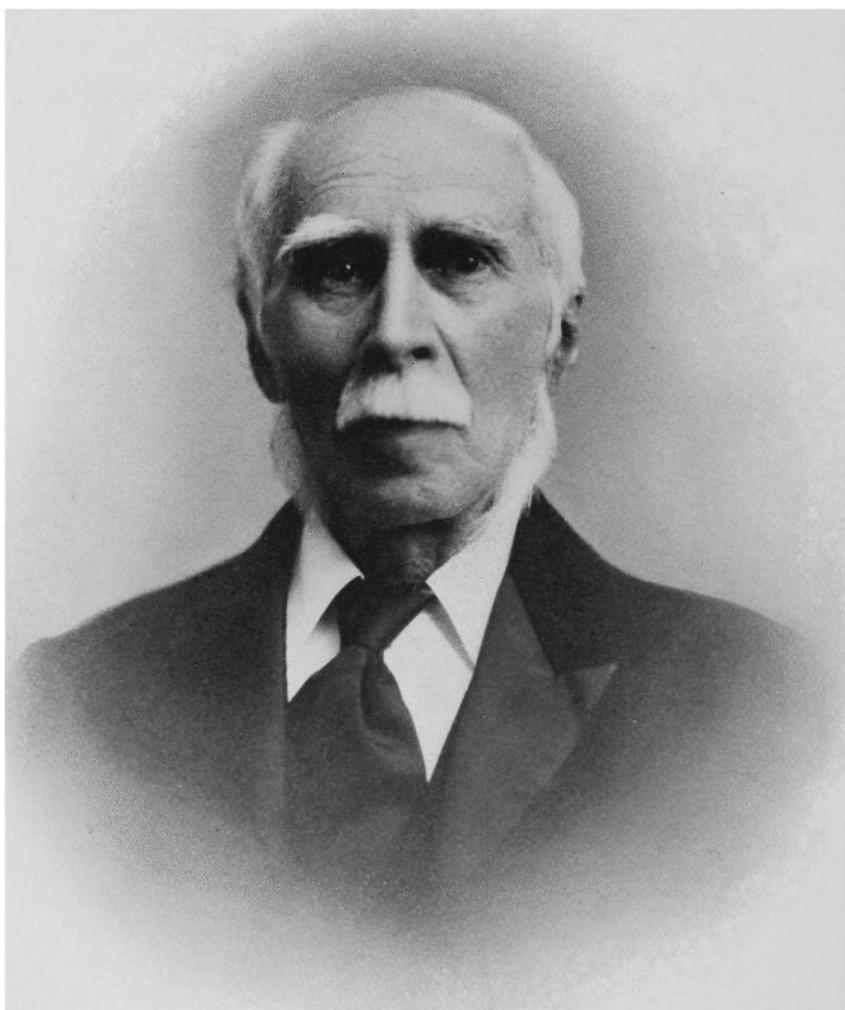
Fraternally Mr. Schooley is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Canadian Order of Foresters. He gives his support to the Conservative party, and since 1890 has been secretary-treasurer of the town of Gladstone. Both Mr. and Mrs. Schooley are consistent members of the Methodist church.

WILSON SHANNON BAILEY.

Wilson Shannon Bailey, soldier, lawyer and banker is an American. He was born in Columbus, Ohio, April 27, 1843, of English and Scotch descent. His father, Edward Bailey, was born of English parentage in Old Virginia and in 1830 he emigrated to Ohio, and as a minister of the Christian church was well known among the leading men of that state.

Mr. Bailey was a soldier at the time of the Civil war in the United States, enlisting at Mansfield, Ohio, on October 16, 1864, and joined the One hundred and eightieth Volunteer Regiment of that state, under Colonel Sterling and General Robinson, and on the 12th of the following month he joined General William Tecumseh Sherman's army at Atlanta, Georgia, and remained with that army until the close of the Civil war. He witnessed the burning of Atlanta, Columbus and Charleston and saw active service at Aversborough, Bentonville and at the storming of Fort McAlister and also saw the surrender of Johnston's army. On June 2, 1865, he received an honorable discharge at Washington, District of Columbia, after having faithfully served his country. Returning home he pursued various occupations until 1871. That year he entered Bethany College, Virginia, and graduated from that institution in 1875. On returning home he commenced the study of law in Marysville, Ohio, in the law office of J. C. Cameron, and was admitted to the bar on March 10, 1877. That same spring he went west and opened a real estate, loan and law office in Wichita, Kansas, which was a financial success. But on account of failing health he sold this business out in 1880, and for the purpose of improving his health he visited Mexico, California and other Pacific states and after an absence of about two years returned to his old home in Ohio, in the year 1882, somewhat improved in health.

Hearing of the great immigration boom in Dakota and Manitoba he concluded at once to engage in another enterprise and went with the tide of immigration to the North-West, landing in Winnipeg on July 2, 1882, and became acquainted with the Hon. C. P. Brown (then minister of public works in the local government of Manitoba), with whom Mr. Bailey organized the private banking firm at Gladstone, Manitoba, on the following September, known as the firm of Lockheart, Bailey & Company. This firm lasted one year only, Mr. Bailey purchasing the interest of both his partners and organizing the well-known banking firm of W. S. Bailey & Company, which was successfully conducted under Mr. Bailey's personal supervision and control until the year 1900. During this period Mr. Bailey cleared more than one hundred thousand dollars. He closed this banking business that year and leased his bank office to the Merchants Bank of



Samuel Keap

Canada, which quarters they still occupy. That same year Mr. Bailey made a trip to Europe, visiting England, France and Germany and on his return home he opened a money loaning office in Gladstone, which occupation he still follows at that place.

Mr. Bailey is a Liberal in politics and a strong temperance advocate and has taken active steps to suppress the whiskey traffic. He is also a member of the Royal Templars. He has been a member of the Christian church for many years, but has not identified himself with any religious body since coming to Manitoba.

GEORGE BARR.

Mr. George Barr, at present conducting a lumber business in Gladstone, Manitoba, was born in 1871 in Middlesex county, Ontario. His father, Samuel Barr, who is an old settler of that county, followed agricultural pursuits up to a few years ago, when he retired from active business life.

Mr. Barr was educated in the public schools of his native county and at the Collegiate Institute of Ingersoll, Ontario. He afterwards took a commercial course in the Forest City Business College, and in 1891 went to Portage la Prairie as teacher of the Commercial Department of Lansdowne College. He remained in this position for one year, and then accepted a position with Peter MacArthur as bookkeeper of his lumber establishment at Westbourne. For ten years he remained in this position, and then became manager of the late Manitoba Quarry and Transportation Company, which position he filled for two years. In 1905 he came to Gladstone and entered business on his own account as a lumber merchant. His business has shown a gratifying increase ever since its inception, and Mr. Barr being a popular member of the community the outlook for his future is most promising.

Mr. Barr is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Canadian Order of Foresters. While not an active partisan he gives his support to the Liberal party.

JAMES HEAP.

Mr. James Heap, the subject of this sketch, was born in Burnley, Lancashire, England, February 21, 1830. His educational advantages were

derived at the grammar school and at the Academy of Burnley, which latter institution was conducted by Dr. S. Guinness Rogers and Mr. Greenal. After finishing his education he was identified in business with his father for about two years, and in 1854 emigrated to Canada and located at Lindsay, Ontario.

He subsequently studied law with Mr. T. A. Hudspeth, of Lindsay, and George Brogdin, of Port Hope. He completed his studies with Mr. Hudspeth, and afterwards formed a partnership with this gentleman, which continued until the latter's death. Mr. Heap continued practice in Ontario until 1887, at which time he moved to Manitoba and located at Selkirk. Here he has since followed the practice of his profession, latterly in partnership with his son Frederic, being one of the oldest and recognized as one of the ablest barristers of the community. At present they are the solicitors for the town of Selkirk, and are also solicitors for different loan and railway corporations and for several of the municipalities near Selkirk.

In 1864 Mr. Heap married Miss Colcleugh, and three children have been born of this union: Maxwell Kirkpatrick, Harry Colcleugh and Frederic.

Politically Mr. Heap gives his support to the Liberal party, and in Lindsay, Ontario, served as a member of the town council, and for about sixteen years was a member of the school board. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Masonic order, and he is a member of the Presbyterian church.

CAPTAIN CHARLES HENRY WEST

Captain Charles Henry West, the subject of this sketch, was born at St. Catharines, Ontario. He located in Selkirk in 1884, where he remained until the time of his death, that having occurred June 15, 1905, when he was fifty-six years of age.

Captain West was educated at St. Catharines, Ontario. In 1895 he married Miss Martha Mareta Robinson, of Winnipeg. They are the parents of two children: Edith and Stanley Earl. Captain West was previously married, of which union there were born two children: Edna Pearl and Isla May.



Rod Smith

After arriving in Selkirk, Captain West was put in charge of the Dominion government dredge on the river. For seventeen years he held this position with credit to himself and with full satisfaction to the department of public works under which he served. After this for three years, and until the time of his death, he held the position of provincial boiler inspector of district No. 1. He was loved and revered by all his friends, which consisted of the entire city of Selkirk and many Winnipeg citizens.

Captain West was past master of the Lisgar Lodge, A.F. & A.M. He was a staunch Conservative, and although he never held office he was loyal to his party. On the day of his funeral many flags were lowered to half mast, and he was mourned by all who knew him. He and his family attended the Church of England.

CHARLES SHELDON.

Mr. Charles Sheldon, the subject of this sketch, at the age of five came with his father and mother to live in the United States, near Minneapolis, Minnesota, where he received his education. Although but five years of age when he left Sweden, he always had a warm spot in his heart for his native country. He came to Manitoba in 1883 and was employed for many years as bridge foreman on the Canadian Pacific Railway. Some of the largest bridges of that company's line have been constructed under his supervision.

Mr. Sheldon was married in Winnipeg in 1891 to Miss Charlotte Anderson, and moved to Selkirk in 1893 to enter the hotel business, having purchased the old Merchants Hotel. His business increased so much that he decided to build a larger and more modern building, and erected the handsome building which now stands, and is one of the finest structures of this kind in the province. He was also president of the Northern Fish Company.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon became the parents of four children: Stanley, Lilian, Vera and Madeline, the latter deceased.

Mr. Sheldon was a member of the Ancient Land Mark Lodge, and was loved and revered by his fraternal brethren as well as by all the citizens of Selkirk and many of Winnipeg who knew him. It is related with pride

how he met a poor, ragged boy and feeling sorry for his condition took him to a store and purchased him clothes, etc., an act that showed his kindly spirit. He and his family attended the English church, and politically he was a Conservative. Mr. Sheldon was buried in St. John's cemetery.

RODERICK SMITH.

Mr. Roderick Smith, the subject of this sketch, was born in Ross-shire, Scotland, in the year 1850. He was the son of Angus and Christie (McIver) Smith, both parents being deceased.

Mr. Smith received his education in the old country, afterwards coming to Keewatin, Manitoba, in 1868, where he remained for thirteen years, his trade being that of boat-builder, which he followed only part of the time. From 1881 to 1885 he was engaged in steamboating on the Saskatchewan river. Mr. Smith made two trips to the Yukon, first in the year 1897 and again in 1898. He served in the Rebellion of 1885, during the blockade of the steamer "North Coat." He located in Selkirk in the year 1885, where he still resides, and is engaged in the wholesale liquor business. He is also largely interested in the steamboat business and is the owner of the steamboat "Micado" and part owner in the steamboat "Wolverine."

Mr. Smith was married in 1871 to Miss Jessie Morrison, of Keewatin. They are the parents of the following children: Mary Ann (who died in 1879), Christie, Jane, Peggie, Hector, Murdock, Jessie, Mary Ann, Kitty, Roddie, Malcolm and John (who is deceased).

He is one of the oldest and best known citizens of Selkirk, and belongs to the Canadian Order of Foresters, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and Clan Stewart. In politics he gives his support to the Independent party. Mr. Smith and his family are adherents of the Presbyterian church.

JONATHAN JOSEPH HAMILTON.

Mr. Jonathan Joseph Hamilton, the first mayor of Neepawa, Manitoba, was born on July 24, 1850, in the county of Perth, Ontario, and is a son of the late Joseph Hamilton, who followed the occupation of a miller in Perth and afterwards was identified with agricultural pursuits in Manitoba.

Mr. Hamilton was educated in the public schools of Perth, Ontario,



J. J. Hamilton

secured a position as teacher and for four years taught school in his native county, until coming to Manitoba in 1872. With his father and brother he located south of Gladstone, and the three secured adjoining homesteads. He afterwards worked on the Dominion survey, and up to the winter on a timber survey on the Assiniboine river. Returning home for one month, he went to Winnipeg, during which time he met Dr. Robertson and Mr. Morris of that place, with whom he talked over the advisability of enlisting in the mounted police. Dr. Robertson tried to discourage him in so doing, but Mr. Morris took the other view of the case, and after remaining in Winnipeg for some time he secured a recommendation and joined the North-West Mounted Police under Colonel Jarvis. He went in as a substitute and finished a three-year term, and after retiring from the service located his bounty warrant on his pre-emption. Here he farmed for one year. He then engaged in concrete bridge work for the municipality of Westbourne, and upon the completion of this contract he acted as treasurer and collector for the municipality, in which position he served for one year. It is interesting to note that the first test of the municipal tax was made in Westbourne at the instigation of Mr. Hamilton. At that time the Hudson's Bay Company had repudiated its taxes, and Mr. Hamilton and his associates seized the store, after which the tax was paid. A short time after this Mr. Hamilton formed a partnership with John A. Davidson, opening a general merchandise store in Gladstone, and he conducted this establishment for several years, being very successful in this operation. The best trade at that time came from the parts west of Gladstone, and it became necessary to put in a branch store or move to this locality. With this end in view they secured different parcels of land where they thought the stations of the Canadian Pacific Railway would probably be located, and they secured one section eight miles south of Neepawa, where the main lines of the railroad had been surveyed. Subsequently they moved the business from Gladstone to Neepawa, conducting the store and a grist mill which they had erected for several years. In 1882 the partnership was dissolved, Mr. Hamilton taking the mill, which he afterwards conducted for some time.

At the present time Mr. Hamilton is engaged in the real estate and insurance business, and also acts as financial agent, etc. He is the owner of

three hundred and seventy-five acres of farming land in the municipality, and over one thousand acres outside, all of which is rented to desirable tenants. In addition to his other interests he is a stockholder and a director of the King Edward Hotel.

In 1880 Mr. Hamilton married Miss Isabel Hamilton, a native of Ontario. They are the parents of five children: Ada B., Effie A., Eva J., Preston H. and Harold W.

Fraternally Mr. Hamilton is affiliated with the Masonic order, being a charter member of the Neepawa Lodge and the Orange Society. He has always taken an active interest in politics, being the first reeve of the municipality and the first mayor of the town of Neepawa, which office he filled for several years. He was member for the judicial district board of Portage la Prairie, the county building being at that point. He is president of the Hospital Board of Neepawa, taking an active interest in the affairs of this institution. Both he and Mrs. Hamilton are valued members of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Hamilton has for many years been a strong advocate of temperance, and has taken an active part in the prohibition question.

JOHN BROWN.

Mr. John Brown, the proprietor of the leading general merchandise store of Neepawa, Manitoba, is a native of Dundee, Scotland, his birth having occurred on October 14, 1854. He is a son of the late Thomas Brown, who during his lifetime was identified with agricultural pursuits in his native country.

Mr. Brown was educated in the public schools of Broughty Ferry, and subsequently entered the employ of a manufactory establishment, being thus engaged for about ten years. In 1880 he came to the Dominion and located at Russel, Manitoba, and two years afterwards started a general merchandise store at that point, which he conducted until 1897, at which time he sold out and removed to Neepawa, having purchased the business of Davidson & Company of that place. He at once erected a new addition for the purpose of enlarging the establishment, the present quarters covering a ground space of one hundred and thirty by thirty-five feet and

occupying two stories and a basement. A full line of all character of goods is carried with the exception of hardware. It is the leading establishment of its kind in the city, and an immense business is yearly transacted. In 1905 the John Brown Company, Limited, was organized with Mr. W. A. Blennerhasset as vice-president. Mr. Brown is also interested in agriculture, owning a six hundred and forty acre farm two miles south of Neepawa, which annually returns to him an excellent revenue.

Mr. Brown married Miss Maggie Kinnard, a resident of Dundee, Scotland. They are the parents of seven children, as follows: Annie; Maggie, the wife of W. A. Blennerhasset; Jessie; Ethel, the wife of A. E. McCorvie, of Douglas; John and Douglas, who are both in the employ of their father; and Dorothy.

Mr. Brown is a prominent member of the King Edward Chapter of the A.F. & A.M., and politically gives his support to the Liberal party. Both he and Mrs. Brown are consistent members of the Presbyterian church.

FRED LANGDON DAVIS.

One of the foremost practitioners at the bar in western Manitoba is Mr. Fred Langdon Davis, the subject of this sketch. He was born on August 6, 1867, in Belleville, Ontario, and is a son of James A. Davis, a contractor at present residing in Winnipeg.

Mr. Davis was educated in the public schools and in the Collegiate Institute of his native city, and in 1881 came to Manitoba, locating at Winnipeg. Here he took up the study of law with Perdue and Robinson, being called to the bar in 1900. Ever since 1893, however, he had been in practice and had passed all examinations, starting in that year the practice of his profession at Neepawa, where he has since resided. In 1887 he was graduated from Manitoba College with the degree of B.A., and in 1891 that of LL.B.

In 1895 Mr. Davis married a daughter of J. J. Webster, of Winnipeg, Miss Nellie Webster, who is well known in Winnipeg, where for a number of years she was connected with the choir of Grace Methodist church.

Politically Mr. Davis is a staunch Liberal, and has always taken an active part in local, Provincial and Dominion politics. He is one of the

active workers for the party, aspiring to no public office himself, but doing all in his power to promote the interests of the Liberal party.

JOHN CRAWFORD.

Mr. John Crawford, a member of the Dominion Parliament and one of the prominent business men of the Province of Manitoba, is a native of Ashfield, Ontario, his birth having occurred June 17, 1856. He is a son of James Thorpe Crawford, who was one of the early settlers of Ontario, where for many years he followed the occupation of a miller, owning a flour mill, saw mill, stave factory, etc., but now living a retired life in Neepawa.

Mr. Crawford was educated in the public schools of Ashfield, Ontario, and afterwards entered the milling business with his father, which occupation was continued until 1876, at which time both father and son came to Manitoba. Each of them took up a homestead in that year, and after a short time spent in the province returned to Ontario for the winter. In the following spring they moved to their homesteads near Neepawa, and since that time have been residents of the province.

In 1878 Mr. Crawford started in the agricultural implement business in a small way, but rapidly added other features to the business, until to-day the institution is one of the largest in western Manitoba. The following is a partial list of the lines represented: The Deere Implement Company's goods, Moline waggons, Speight waggons, the Canadian Carriage Company, the Brantford Carriage Company, the J. I. Case Company's goods, the Rock Island, Bradly ploughs, Wilkinson ploughs, Fleury grinders and horse powers, and the J. I. Case's threshers, the International Harvester Champion binders, mowers and rakes, and the Frost and Wood Harvesting machines.

Mr. Crawford owns about four thousand acres of fertile land, all in the vicinity of Neepawa, of which about three thousand acres is in crop. He owned the first lumber yard in Neepawa, but sold it out in order to give his undivided attention to the implement business.

In 1881 Mr. Crawford married Miss Matilda Hayden, a daughter of W. J. Hayden, of Shephardton, Ontario. Five children have been born of



John Crawford

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this union, as follows: Elizabeth Catherine, Otway, Annie Matilda, Hayden McGregor and James Thorpe.

Fraternally Mr. Crawford is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Independent Order of Foresters. He and Mrs. Crawford are both consistent members of the Presbyterian church. In politics he has always taken an active and a leading part. In 1883 he became a member of the Rosedale municipal council, and in 1884 was elected reeve of Rosedale municipality, which office he held for several years, and from 1898 to 1904 occupied the same office. In 1886 he was elected to the Manitoba legislature, holding that office until 1892. Since 1883 he has been a member of the Neepawa city council and also a member of the school board. In 1904 he was elected to the House of Commons, which position he holds at the present time.

In 1885 he formed a volunteer company, which became a part of the Ninety-first Battalion, Manitoba Grenadiers, which served throughout the North-West Rebellion of that year, Mr. Crawford serving as a captain of that company throughout the campaign.

EDWARD JOHN HARRIS.

Mr. Edward John Harris, postmaster of Neepawa, Manitoba, is a native of Hamilton, Ontario, his birth having occurred on March 31, 1862. He is a son of John Harris, who was an early settler of Hamilton, and who up to the time of his death was a retail dry goods merchant of that place.

Mr. Harris was educated in the public schools of Hamilton, his studies being supplemented by a course in the Collegiate Institute of that place. After putting aside his text books he was apprenticed to the harness-making trade and after serving his time worked as a journeyman in Hamilton until 1882, which year dates his arrival in Manitoba. Mr. Harris located at Pheasant Forks, North-West Territories, settling on a homestead, where he followed agricultural pursuits for several years, and in 1890 sold out his homestead and moved to Neepawa. Here he established a harness establishment, which he has conducted up to the present time and is meeting with a splendid degree of success.

In 1885 Mr. Harris married Miss Bessie E. Donnelly, a native of Ontario, who died in 1890, leaving one child, Kathleen. In 1892 Mr. Harris married Miss Christina McGregor, a native of Scotland, and unto them have been born six children: Nellie, Flossie, Jennie, Fred, Gordon and James. Both Mr. and Mrs. Harris hold membership in the Church of England.

Fraternally Mr. Harris is affiliated with the Masonic order, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Ancient Order of United Workmen and the Woodmen of the World.

Ever since his arrival in Neepawa Mr. Harris has been identified with public matters, serving as councillor for three years, and in 1905 was elected mayor of the city. He received his appointment as postmaster of Neepawa in 1905, which office he is filling to the satisfaction of all concerned.

JAMES HENRY HOWDEN.

Mr. James Henry Howden, member of Provincial Parliament, representing Beautiful Plains district, is a native of Milton, Ontario, his birth having occurred on October 11, 1860, and he is a son of the late Robert Howden, who was one of the early settlers of that district.

Mr. Howden was educated in the public and high schools of St. Catharines, Ontario, and after putting aside his text books taught school for four years in Ontario, and in 1882 came to Manitoba and located at Winnipeg. In that city he studied law with the firm of Hagel, Henderson and Delabaye, being called to the bar in 1887. He immediately formed a partnership with his brother, under the firm name of Howden and Howden, which continued until 1891. At that time he removed to Neepawa, at which point he has since remained.

Mr. Howden has always taken an active part in politics, and from 1900 to 1904 served as mayor of Neepawa, and it was during that time that the town installed its own electric light and telephone system. Neepawa holds the distinction of being the first town in the British Empire of putting in its own telephone system, and to Mr. Howden much credit for this must be given, as he was one of the early endorsers of the project, and was prominent in the framing of the resolution.



J. A. McGill

In addition to Mr. Howden's legal practice and his duties as member of the local parliament, he is identified with the agricultural resources of the province, owning one hundred and sixty acres in the corporation and about one thousand five hundred acres in different localities throughout the province. He is also the owner of considerable city property, being the largest stockholder in the Empire Block, and acting as president for the King Edward Hotel Company. He is also a large stockholder in the Neepawa Brick Company.

In 1894 Mr. Howden married Miss Barbara McIntosh, of Walkerton, Ontario. They are the parents of four sons: Robert Reid, James McIntosh, Norman Campbell and Alex.

Fraternally Mr. Howden is affiliated with the Masonic order, the Orange Society, the Ancient Order of United Workmen and the Ancient Order of Foresters. Both he and Mrs. Howden hold membership in the Methodist church.

JOSEPH ALLAN MCGILL.

Mr. Joseph Allan McGill, the subject of this sketch, is a native of East Durham, Ontario, born April 15, 1855. He is a son of the late James McGill, who was a native of Ireland and followed agricultural pursuits in Ontario during his lifetime.

Mr. McGill was educated in the public and high schools of Norwood, Ontario, after which he was identified in farming with his father until coming to Manitoba in June, 1880. He arrived in Winnipeg and at once came to the little Saskatchewan river, and took up a homestead near Basswood, conducting farming operations there for three years. He afterwards went to Qu'Appelle, where he started in the agricultural implement business, and for four years he conducted an establishment at that point. In 1887 he moved to Neepawa, where he has since been prominently connected in the same lines of business. He handles the Massey-Harris Company's lines of goods, and also Brantford buggies and carriages and also harness.

Mr. McGill is the owner of two hundred and seventy acres of splendid farming land near Neepawa, which he is operating, and which each year brings in a good revenue. He is also the owner of considerable town

property and has fifty acres of land inside the corporation. He is a director in the North-West Agricultural and Arts Association, taking an active interest in the affairs of the society.

Politically Mr. McGill gives his support to the Conservative party and has been a member of the school board for the past fifteen years; at present he is serving as its chairman. He was also a member of the city council for a number of years.

In April, 1880, Mr. McGill married Miss Susie Wigmore, a resident of Norwood, and a daughter of the late Colonel Wigmore, of that place. They are the parents of four children: Edna, Edith, Frank and Sidney. Mr. and Mrs. McGill are valued members of the Methodist church.

WILLIAM W. STEVENSON.

Mr. William W. Stevenson, prominently identified with the business interests of Neepawa, Manitoba, is a native of the county of Carleton, Ontario, having been born near Ottawa in 1850. He is a son of the late John Stevenson, who during his lifetime followed agricultural pursuits in western Ontario, having moved there about the year 1854.

Mr. Stevenson was educated in the public schools of western Ontario, and was raised on the home farm. After leaving school he was employed in clerical work for a time, varying the same with duties on the home farm up to 1882, at which time he came to Manitoba and located on a homestead near Strathclair. For five years he conducted farming operations on this property, and then engaged as clerk with R. C. Innis, with whom he continued for a few years, after which he started for himself in the general merchandise business at Neepawa. He was shortly afterwards burnt out, losing all of his possessions. He again started out in the service of other people and also engaged in farming, and in 1903 again established himself in business, this time taking up the handling of agricultural implements and farm machinery. He handles the Frost and Wood Company's line of goods, the Heney Company's line of buggies, of Montreal, the Woodstock waggons and the American ploughs and general implement lines.

In 1887 Mr. Stevenson married Miss Annie McTavish, a resident of Wellesley, county of Perth, Ontario. Four children have been born of



Mr. Myers.

this union: John Alexander, Edwin Hesson (deceased), Eva (deceased) and Neta.

Mr. Stevenson is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, is a Conservative in politics, and both he and Mrs. Stevenson hold membership in the Presbyterian church.

JOHN PHILPOT CURRAN.

John Philpot Curran, the district registrar of the Neepawa land titles office, was born in Milan, Ohio, on December 13, 1858, and is a son of John Philpot Curran, who was a clergyman of the Church of England, and came to Canada from Ireland with his father, settling at London, Ontario, early in the nineteenth century. He afterwards removed to Ohio, but returned to Canada in 1859 and located in Bruce county.

Mr. Curran of this review received his education in the grammar schools of eastern Ontario, at St. Mary's, Kincardine and Walkerton, afterwards taking up the study of law, and in 1881 coming to Manitoba and locating at Winnipeg. Here for about seven years he engaged in the practice of his profession, and also was law clerk in the legislative assembly under the Norquay administration. He afterwards practised in Carberry and Minnedosa until January, 1902, at which time he was appointed district registrar of Neepawa land titles office, which position he is now acceptably filling.

In 1883 Mr. Curran married Miss Emily G. Hayden, a daughter of E. C. Hayden, who for many years was connected with the Dominion civil service at Ottawa, Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. Curran are the parents of six children: Hayden, Veysie, Lionel Edward (the latter two being twins), John Philpot, Jr., Sarah Helen and Robert Emmett. Fraternaly Mr. Curran is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

JOHN WEMYSS.

The subject of this sketch has been for a number of years one of the best known men in northwestern Manitoba. He is a native of Glasgow, Scotland, being a son of the late Robert Wemyss, for many years a promi-

ment merchant in Glasgow, but who on retiring from business settled in Winnipeg.

John Wemyss was educated at Glasgow Academy and subsequently at Glasgow University, from which he received the degree of M.A. in 1882. Immediately after graduating he emigrated to Canada, coming direct to Winnipeg, where he studied law with the firm of Bain, Blundard & Mulock, and was called to the bar in 1886. The following year he started practice for himself at the town of Neepawa, wher he has built up a large legal practice. He is a member of the school board and a director of the Neepawa Hospital, besides being interested in various other local undertakings.

For thirteen years he was secretary-treasurer of the Beautiful Plains Agricultural Society, during which time the society from small beginnings became the most progressive and successful in Manitoba, and is now known as the Northwestern Agricultural and Arts Association, of which he remains a director.

In 1893 Mr. Wemyss married Miss Maggie Harrison, daughter of the late Dr. D. H. Harrison, ex-premier of Manitoba.

In fraternal circles Mr. Wemyss has taken a leading part, having been grand master of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Manitoba and the North-West Territories. He also represented that jurisdiction at the meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge at Baltimore in 1903, and again at San Francisco in 1904. He is also a past district deputy grand master in the Masonic order.

Politically Mr. Wemyss is a Liberal. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, and has for a number of years been one of the managers of the church at Neepawa.

JAMES HENRY DAVIDSON.

James Henry Davidson, prominently identified with the grain and milling industries of Manitoba, was born on January 2, 1862, at Thamesford, Oxford county, Ontario, and is a son of Isaac and Christie Anne (Cameron) Davidson, both of whom were natives of Canada, the ancestors on the father's side being Irish and on the mother's side Scotch. They settled in Canada early in the nineteenth century, the grandfather on the

mother's side being a strong United Empire Loyalist. Mr. Davidson's father came to Manitoba in 1871, locating on a homestead near Gladstone, upon which he followed farming up to 1887, and then moved to Neepawa, living a retired life till his death in 1903.

Mr. Davidson of this review was educated in the public schools of Gladstone and of Winnipeg. He was raised on the home farm, and after leaving school entered the mercantile business with his brother, John, who was the late Provincial treasurer, and who died in 1903, first serving as clerk, later being taken into partnership.

In 1896 they sold out their interests in the general merchandise business and entered the grain and milling business, taking over the Beautiful Plains Milling Company's plant and reorganizing under the name of the Manitoba Milling Company, with J. H. Davidson as president and general manager of the company. They now operate a line of thirteen elevators throughout the Neepawa district on the Canadian Northern Railway and on the Canadian Pacific Railway, the mill having a capacity of four hundred barrels per day.

In 1889 Mr. Davidson married Doctor Mary Eleanor Allan, a daughter of Mrs. Margaret Allan, of Fordwich, Ontario. Three children have been born of this union: Edith Marguerite Muriel, James Allan Cameron and Mary Emma Jean. Fraternally Mr. Davidson affiliates with the Masonic order and the Canadian Order of Foresters. He has always taken an interest in political affairs, and served as a member of the Neepawa city council for two years.

BURTON WILLIAM BOLTON.

One of the well-known citizens of Neepawa, Manitoba, is Burton William Bolton, the subject of this sketch, who was born May 22, 1869, at Weston, York county, Ontario, and is a son of Isaac and Mary Jane (Chapman) Bolton, both of whom were natives of Canada, their ancestors coming from Yorkshire, England. The father followed merchandising in Ontario, and in 1879 moved with his family to Manitoba, where he took up a homestead, being one of the early pioneers of the Neepawa district. By purchase the property was increased to six hundred and forty acres, upon

which he conducted farming operations for some years, but is now living a retired life in Neepawa. He was always prominent in public affairs, and for several years was reeve of the municipality of Neepawa.

Mr. Bolton of this review was educated in the public schools of Neepawa, at Manitoba College and Toronto University. In 1896 he entered the real estate, insurance and financial agency business in Neepawa, which he has continued up to the present time, and in which he has been most successful.

In 1893 Mr. Bolton married Miss Madge Muirhead, a daughter of Robert Muirhead, of Neepawa. They are the parents of one child, Dorothy. Fraternaly Mr. Bolton affiliates with the Masonic order and politically gives his support to the Liberal party.

MARMADUKE H. FIELDHOUSE.

Mr. Marmaduke H. Fieldhouse, the subject of this sketch, was born in Murray township, county of Northumberland, Ontario, on January 31, 1845, and is a son of the late Henry Fieldhouse, who was a native of England and an early settler of the county of Northumberland, where for many years he was clerk of the court, division and municipal clerk in Murray township.

Mr. Fieldhouse received his education in the public schools of his native county, and for twelve years following he taught in these same schools. He afterwards acted as clerk of the court and township clerk for five years, and in August, 1878, he came to Manitoba, locating on a home-stead two miles south of Keyes. The following year he returned to Ontario and brought out his family to their new home, where he continued farming operations for two and a half years, and in January, 1882, moved to Neepawa, where he has since remained. Up to 1889 he was clerk of the county court, and after his retirement from that business went into real estate, conveyancing and insurance business, in which he is interested at the present time. From 1895 to 1902 he also kept a fancy goods store, but disposed of his interests in 1902 to J. L. McKay. He is the owner of four hundred and eighty acres of land on Bear Creek.

In 1874 Mr. Fieldhouse married Miss Helen M. Gerow, a native of



S. H. Guildhouse

Northumberland county, and five children have been born of this union, of whom four are living: Stanley Harcourt, who died in 1889 at the age of thirteen and a half years; Henry Vernon, a barrister of Neepawa, who is also the father of two children; Esme, a daughter at home; Cecil, who is in the service of M. B. Griswald; and Helen, at home.

Fraternally Mr. Fieldhouse is affiliated with the Neepawa Lodge No. 24, A.F. & A.M., and both he and Mrs. Fieldhouse are members of the Methodist church.

Mr. Fieldhouse is a Liberal in politics, and at present is secretary-treasurer of the school board, having also served as its chairman. He was also councilman for Neepawa for a number of years, and has been secretary-treasurer of the board of trade since the date of its organization.

JOHN SIMPSON.

John Simpson, who is a pioneer in the furniture and undertaking business in Neepawa, was born June 16, 1856, near Milton, Trafalgar township, county of Halton, Ontario, and is a son of Robert and Anne (Hughes) Simpson, both of whom were natives of Ireland, and among the first settlers of Halton county, locating there early in the last century, the father coming to that locality with his parents. Here he followed farming as his life's occupation and died on April 23, 1865, at the age of sixty-five years, the mother still living with her son John, at the ripe old age of eighty-five years.

Mr. Simpson of this review was educated in the public schools of Milton, Ontario, and was raised on the home farm. At the age of fourteen he left home, following farming as an occupation, and at the age of twenty-one came to Manitoba with his mother and two brothers, Joseph and James. For the next five years he was engaged in carpenter work, and then went into the furniture business with R. P. Campbell, of Portage la Prairie, with whom he continued until 1895, at which time he came to Neepawa and engaged in the furniture and undertaking business, being the pioneer of that line of industry in the district. In addition to his business interests he owns three of the business blocks of Mountain avenue, and also considerable other Neepawa real estate.

In 1887 Mr. Simpson married Miss Jane Bailey, a daughter of Alfred Bailey, of Hyde Bluff, Manitoba, and one of the pioneers of that district. They are the parents of seven children: Steuart G., who is teller in the Merchants Bank, Neepawa; Ruby May, Maggie C., Roderick E., Jack, Vernie and Velma. Fraternally Mr. Simpson is affiliated with the Masonic order, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Ancient Order of United Workmen, the Watchmen of the World, the Independent Order of Foresters and the Loyal Orange Legion. Politically he is not allied to either party, voting for those men and measures which, in his judgment, will be the most beneficial to the community.

JAMES ALFRED ROBERTS.

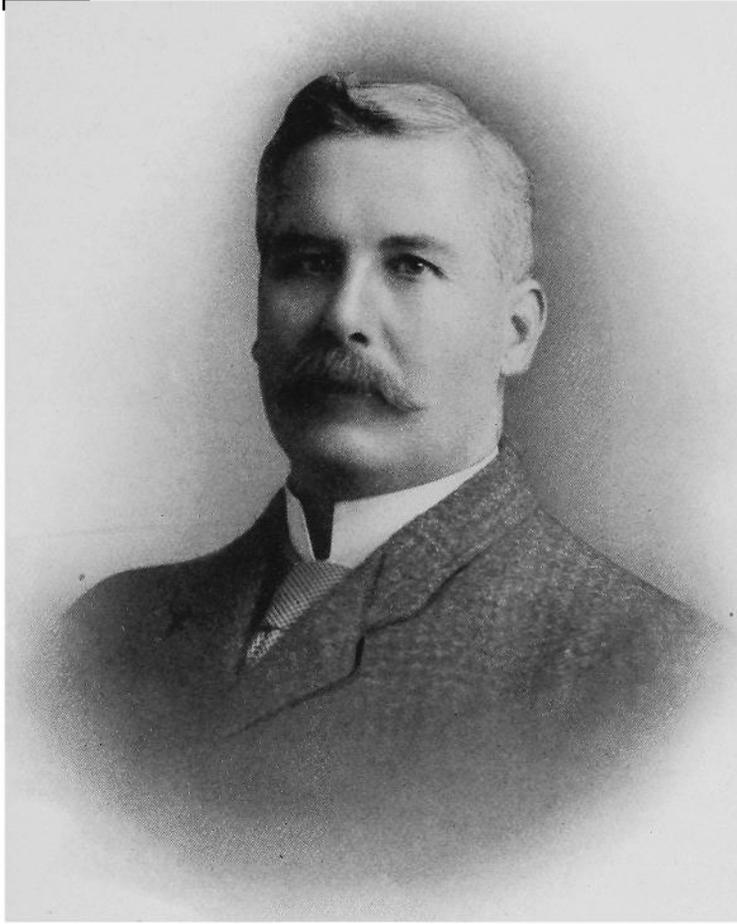
James Alfred Roberts, the subject of this sketch, was born September 27, 1858, in Suffolk, England, and is a son of Henry and Lucretia (Marshall) Roberts, both of whom were also natives of Suffolk, and representatives of old English families.

Mr. Roberts was educated at Oxford, leaving school at the age of eighteen years. In 1881 he came to Canada, and in March of the following year arrived in Manitoba, where he purchased a farm twelve miles southwest of Neepawa, consisting of three-quarters of a section of land, which he operated until 1892, at which time he sold out and moved to Neepawa. After his arrival in that town he was engaged in the agricultural, implement and machinery business with the late William Currie, which occupation was continued up to 1898, and in the following year he engaged in the real estate and financial agency business, which he has carried on successfully up to the present time.

In 1885 Mr. Roberts married Miss Julia Ann Deakin, a daughter of J. B. Deakin, a prominent solicitor at Wolverhampton, England. Mr. Roberts has always taken an active interest in municipal matters.

JAMES WILLIAM PATTISON.

James William Pattison, town clerk of Neepawa, Manitoba, was born on January 7, 1860, at Coventry, Warwickshire, England, and is a son of Charles Hubert and Harriet (Smith) Pattison, both of whom were also



John W. Patterson

natives of Warwickshire and representatives of old families of that district. The father was a ribbon and coach lace manufacturer at Coventry, who emigrated to Canada in 1879 and located near Neepawa, where he took up a homestead upon which he lived until 1894. He then retired, living in Neepawa until his death in the year 1904, Mrs. Pattison dying a year prior to that.

Mr. Pattison was educated at the high school of Coventry, and after coming to Manitoba was engaged in farming with his father until 1889, at which time he entered the general merchandise business. From 1893 to 1898 he served as clerk in the law office of John Wemyss. In 1898 he was appointed clerk of the town of Neepawa, which position he is still filling.

In 1889 Mr. Pattison married Miss Mary S. Mackintosh, a daughter of Captain A. St. Lawrence Mackintosh, of Walkerton, Ontario.

Fraternally Mr. Pattison affiliates with the Masonic order, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and politically gives his support to the Conservative party. Mr. Pattison was one of the first settlers of the old Glendale district.

DANIEL HAMILTON.

Daniel Hamilton, the genial proprietor of the Hamilton Hotel, of Neepawa, Manitoba, was born February 14, 1866, at Stratford, Ontario, and is a son of Matthew and Jane (Lemon) Hamilton, both deceased.

Mr. Hamilton was educated in the public schools of Stratford, and in 1885 came to Manitoba, locating at Neepawa. After working on the farm for one year in the province he went to British Columbia and worked on the Canadian Pacific Railway construction for Mackenzie & Mann, afterwards returning to Neepawa, where he started a butcher business. He continued in this business for three years, afterwards buying out a livery business, in which he continued for nine years, and selling this out engaged in the business of buying and shipping cattle. He is still extensively engaged in this business, and is one of the best known stock men in the province. He has a large ranch at Medicine Hat, on which he runs about three thousand cattle, and also owns a ranch of one thousand nine hundred acres near Neepawa, which is given over to the same purpose.

In 1889 Mr. Hamilton married Miss Nettie Findley, a daughter of James Findley, of Gladstone, Manitoba. They are the parents of five children: Weldon, Roy, Lucelle, Madge and Harold. Fraternaly Mr. Hamilton is affiliated with the Neepawa Lodge, No. 24, A. F. & A. M.

The Hamilton Hotel is one of the most up-to-date establishments in the province. It was erected in 1904 at a cost of fifty thousand dollars, and covers a ground space of ninety-nine by eighty feet, being a three-story and basement brick structure, containing forty-two rooms. Ever since it opened for business Mr. Hamilton has done a large and increasing trade, and to-day it is the popular hotel of western Manitoba.

JAMES W. McCRAE.

One of the best known and most popular business men of Carberry, Manitoba, is Mr. James W. McCrae, the popular implement merchant of this place. He is a native of Huron county, Ontario, born August 4, 1857, and is a son of the late Robert McCrae, who was a native of Scotland, and one of the early settlers of Ontario. Mr. McCrae received his education in the public schools of Huron and Brant counties, Ontario, and in 1878 came to Manitoba, locating one and a half miles from Carberry, where he took up a homestead and continued farming operations until 1882, at which time he went into the implement business, in which he is identified at the present time.

Mr. McCrae built the second house erected in the township and still holds his farming property of six hundred and forty acres, which he conducts in addition to his implement business.

In 1882 Mr. McCrae married Miss Margaret Goggin, a native of Peterboro, Ontario. They are the parents of two children, his daughter being now the wife of A. A. Evans, of Brandon, and Herbert.

Fraternaly Mr. McCrae is affiliated with the Masonic order and is a consistent member of the Presbyterian church. He has always taken an active interest in politics, and is president of the Conservative Association. For seven years he was a member of the council in Carberry and for three years was reeve of the municipality.

NOBLE DICKIE.

One of the most prominent residents of Carberry, Manitoba, and one who is well and favorably known throughout the province is Mr. Noble Dickie, the subject of this sketch. He is a native of Middlesex county, Ontario, and was born March 11, 1854. He is a son of David and Clarissa (McLeod) Dickie, the mother having passed away, but the father is still living near London, Ontario, having retired from agricultural pursuits.

Mr. Dickie received his education in the grammar schools of London, Ontario, which education was further supplemented by courses at the Cobourg Collegiate Institute and at Victoria College. He matriculated at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, and after spending two years in a law office in Exeter, Ontario, he came to Manitoba in 1882 and located at Carberry. He was the first deputy registrar of the district, and at present is clerk of the county court and police magistrate. He has been identified with conveyancing ever since his arrival in Carberry. Mr. Dickie has always taken an active interest in political affairs. He is president of the Conservative Association for the Dominion constituency of Portage la Prairie, and in the early days was secretary-treasurer of the municipality of North Cyprus, while for three years, in 1898, 1899 and 1900, was mayor of Carberry. For several years he was a member of the school board and the cause of education found in him a warm friend. At present he is serving on the town council of Carberry. He is also heavily identified with farming interests, being a part owner in about four thousand acres of the finest land in the district, and all of it is under cultivation at the present time.

In 1884 Mr. Dickie married Miss Agnes Jane Jardine, who up to the time of her marriage was a resident of Portage la Prairie, Manitoba. They are the parents of one child, Francis Joseph.

In fraternal circles Mr. Dickie has also been prominent. He was organizer of the Masonic lodge instituted in the district and was master of the lodge; he is also noble grand of the Western Star Lodge No. 11, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and past master of the Orange Order in Carberry, also holding membership in the Canadian Order of Foresters.

Mr. Dickie's success has been brought about by a keen realization of the

actual advantages possessed by the soil in the immediate locality, and by a close application to business and well directed efforts in all of his dealings. His word is as good as his bond, and no man could stand higher in the estimation of his fellowmen than the subject of this sketch.

GABRIEL B. MURPHY.

Mr. Gabriel B. Murphy, who is heavily interested in the stock business of Manitoba, is a native of Mitchell, Ontario, his birth having occurred on May 18, 1856. He is a son of Gabriel Murphy, one of the early settlers of Ontario, who during his lifetime was engaged in agricultural pursuits.

Mr. Murphy was educated in the public schools of Logan near Mitchell, and on leaving school worked on the Great Western Railway and in March, 1879, came to Manitoba, arriving in Winnipeg on the first train coming to St. Boniface. He at once took up a homestead near Pine Creek, which he farmed for four years, and then when the town of De Winton was located on his property Mr. Murphy owned a town site. He erected a warehouse at that point and also a general store, which he rented, and as a business for himself followed the occupation of a wheat buyer, which he has continued up to the present time. In 1886 he moved to Carberry, and was a grain purchaser for the Ogilvie Milling Company. In 1890 he started in the cattle business, and since that time has devoted himself almost exclusively to this branch of industry. His operations are conducted on a large scale, and in a single year he has shipped over six thousand head of cattle from Manitoba alone. The ranch at Medicine Hat on which are a portion of Mr. Murphy's stock enterprises consists of one thousand two hundred acres, and in addition to that he leases about twenty-seven thousand acres from the government, on which he pastures over two thousand head of stock yearly. A portion of this property is devoted to growing feed, the product being used for his own stock. Mr. Murphy is the owner of a two thousand acre farm near Carberry, of which four hundred acres is under cultivation and the rest in range. He is also the owner of about three thousand acres of land in different parts of Manitoba, of which a large portion is under cultivation and rented. In addition to his stock business he owns and operates three elevators, located at Carberry, Fairview



W. Walker

and Mackenzie, the average capacity of each being about thirty-five thousand bushels. In addition to his varied business interests and in order to more successfully handle his enterprises he has established a large commission business in Winnipeg, trading under the name of G. B. Murphy Company.

In January, 1883, Mr. Murphy married Miss Martha Armstrong, of London, Ontario, and they are the parents of five children, as follows: Arthur, Claire, Bertie, Hilda and Aileen.

Fraternally Mr. Murphy is affiliated with the Canadian Order of Foresters and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. In politics he supports the Conservative party. Both he and Mrs. Murphy hold membership in the Church of England.

WILLIAM WALKER.

One of the pioneers of Carberry, Manitoba, and numbered among its most respected citizens, is Mr. William Walker, the subject of this sketch. He is a native of Ayr, Ontario, and was born March 26, 1850. He is a son of Robert and Hester (Rogers) Walker, who were early settlers of Ontario, where the father prior to his death carried on extensive farming operations.

Mr. Walker was educated in the public schools of Washington and at the high schools of Woodstock and Paris, Ontario. After leaving school he remained on the home farm until starting operations for himself. He came to Manitoba in 1882, and located at Carberry, where for a number of years he was identified in the agricultural implement business, afterwards starting a general business of auctioneering and real estate. For the past eighteen years he has conducted this business, and he is also extensively engaged in farming, owning farms all over the district which are leased on shares.

In 1872 Mr. Walker married Miss Elizabeth Chittendon, a resident of Dumfries, Ontario. Five children have been born of this union: William Herbert, who is married and the father of three children; Maud Winnifred, who is the wife of H. E. Waller, of Carberry; Robert Edward; Mary Josephine, wife of H. L. Cocksedge, of Eagle Butte; and Mona.

Fraternally Mr. Walker is affiliated with the Independent Order of

Odd Fellows and is a member of the Presbyterian church. He has always taken an active interest in political matters, giving his support to the Liberal party. He served as clerk of the county court for two years, was a member of the council for one year and for two years was mayor of Carberry.

JOSEPH AIKENHEAD.

Mr. Joseph Aikenhead, the subject of this sketch, is a native of Huron county, Ontario, and was born December 25, 1857. He is a son of John and Margaret (Ross) Aikenhead, both of whom were early settlers of Huron county, where the father followed farming operations throughout his lifetime.

Mr. Aikenhead was educated in the public schools of Huron county, and was raised on the home farm. After leaving school he worked at home and also at threshing in different parts of the country until 1879, at which time he decided to emigrate to Manitoba. The same year he took up a homestead about twelve miles north of where the town of Carberry now stands. He conducted farming operations for seventeen years, and in 1895 rented his farm and moved into Carberry, where he has since been engaged in the agricultural implement business. He handles the Deering machinery, the American Abell line, the Fairchild Company's lines, the John Deere plough, and also other agencies connected with the implement trade. In addition to the conducting of his implement business he is a director of the Canadian Machinery Company.

In 1884 Mr. Aikenhead married Miss Mary Ross, a native of Huron county, Ontario. They are the parents of five children: Percy A., Laura M., Margaret Jane, Eviline Lilian and John.

Politically Mr. Aikenhead gives his support to the Liberal party, and, while never an office seeker, occupied the position of school trustee for a number of years. Both he and Mrs. Aikenhead are members of the Presbyterian church.

HERBERT A. MANVILLE.

One of the progressive merchants of Carberry, Manitoba, is Mr. Herbert A. Manville, the subject of this sketch. He is a native of London,

England, born in 1868, and is a son of the late Benjamin Manville, also a native of the mother country.

Mr. Manville was educated in Gower Street University School, and after putting aside his text books went into the wholesale cloth and woollen business in London, following this occupation for two years. He then entered into a three years' contract with the Hudson's Bay Company and came to Winnipeg in 1883, and on arrival in Manitoba worked for a time in Winnipeg and subsequently at Manitou, Morden and West Lynn. After the completion of this first contract he made another with the Hudson's Bay Company, and for twelve years was one of their most valued employés. In October, 1895, he located at Carberry, and bought out the present business, which is comprised of clothing, boots and shoes, gents' furnishings and hats.

In 1892 Mr. Manville married Miss Rachel Merrett, a native of Ontario. They are the parents of four children: Fred, Edward, Arthur and Charles, the last two being twins.

Mr. Manville has always taken a deep interest in fraternal circles, being affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Independent Order of Foresters, the Maccabees and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Ever since going to Carberry he has been prominently identified with political affairs, giving his support to the Conservative party. For five years he served as a councillor of Carberry and for one year was mayor of the city. In matters pertaining to the upbuilding of the city he also gives his earnest support, and for one year has served as president of the Board of Trade of Carberry.

WILLIAM A. BANNISTER.

Mr. William A. Bannister, the subject of this sketch, was born in 1875 in New Brunswick, and is a son of the late Henry C. Bannister, who was one of the pioneers of the province and one of its most respected business representatives. Mr. Henry C. Bannister was one of the railroad men of the province, and was one of the first to have charge of track-laying on the Canadian Pacific Railway, having charge of the construction of one hundred miles

of road running out of Winnipeg, one hundred miles to the west. He also filled the position as roadmaster on the southwestern branch. Mr. Bannister left railroading in 1893 and entered the hotel business in Winnipeg. For many years he ran the Walker House, now known as the Windsor House, and died in 1899. He was a man popular with all who knew him, a man of strong opinions and a strong personality. His business reputation was one of the highest and he numbered his friends by the hundreds. His death was felt as a distinct loss by his hosts of friends.

His son, William A. Bannister, was educated in the public schools of Winnipeg and afterwards went into the hotel business with his father, continuing with him until his parent's death and for five years afterwards conducted the house. In 1892 he came to Carberry, where he established the Dufferin Hotel, which he still owns and leases. He afterwards bought out the gents' furnishing, boot and shoe business of W. A. Garland, the present firm being known as Williams and Bannister.

In 1899 Mr. Bannister married Miss Florence Cary, a native of Oak River, Manitoba. They are the parents of three children: Henry, Ethel and Hazel. Politically Mr. Bannister gives his support to the Conservative party, and at present he is serving on the city council of Carberry. He holds membership in the Church of England.

GREGORY BARRETT.

Mr. Gregory Barrett, the leading barrister of Carberry, Manitoba, was born November 23, 1867, at Hamilton, Ontario, and is a son of Edward Barrett, who for many years past has been in the postoffice at Winnipeg.

Mr. Barrett was educated in the public schools of Windsor, Ontario, and coming to Winnipeg in 1882 finished his education in the private schools of that city. He started the study of law with Campbell and Crawford, and was called to the bar in 1888. He at once located in Carberry, and has continued the practice of his profession at this point ever since. In addition to his legal practice he is a director in the Arabian Medicine Company of Carberry, and is also identified with agricultural pursuits, owning a farm of three hundred and twenty acres adjoining the town site of Carberry, which is in a high state of cultivation, and also other farms,

bringing up his holdings to about one thousand acres, the majority of it being under cultivation.

In 1892 Mr. Barrett married Miss Margaret Bloomfield, a native of England. She died in 1900, leaving two children: Francis Gregory, and Dorothy Isabel.

Mr. Barrett is a director of the Carberry Turf Club, and politically gives his support to the Conservative party.

DAVID KERR.

One of the proprietors of the Carberry Stacker Company is Mr. David Kerr, the subject of this sketch. He was born July 19, 1855, in Victoria county, Ontario, and is a son of William Kerr, an old settler of Victoria county, and who has carried on farming operations ever since his arrival in that county, and who is now living there at the ripe old age of eighty-four years.

Mr. Kerr was educated in the public schools of his native county, and afterwards served his time at the carriage making trade in Peterborough, afterwards working as a journeyman in different places in Ontario and also in Rochester, New York. He came to Manitoba in 1879, and after remaining in Winnipeg during the winter months came to Carberry on April 1st of the following year. Here he took up a homestead upon which he conducted farming operations, varying the same by doing carpentering work, and also making pumps for the neighboring settlers. He farmed on this property for seven years with the exception of one year spent in British Columbia, during which time he was occupied with bridge construction for the Canadian Pacific Railway. After his return to Carberry he started a carriage and waggon repairing shop, and conducted that until he went into the manufacture of stackers in 1899. The Carberry Stacker Co. was organized originally as the Jones Stacker Company in 1899, and in March, 1904, re-organized as the Carberry Stacker Company, with Mr. E. Jones as president and Mr. David Kerr as master mechanic. They are the manufacturers of the celebrated Jones Wind Stacker, of which Mr. E. Jones is the patentee.

In 1887 Mr. Kerr married Miss Victoria Alberta Goggin, a resident of Pleasant Point. They are the parents of one girl, Ida May.

Fraternally Mr. Kerr is affiliated with the Maccabees, the Orange Society and the Royal Black Preceptory. In politics he is a Conservative, and both he and Mrs. Kerr are consistent members of the Methodist church.

HENRY EDWIN WALLER.

Mr. Henry Edwin Waller, one of the largest shippers of stocker cattle in the province, was born on July 29, 1868, at Tilsonburg, Ontario, and is a son of Lancelot Waller, who for many years has been identified with the live stock industry in Ontario.

Mr. Waller received his education in the public schools of his native county, which education was further supplemented by a course in the business college in Chatham, Ontario. After leaving school he at once went into the live stock business, and in 1887 came to Manitoba, locating at Carberry. Here he at once engaged in the buying and selling of stock and grain, his operations covering a wide field, he being as before noted one of the largest shippers of stocker cattle in the province. He is also heavily interested in farming operations, owning about three sections of land, the majority being under cultivation, which he rents out to suitable tenants.

In 1891 Mr. Waller married Miss Winnifred Maud Walker, a daughter of William Walker, of Carberry, whose sketch appears upon other pages of this work.

Mr. Waller is affiliated with the Masonic order and gives his support to the Conservative party. He and his wife are members of the Church of England.

RICHARD M. HARRISON.

Richard M. Harrison, manager of the branch of the Bank of Hamilton at Carberry, was born in Quebec on September 11, 1862. He received his education in the public and high schools of his native place, these studies being supplemented by a course in Thom's Commercial College. After finishing his studies he entered the service of the Union Bank in 1881 in Quebec, afterwards being transferred to Montreal, being in the service of the bank at that point for six years.

Mr. Harrison was subsequently transferred to Ottawa, where he was



P. M. Harrison

accountant for the bank for six years, and in 1894 came to Winnipeg, where he served one year in the service of the institution. The following year he came to Carberry in charge of the local branch, remaining with the institution until March, 1905, at which time he resigned to open the Carberry branch for the Bank of Hamilton. The branch was established in March, 1905, in temporary quarters. In addition to his duties as manager of the bank Mr. Harrison with two other gentlemen own about four thousand acres of splendid farming land in the vicinity of Carberry, of which about two thousand acres are under cultivation. He is also a director in the Manitoba Ranching and Grain-growing Company, also being a stockholder in the Arabian Medicine Company. Politically he gives his support to the Conservative party, and holds membership in the Roman Catholic church.

In May, 1892, Mr. Harrison married Miss Julia Cotte, a native of Montreal, and they are the parents of two children: Richard M. and Bernard.

FRANK TAYLOR HALLETT.

Frank Taylor Hallett, proprietor of the Western Hotel of Carberry, was born February 5, 1873, at Axminster, Devonshire, England, and is a son of Charles and Susan (Pike) Hallett, both of whom were also natives of Devonshire, the father following his profession of physician and surgeon in Axminster up to the time of his death, which occurred in 1888.

Mr. Hallett was educated in the public schools of Axminster and came to Ontario in 1892, locating at Guelph. The following year he took a course in the Guelph Agricultural College, after which he came to Manitoba, where he purchased a farm near Oak river, which he conducted for two years, afterwards becoming proprietor of the Oak River House at that place, with which institution he was identified up to 1902. In that year he came to Carberry and purchased the Western Hotel, the leading hotel of that district.

Mr. Hallett in 1899 married Mrs. Ella Vaughan, wife of the late William Vaughan, of Montreal. They are the parents of three children: Monte, Susan and Frank. Fraternally Mr. Hallett is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Independent Order of Foresters.

R. J. GOURLEY.

R. J. Gourley, manager of the branch of the Union Bank of Canada at Carberry, has been actively identified with the banking business since leaving school. His first work in this line was with the R.W. Gibson Company in Butte, Manitoba, remaining in the service of this institution until 1898, at which time he went to Wolseley, North-West Territory, being in the service of a branch at that point. In 1901 the banking firm of Banbury, Gourley and Banbury was organized and succeeded R. W. Gibson at Wolseley. Mr. Gourley withdrew from the firm in January, 1902, and opened a branch for the Union Bank at Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta. He remained there until September of that year, being transferred to Souris to take charge of the branch of the Union Bank at that point.

In March, 1905, Mr. Gourley came to Carberry as manager of the Carberry branch. The bank was originally opened in 1890 in Carberry by J. P. Anderson, of Quebec, who served as its manager for about four years, and he was succeeded by R. M. Harrison, Mr. Gourley succeeding this gentleman in the management of the bank.

In 1902 Mr. Gourley married Miss Bray, of Wolseley, and they are the parents of one child.

FRANCIS E. ARKELL.

Francis E. Arkell, the leading druggist of Carberry, Manitoba, was born August 17, 1864, in Guelph, Ontario, and is a son of James Arkell, who for many years was identified with the milling industry in Ontario. Mr. Arkell received his education in the public and high schools of Elora, afterwards taking a course in the Ontario College of Pharmacy and graduated with honors in 1883. He afterwards studied the drug business with Dr. Henderson in Arthur, Ontario, and served his time with that gentleman, afterwards going into business for himself in Blenheim, county of Kent. For nine years he conducted a drug store at that point, up to 1892, and during that time served as mayor of the town. For one term he was in the council and took an active part in political and civic affairs, being president of the Kent County Conservative Association. In 1896 Mr. Arkell came



A. S. Amundson

to Carberry and established a drug business, which he has continued up to the present time.

In 1892 Mr. Arkell married Miss Adeline Hewitt, a daughter of Henry Hewitt, of Bright, Ontario. Fraternally Mr. Arkell is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and the Knights of Pythias. Both Mr. and Mrs. Arkell hold membership in the Church of England. He has always taken a great interest and a leading part in political matters, both in Ontario and in Manitoba. He served as a member of the school board in Carberry for one term, and was president of the South Brandon Conservative Association for three years, during which time he took a leading part in all matters pertaining to the welfare of his party.

JOSEPH SAMUEL ARMITAGE.

Joseph Samuel Armitage, postmaster of Minnedosa, Manitoba, was born January 1, 1849, in Newmarket, North York, Ontario, and is a son of Job and Hannah (Siddons) Armitage, both of whom were natives of Canada, the father's ancestors coming from Yorkshire, England, in 1735, and settled in Buckingham county, Pennsylvania. He followed the British flag to Canada, the family moving to Hollin, Queen's Bush, Wellington county. Here the father was engaged in agricultural pursuits and later on conducted a milling business in that district.

Mr. Armitage of this review was educated in the common schools of Hollin, and after putting aside his text books learned the milling trade. In 1870 he went to California, but returned in two years and purchased a mill at Port Colbourne, which he conducted until 1879, at which time he came to Manitoba and located at Tanner's Crossing, on the Little Saskatchewan river, now known as Minnedosa. Here he homesteaded three hundred and twenty acres of land, afterwards purchasing a portion of the townsite and making the first survey of Minnedosa, and gave the townsite its present name. Here he engaged in the milling business after building a saw and grist mill, which he operated for two years and sold out in 1882. The following year he was appointed postmaster, which position he is now acceptably filling.

In 1876 Mr. Armitage married Miss Mary Minneta Boyd, a daughter of Thomas and Mary Boyd, of Hanover, Grey county, Ontario. Four children have been born of this union: Mary Adelia, wife of Arthur Key; Harvey Boyd, Minnedosa, who was the first child born in the town; and Herbert Joseph, who is conducting farming operations in the district.

Fraternally Mr. Armitage is affiliated with the Prince of Wales Lodge No. 14, A.F. & A.M. In January, 1883, he was elected warden of the county of Minnedosa, and was also a member of the first board for the Western Judicial district.

DR. WILLIAM JAMES ROCHE.

Dr. William James Roche, M.P., representing the constituency of Marquette, was born November 30, 1859, at Clandeboye, Middlesex county, Ontario, and is a son of William Elliot and Maria Carter (Hodgins) Roche, the father a native of Ireland who came to Canada at the age of seventeen and located near Exeter where he was identified with the business of general merchandising. In 1881 he came to Manitoba and formed a syndicate of four, which syndicate purchased the Jennyn survey of the townsite of Minnedosa. For many years prior to his death, which occurred in 1896, he followed farming pursuits and was one of the best known of the early citizens of the Minnedosa district. He was identified in municipal affairs, and served as a member of the council of Minnedosa, always taking an active part in politics. The mother survived him for four years, dying in 1900.

Mr. Roche of this review was educated in the public schools of Lucan and at the high school of London, Ontario, after which he taught school for two years. In 1879 he entered Trinity Medical College of Toronto, and during the three years he attended this college studied with Dr. C. S. Moore, of London. He was graduated from the Western University of London in March, 1883, with the degree of M.D. In June of that year he came to Minnedosa, taking up the practice of his profession at that point, which he has continued up to the present time, he being the pioneer physician of Minnedosa.

He was defeated in 1892 for the local house for the constituency of

Minnedosa, but at the general elections of 1896 he contested the constituency of Marquette, and was returned a member for the Dominion House. He was re-elected to the Dominion House in 1900 and again in 1904, representing the Conservative interests.

In July, 1884, Dr. Roche married Miss Annie E. Cook, a daughter of William Cook, of Toronto, who for many years was one of the officials of the Grand Trunk Railway. Two children have been born of this union: May and Laurence. Dr. Roche has taken a prominent part in fraternal affairs, being affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and was provincial grand master for one year and grand representative of the province of the Sovereign Grand Lodge for two years.

ARTHUR WELLESLEY SHAW.

Arthur Wellesley Shaw, mayor of the town of Minnedosa, Manitoba, was born February 25, 1856. He was educated in the public schools of Forest, Ontario, after which he learned the trade of a blacksmith. In 1882 he came to Manitoba and located at Minnedosa. For a time he conducted a blacksmith shop, but for the past eighteen years has represented the Massey-Harris Company as representative for this district.

Politically he has always taken an active part, giving his support to the Liberal party. For two years he served as a member of the town council, and in 1904 and 1905 served as mayor of Minnedosa. Fraternally Mr. Shaw is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

WILLIAM AND ROBERT SCOTT.

William Scott, a member of the firm of Scott Brothers, operating a sash and door factory at Minnedosa, Manitoba, was born January 21, 1860, in Denholm, Roxburghshire, Scotland, and is a son of George and Margaret (Riddell) Scott, who were also natives of Scotland. The father followed farming pursuits and came to Canada in 1893, locating in the southern portion of Manitoba, where he continued farming until his death, which occurred in 1904.

William and Robert Scott were educated in the public schools of Denholm, afterwards learning the carpenter trade, and coming to Canada in

1887. They located* in Wingham, Ontario, where they followed their trade until coming to Manitoba. Robert Scott came to Manitoba in 1888 and located first in southern Manitoba, where he farmed for twelve years, after which he came to Minnedosa, and has since been located at that point. In 1895 William Scott came to Manitoba, where he followed his trade and in April, 1897, with his brother Robert, they established a sash and door factory at Minnedosa, in which occupation they have continued up to the present time. The Scott Brothers are manufacturers of sash, doors and all classes of building materials, and are the pioneers in this line of industry in that district.

In 1893 William Scott married Miss Mary Jane Dickson, a daughter of John Dickson, of McKillop, Huron county, Ontario. They are the parents of one son, George. Fraternally Mr. Scott is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Independent Order of Foresters. Politically he gives his support to the Liberal party, but has never sought nor desired public offices. His brother Robert, however, has served as a member of the Minnedosa city council.

In 1893 Robert Scott married Ida May Leary, a daughter of Stephen Leary, of Bridgewater, Nova Scotia. He is also affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In politics he is a Liberal.

ERNEST W. PEARSON.

Ernest W. Pearson, one of the leading barristers of Minnedosa, Manitoba, was born September 2, 1861, in Lancashire, England, and is a son of John and Sarah E. (Greenwood) Pearson, the father a native of Lancashire, England, and the mother of Yorkshire, England. The father was a commission agent in Manchester for several years and came to Manitoba in 1885, locating near Neepawa, where he conducted farming operations until his death, which occurred in 1898.

Mr. Pearson of this review was educated in the public school of Manchester, and at Oxford University, being called to the bar at Inner Temple in 1886. He came to Manitoba in 1888, and was called to the bar in this province in 1891. He at once established a practice in Minnedosa, and has continued up to the present time.

In 1888 Mr. Pearson married Miss Jessie Borland, a daughter of the late Robert Borland, who during his life followed the occupation of farming in Dumfries-shire, Scotland. Mr. and Mrs. Pearson are the parents of three children: Mary Dorothy, John Angus William and Colin Hargraves. Mr. Pearson has always taken an active interest in political matters, giving his support to the Liberal party, and from 1893 to 1900 served as clerk and treasurer of the town of Minnedosa.

JOHN W. BLACK.

John W. Black, of the well-known hardware house of Black Brothers, was born August 10, 1859, in the county of Renfrew, Ontario, and is a son of George Black, who is a native of Scotland, his parents being James and Elizabeth Black, who came to this country with their parents early in the last century. Here the father engaged in the lumbering business, and was reeve of the municipality and warden of Renfrew county. In 1878 he came to Manitoba, the following year locating on a homestead at Minnedosa, where he continued farming pursuits for four years, afterwards engaging in the implement business.

Mr. Black of this review was educated in the public schools of Renfrew county, afterward following farming for an occupation. In 1879 he came to Manitoba and took up a homestead at Franklin, on which he farmed for seven years. In 1886 he came to Minnedosa and for some years was engaged at different occupations. In 1897 he engaged in the hardware business, his brother James joining him in 1902.

In 1882 Mr. Black married Miss Martha Ann Elliot, a daughter of Thomas Elliot, who was an early settler of Manitoba. Mr. Black has served three years as member of the council of Minnedosa, always taking an active part in politics, and giving his support to the Conservative party. He holds membership in the Masonic order and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, also the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

JOHN W. THOMPSON.

Mr. John W. Thompson, one of the pioneers of the Minnedosa district, was born May 31, 1858, near Forest, Lambton county, Ontario, and is a

son of Malcolm and Anne (McLarty) Thompson, the father a farmer who moved to Manitoba in 1878 and located ten miles west of Minnedosa, where he carried on agricultural pursuits until his death, which occurred in 1897.

Mr. Thompson was educated in the public schools of Ravenswood and was raised on the home farm, coming to Manitoba with his parents, where for two years he was engaged in teaching school. From 1882 to 1886 he was identified with the agricultural, implement and machine business, and from 1890 to 1895 conducted a livery business in Minnedosa. Since that time he has devoted most of his attention to the conduct of his farm, which is a splendid property of four hundred and thirty acres adjoining the townsite of Minnedosa. Mr. Thompson is one of the successful men of the community, and is recognized as one of the representative citizens of the district.

In 1881 Mr. Thompson married Miss Annie Smith, a daughter of the Rev. A. Smith, of Minnedosa, who was also one of the early pioneers of the Minnedosa district, coming to that locality in 1878. Mr. and Mrs. Thompson are the parents of one son, William, who is a leading veterinary surgeon of the Minnedosa district, and of one adopted daughter, Edna.

Fraternally Mr. Thompson is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and has always taken an active interest in politics, giving his support to the Liberal party. He has served as councilman of Minnedosa, and in 1900 contested the riding of Marquette for the Dominion House, but was defeated.

JAMES F. REA.

One of the proprietors of the popular Tremont Hotel of Minnedosa, Manitoba, is James F. Rea, the subject of this sketch. He was born September 13, 1858, at Compton, Quebec, and is a son of George and Martha (Bartlett) Rea, both of whom were also natives of Canada, the father by occupation following agricultural pursuits.

Mr. Rea received his education in the public and high schools of Compton, and remained on the home farm until twenty-one years of age, and from that time until coming to Manitoba in 1890 was in the employ of different railroads. For two years after coming to Manitoba, in 1890, he

served as locomotive engineer on the Manitoba & Northwestern Railway, and then engaged in the hotel business in Minnedosa with Duncan McLellan. These two gentlemen operated the Grand Central Hotel until 1904, at which time they erected the Tremont Hotel at a cost of \$45,000, it being to-day one of the most up-to-date and best conducted hotels in western Manitoba. It is a handsome four-story and basement brick structure, covering a ground space of eighty by seventy feet, and containing fifty-two rooms. From the date of the opening of the house it has proved a success, and to-day is one of the most popular hotels in the province.

In 1894 Mr. Rea married Miss Lizzie Stinson, a daughter of William Stinson, of Dauphin, an old settler of that district, where for many years he has conducted farming operations. Mr. and Mrs. Rea are the parents of three children: Clifford, Phylis and Gladys. Fraternaly Mr. Rea is affiliated with the Masonic order.

DUNCAN McLENNAN.

Mr. Duncan McLennan, who in connection with Mr. J. F. Rea, has conducted the Tremont Hotel at Minnedosa, Manitoba, was born on August 31, 1861, in Kincardine, Ontario, and is a son of Donald and Mary (McKan) McLellan, the father a native of Scotland and the mother of Cape Breton, both being early settlers of Bruce county, Ontario, where the father conducted farming operations. Mr. McLennan was educated in the public schools of Kincardine, and during this period assisted in the work on the home farm. After leaving school he followed mining for two years, and in 1881 came to Manitoba, arriving at Winnipeg on the 22nd of August of that year. For two years he worked with a surveying party and then engaged in farming at Portage la Prairie, which occupation was continued until 1891. At that time he came to Minnedosa, where, in partnership with Mr. Rea, he conducted the Grand Central Hotel up to 1904, at which time the partners erected the Tremont Hotel, a description of which appears in the sketch of Mr. Rea given on other pages of this work.

Mr. McLellan is a member of the Portage Lodge No. 3, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Both he and his partner are deservedly popular with the traveling public, their hotel being the headquarters for all the better class of travelers who stop at Minnedosa.

WILLIAM HENRY SOWDEN.

Prominently identified with the upbuilding, growth and general welfare of Souris is Mr. William Henry Sowden, the subject of this sketch. He is a native of Hamilton, East Durham, Ontario, and was born September 20, 1823. He is a son of William and Mary (Musgrave) Sowden, both of whom were natives of England, who came to Canada early in the last century, where the father followed the occupation of a farmer in East Durham.

Mr. Sowden was raised on the home farm and educated in the county schools, following farming until he arrived at the age of twenty-one, at which time he went to Cavan, Durham county, where he was identified with the founding of the town of Millbrook, and was identified with the growth and development of the different institutions of that place. For seventeen years he was a member of the county council, representing the united counties of Northumberland and Durham. He was married there in 1847 to Miss Mary Gove, a daughter of the late Mary, wife of R. C. Smith, of Port Hope. He remained at Millbrook until 1880, at which time he came to Manitoba, locating on Plum Creek, at what is now the town of Souris, and in the following spring brought out a colony of two hundred settlers from Ontario, taking up the townsite consisting of one section of land. Since that time he has been identified with all matters pertaining to the general welfare of the city.

In 1850 Mr. Sowden was again married, to Miss Mary Ashford, a daughter of John Ashford, a United Empire Loyalist and one of the early settlers of Hope township. They are the parents of one son, Frederick, born April 9, 1865.

Frederick Sowden received his education at Trinity College, Port Hope, and came to Manitoba in 1882, since which time he has been identified with the real estate business. He served two years as a member of the council of Souris, and in all matters pertaining to the building up of the city has taken an active part. In 1890 he married Miss Maud Augusta Corbett, a daughter of Brigadier Surgeon Augustus Corbett. They are the parents of five children, as follows: Ballantine, Willie (deceased), Daphne, Eric (deceased) and Jack.



O. M. Swerlen

MAJOR AINSLIE LUNHAM YOUNG.

Major Ainslie Lunham Young, mayor of Souris, Manitoba, and major, commanding B Squadron, Twelfth Manitoba Dragoons, is a native of Bedfordshire, England, and was born August 23, 1868. He is a son of Francis and Charlotte (Mongan) Young, both of whom were natives of county Cork, Ireland. The father was a medical practitioner in Bedfordshire and came to Canada in 1885.

Major Young was educated in the grammar schools of Bedfordshire, and at the age of sixteen came to Manitoba, going direct to Souris in the spring of 1885. Here for a few years he followed farming, and in 1890 engaged in the insurance and real estate business, the following year adding private banking, buying out the business of Young and Van Someren. In addition to this business Major Young owns and operates one thousand one hundred acres of splendid farming land one mile south of Souris, which each year brings him a handsome revenue.

He has always been active in public affairs, and for several years was a member of the council of the municipality of Glenwood, being the reeve of that municipality until the incorporation of Souris in 1903, at which time he was elected first mayor of Souris, and re-elected by acclamation in 1904-1905.

In 1894 Major Young married Miss Mary Isabel Corbett, a daughter of Surgeon-Major A. P. M. Corbett, of the Imperial forces. They are the parents of four children: Cyril, Hilda, Isabel and Dudley. Fraternally Major Young is affiliated with the Masonic order and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Canadian Order of Foresters, also the Loyal Orange Lodge. Major Young is a leading member of the Souris Board of Trade, and he and Mrs. Young both hold membership in the Church of England. In politics the major is a Conservative.

ANTHONY JAMES HUGHES.

Anthony James Hughes, the subject of this sketch, was born on March 8th, 1859, at London, Middlesex county, Ontario. He is a son of Joseph C. and Jane (McAndless) Hughes, both of whom were natives of London town-

ship, their parents being residents of Ireland, Wales and the north of England, who settled in Ontario early in the last century. Mr. Joseph C. Hughes followed agricultural pursuits in Middlesex county up to the year 1903, at which time he moved to Brandon, Manitoba, where he is now living retired from active pursuits.

Mr. Hughes was raised on the home farm and educated in the country schools of London township, remaining at home until 1882, at which time he came to Manitoba, where he subsequently located at Deloraine. In 1890 he came to Souris, where he was identified with the lumber business up to September, 1903, since which time he has been engaged in the furniture and undertaking business.

In 1878 Mr. Hughes married Miss Margaret Haskett Hobbs, a daughter of James Hobbs, of London, Ontario. They are the parents of four children: Margaret Jane, James Wesley, Williard Cooper and Chester Anthony. Mrs. Hughes died in 1886 and in 1894 Mr. Hughes married Miss Maggie Loraine Moffatt, a daughter of George Moffatt, of Souris, one of the old settlers of that district. They are the parents of one daughter, Fairy Irene.

In fraternal circles Mr. Hughes has always taken a leading part. He is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and was a first noble grand of Lodge No. 21 located at Souris, and also with the Independent Order of United Workmen, and with the Loyal Orange Lodge, Diamond Lily of the West, No. 891, and with the Knights of Pythias.

Mr. Hughes gives his support politically to the Conservative party, and has always taken an active interest in local, provincial and Dominion politics. For five years he was reeve of the municipality of Glenwood.

THOMAS LOCKHART.

Thomas Lockhart, who at present occupies the position of police magistrate of Souris, was born near Newtonville in the county of Durham, township of Clark, Ontario, on September 26, 1833, and is a son of Andrew and Anne (Sharpe) Lockhart, both of whom were natives of Monaghan, Ireland. The parents came to Canada in 1825, settling on the place where



Thos Lockhart

the subject of this sketch was born, the father following farming occupations for a living at a place called the Nine Miles Woods in West Durham. Here he cleared a farm from the bush country, and followed this occupation throughout his lifetime.

Mr. Lockhart of this review is the youngest of a family of eight sons, and was educated at the common schools of his native county. He left home at the age of nineteen, and up to 1860 followed farming, and also was engaged in teaching school. The next two years were spent in the employ of the late Thomas Short, of Keene. In 1864 he moved to Fenelon, Victoria county, where he cleared a farm, operating the same until 1875. From that year until 1881 he acted as station agent at Fenelon Falls for the Whitby, Port Perry & Haliburton Railway, which was afterwards absorbed by the Grand Trunk Railway. On January 2, 1882, he started for Manitoba, arriving on the 7th of that month and going direct to Brandon. Here he erected a house, and after living for one year in that city sold out and took up a homestead west of Souris. In 1885 he returned to Brandon, where his family had resided in the meantime, and remained in this city until 1892, at which time he returned to his farm. He was one of the first aldermen of Brandon, being elected in 1882, and in 1884 was appointed assessor of the city of Brandon, and served in the years 1884 and 1885. On June 1, 1897, he was appointed clerk of the county court at Souris, which position he now holds, and in 1899 was appointed police magistrate of Souris, which office he is also filling.

On January 5, 1885, Mr. Lockhart married Miss Ellen Comrie, a daughter of Duncan Comrie, of Otonabee, county of Peterboro, Ontario. Five children have been born of this union, of whom three are living: Andrew Duncan, deceased; Robert James, practicing physician at Hespeler, Ontario; Janet M., wife of George L. Centre, an undertaker, Vancouver, British Columbia; Thomas Albert, who is engaged in grain buying; and William David Edgar, deceased. M. Lockhart is a valued member of the Presbyterian church, and is one of the elders of the St. Paul church, of Brandon, also being an elder of Knox Presbyterian church, of Souris.

DR. THOMAS ALFRED MARTIN HUGHES.

Thomas A. M. Hughes, the oldest practicing physician in Souris, was born November 18, 1868, in London township, Middlesex county, Ontario. He is a son of Joseph C. and Jane (McAndless) Hughes, both of whom were natives of London township, their parents being residents of Ireland, Wales and the north of England, who settled in Ontario early in the last century. Mr. Joseph C. Hughes followed agricultural pursuits in Middlesex county up to the year 1903, at which time he moved to Brandon, Manitoba, where he is now living retired from active pursuits.

Mr. Hughes of this review was raised on the home farm and educated at the public schools of Middlesex county, and at St. Mary's High School. Later on he attended Strathroy Collegiate Institute, and finished his education at the Western University of London, from which institution he was graduated in April, 1892. In the following year he was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in Ontario, and in the same year from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Manitoba. He started the practice of his profession at Souris and since that time has been in active practice at that point.

On January 1, 1896, Dr. Hughes married Miss Josephine Thompson, of Ingersoll, Ontario, a daughter of William Thompson, a retired farmer of Oxford county. They are the parents of one child, Minnie May.

Dr. Hughes is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Ancient Order of United Workmen, the Independent Order of Foresters, holding at one time the position of high physician, and the Loyal Orange Lodge, in which order he is the past grand medical referee. Dr. Hughes was the first past provincial grand preceptor of the Royal Black Knights of Ireland, and it was upon his suggestion that the preceptory was first formed in the west. He has always taken an active interest in the politics of his adopted province, and at the general election of 1896 was instrumental in bringing Dalton McCarthy to the constituency of Brandon and securing his election on the Independent ticket. Dr. Hughes has always been an ardent supporter of national schools.



Wm Herrick

WILLIAM HERRIOT.

William Herriot, the subject of this sketch, was born April 19, 1843, in the shire of Haddington, Scotland, and is a son of James and Janet (Wilson) Herriot, both of whom were also natives of Scotland, where the father followed farming for a livelihood. In 1850 he removed to Canada, settling in Waterloo county, in the town of Galt, and afterwards becoming a mechanic, which trade he followed throughout his lifetime.

Mr. Herriot was educated in the common schools of Galt, and afterwards was apprenticed to the trade of millwright, which occupation he continued in his native province until coming to Manitoba in 1880. After two years spent in Minnedosa he came to Plum Creek, now Souris, and engaged in the flour milling business with George McCullough. This partnership lasted until November, 1903, when Mr. Herriot sold his interests to his partner and is now retired from active pursuits.

He has always taken an active interest in political matters. He was reeve of the municipality of Glenwood for four years, and served as a councillor of the city of Souris for one year, during which time he was chairman of the board of public works.

In 1883 Mr. Herriot married Miss Dora Mihm, a native of Waterloo county, Ontario. They are the parents of six children: Janet, Martha, Alfred, Alexander, Lena and Isabel.

Fraternally Mr. Herriot is affiliated with the Canadian Order of Foresters.

JOSEPH NATION.

Joseph Nation, proprietor of the Crescent Hotel of Souris, was born May 4, 1863, at Morpith, Kent county, Ontario, and is a son of James C. and Eliza (Waring) Nation, both of whom were natives of Canada and early settlers of Kent county, where the father carried on business as a general merchant.

Mr. Nation was educated in the public schools of Morpith, in the London Business College and at the Upper Canada College of Toronto. At the age of eighteen he left school, coming in the same year to Manitoba, where

a year was spent in Winnipeg in the employ of a gents' furnishing store. He subsequently came to Brandon, where he homesteaded a farm near Elkhorn, the next five years being spent at this occupation. In 1887 he returned to Brandon, where he engaged in business with his brother, this partnership continuing until 1894 at which time he came to Souris, where he engaged in the hotel business, and at present is proprietor of the Crescent Hotel. In addition to the conduct of this hotel he carries on extensive farming operations, being the owner of nine hundred and sixty acres of fertile land in the vicinity of Souris.

In 1890 Mr. Nation married Miss Julia M. Wanless, a daughter of John Wanless, of Walkerton, Ontario. They are the parents of six children: James C., Frederick, Marguerite, Jean, Isabel and Dorothy.

Fraternally Mr. Nation is affiliated with the Masonic order and the Knights of Pythias, and politically gives his support to the Conservative party.

WILLIAM GRAY McLAREN.

William Gray McLaren, a prominent merchant of Souris, Manitoba, is a native of Dundas, Ontario, and was born November 17, 1858. He is a son of Thomas and Margaret (Gray) McLaren, both of whom were natives of Scotland and early settlers of Dundas, where the father carried on his trade as a blacksmith.

Mr. McLaren received a limited education at the public schools of Mitchell, Ontario, putting aside his text books at the age of twelve years. In 1888 he came to Manitoba and located at Boissevain, where for four years he was engaged in general merchandise business. In 1892 he moved to Souris and established his present business of general merchandise, in the conduct of which he carries the best stock of goods in the district, consisting of dry goods, boots and shoes, clothing, groceries, furs, etc. In 1901 he erected his present handsome building of two stories with basement and covering a ground space of twenty-seven by one hundred feet. He has a large and steadily increasing business, and by strict attention to business and conscientious business methods, has built for himself an enviable reputation in the community.



W. G. M. Laramie

In 1880 Mr. McLaren married Miss Lottie Williams, a daughter of Rev. John Williams, of Mitchell, Ontario. They are the parents of five children: Laura, deceased; William Glenroy, Eva Elizabeth, Lawrence Hodge and Lottie Gray.

In church and temperance work Mr. McLaren takes a deep interest, holding membership in the Royal Templars Society and the Presbyterian church, he being an elder in the Knox church and superintendent of the Sunday school. In all matters pertaining to the public good he also takes a leading part, at present serving as president of the Souris Board of Trade, as president of the Souris Cottage Hospital, and as president of the Glenwood Agricultural Society. Politically Mr. McLaren gives his support to the Liberal party, and in 1906 is serving as alderman of Souris.

STUART SCOTT.

Stuart Scott, mayor of the town of Morden, Manitoba, was born May 20, 1851, in Roxburghshire, Scotland, and is a son of Charles and Ellen (Oliver) Scott, both of whom were also natives of Roxburghshire, Scotland. The father was a farmer by occupation and moved with his family to Middlesex county, Ontario, in 1866, where he is still living and carrying on farming operations.

Mr. Scott was educated in the common schools of his native place and of Middlesex county, and at the age of twenty left home and came to Manitoba in the spring of 1881, locating at Winnipeg. Here he remained until the spring of 1885, during which time he was occupied with building and carpenter work, and in the latter year came to Morden, where he carried on contracting and building operations until 1891. At that time he entered the furniture and undertaking business, which he has continued successfully up to the present time. For two years he served in the city council of Morden, and in 1904 was elected mayor of the town, representing the Liberal interest, which office he is filling at the present time.

In 1891 Mr. Scott married Miss Annie McIntyre, a sister of D. H. McIntyre, school inspector at Winnipeg. They are the parents of the following children: Charlie, Andrew, Stuart McIntyre, Allan, Harry, Donald and Hugh.

Mr. Scott is a member of Belmont Lodge No. 13, A.F. & A.M., and both he and Mrs. Scott hold membership in the Presbyterian church.

CORBET LOCKE.

Corbet Locke, judge of the county courts for the Southern Judicial District of Manitoba, was born February 9, 1854, in Barrie, county of Simcoe, Ontario, and is a son of Joseph and Mary E. (Clarke) Locke, both of whom were natives of Ireland, the father of county Armagh, and the mother of county Waterford, the father coming to Canada in 1834 and the mother in 1839. For many years the father followed farming in Ontario, but was afterwards identified with mercantile pursuits.

Judge Locke was educated in the Grammar school of Barrie, and on April 17, 1871, was articled to the late Dalton McCarthy, Queen's Counsel at Barrie. He finished his legal education in Edward Blake's office in Toronto, and was called to the bar of Ontario in 1877. After practicing for a time in Hamilton, Ontario, he came to Manitoba in 1881 and located at Nelson. In 1885 he moved to Morden, which had become the county town, where he practised his profession up to November, 1894 (having been commissioned a Queen's Counsel in 1893), at which time he was raised to the county court bench.

In 1894 he was appointed revising officer under the Dominion Franchise Act for the constituency of Selkirk, now known as Lisgar. At that time he resigned his position as president of the Liberal-Conservative Association, which office he had filled since 1881, and during which time he had taken an active interest in political matters.

In 1890 he instigated the plan for the building of a hospital, the expense of which was to be borne entirely by the Free Masons. Belmont Lodge, located at Morden, gave its most energetic support to the undertaking, and through its endeavors and with the assistance of the Masons of Winnipeg and thirty-seven other towns in Manitoba, and to some extent from the east, the Free Masons' Hospital was built and opened for patients on March 11, 1893. It was then presented to the public as a general hospital and has since been maintained by the public, having proved a source of boundless good and being the first institution purely a hospital established

by the Masonic fraternity in the world. The original cost of the hospital was ten thousand five hundred dollars, but many improvements have been since added, and the property is now valued at thirty thousand dollars. The people of Morden and surrounding country subscribed the funds necessary for furnishing the same, and furnished the nucleus to a maintenance fund. Judge Locke has been President of the institution since its inception.

In fraternal matters Judge Locke has always taken an active and a leading part, his membership with the Masonic order dating from 1878, and since that time he has held a number of elective offices, in 1896 being elected Grand Master of Masons under the Grand Register of Manitoba.

On December 19, 1882, Judge Locke married Miss Esther Alice Holland, youngest daughter of the late Richard Holland, a prominent barrister of Oshawa, Ontario. Mrs. Locke died April 30, 1901, leaving four children: Philip Corbet, who since June, 1905, has been practicing his profession as a barrister; Georgina Mary; Charles Joseph Holland, who is engaged in the study of law; and Mary Esther.

Judge Locke is a consistent member of the Church of England.

JAMES RIPPOTH BONNY.

James Rippoth Bonny, the subject of this sketch, was born in June, 1850, in Bredgar, Kent, England, and is a son of James Rippoth and Jane (Pye) Bonny, both of whom were also natives of Kent and representatives of old English families. The father for many years was in the employ of the Great Western Railway Company as a surveyor, which occupation he followed during the latter part of his lifetime.

Mr. Bonny was educated at Chatham, Kent and Heidelberg, Germany, afterwards becoming identified with his father in the surveying work, which occupation was continued until coming to Canada in 1873. He first located at Brooklyn, Ontario, and for the next two seasons studied farming under the Hon. John Dryden, Minister of Agriculture, under the Ross government.

In the spring of 1875 Mr. Bonny came to Manitoba to the Red River settlement in company with his brother Henry, and taking up a homestead at Thornhill was the most westerly settler for several years. Here he

followed farming pursuits for four years, and then opened a general merchandise store, and in 1880 moved to Nelson. He was the first town clerk of Nelson, and was treasurer of the municipality of North Dufferin, also being the first justice of the peace for East Marquette, receiving his commission in 1877. Mr. Bonny's first trial was somewhat unique. It was held on May 2, 1877, in a house near the Mennonite village of Eichenfeld, where he and his brother Harry, who acted as constable, spent the previous night. It was to settle a dispute between half-breeds, and when Mr. Bonny and his brother left for the trial they were followed by the entire male inhabitants of the village. As the witnesses could not speak English the trial was conducted in French and as it progressed Mr. Harry Bonny translated the proceedings to the Mennonite audience in German. It is worthy of note that in those early days the prairies were dotted with men capable of administering justice in such a cosmopolitan style.

In 1885 Mr. Bonny moved to Morden, and for the next few years was engaged in various occupations. In 1890 he was appointed clerk in the land titles office, which office he is holding at the present time.

In 1878 Mr. Bonny married Miss Jean Duncan, a daughter of John Duncan, one of the pioneers of the Morden district. Mrs. Bonny was also a sister of Thomas Duncan, ex-member of parliament for Morden. She died in 1899, and Mr. Bonny was again married, Miss Mary Nicholson becoming his wife. They are the parents of one son, George.

Mr. Bonny has always taken an active interest in agricultural matters and for six years served as secretary and treasurer of the North Dufferin Agricultural Society.

Mr. Bonny has also taken an active part in military affairs. He was a prominent member in the volunteer movement, and in 1867 received a commission in the Thirty-third Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps, being the first volunteer officer to pass through a school of instruction, in which he received five hundred and ninety-six marks out of a possible six hundred.

REV. HUGH JAMIESON BORTHWICK, A.M.

Rev. Hugh J. Borthwick, one of the pioneer missionaries of the province, was born on July 26, 1824, in Midlothian, Scotland, and is a son of

John and Elizabeth (Jamieson) Borthwick, both of whom were likewise natives of Scotland, where the father for many years was parish school-master.

Mr. Borthwick was educated at Cauvians Institution at Dudingstone, Midlothian, Scotland, and also at Edinburgh University. His ecclesiastical studies were pursued at Queen's College, Kingston, Ontario. He came to Canada in 1845 and engaged in teaching school, first at Longueuil, opposite Montreal, afterwards at Indiana, Haldimand county, Ontario, as a tutor in the family of David Thompson, M.P. He afterwards was assistant in Hamilton to the Rev. J. Gamble Geddes, rector of Christ church, subsequently being appointed first principal of the York County Grammar School at Newmarket. Mr. Borthwick was afterwards principal of the Queen's College school at Kingston, and later was engaged in teaching in Frontenac Academy, moving to Ottawa after having been appointed principal of Carlton Senior Grammar School of Ottawa. He served as inspector of schools for the city of Ottawa, afterwards taking up his chosen calling, having been ordained to the ministry of the Presbyterian church, and was engaged in various parts of the Ottawa Valley, especially as missionary to the lumbermen in the backwoods.

In 1876 Mr. Borthwick was appointed by the Home Missionary Committee of the Presbyterian church in Canada to proceed to Manitoba as a missionary. Upon his arrival in Manitoba he was appointed by the Presbytery of Winnipeg to the Pembina Mountain district, where he has since remained engaging in various departments of this work.

In 1848 Mr. Borthwick married Miss Marion Taylor, of Edinburgh, Scotland, a daughter of William Taylor of that city. Six children have been born of this union: John, William, Elizabeth, Mary, Helen and Marion.

MAJOR CHRISTOPHER F. FORREST, R.L.

Major Christopher Forrest, the leading jeweler of Morden, Manitoba, was born December 27, 1845, in Warrenpoint Parish of Clan Alan, county of Down, Ireland, and is a son of Charles and Marrian (Blackader) Forrest, the father a retired gentleman. The family moved to Canada in April,

1852, and located in the village of Saugeen, now Southampton, Bruce county, Ontario.

Major Forrest left home at the age of twelve years, following a seafaring life, and later served as an apprentice as an engraver, after which he learned the jewelry business, which has been his principal occupation since. On May 9, 1875, he came to Manitoba and located at Winnipeg, where he worked for H. S. Donaldson & Brother until 1881, at which time he bought out the institution and conducted a jewelry business under the name of Thompson Brothers & Forrest. In 1884 he purchased the entire business, the Thompson Brothers retiring. This business was continued up to 1888, and from that year to 1889 Major Forrest was not in active business. On the 9th of May of the latter year he came to Morden, where he established the jewelry business in which he has since been engaged.

Shortly after his arrival in Manitoba he joined the Winnipeg Infantry Company under command of Captain G. F. Carruthers, which was the nucleus of the Ninetieth Battalion, Mr. Forrest being senior lieutenant of the same and was gazetted as captain in the Ninetieth Battalion on its formation. He has been closely identified with military matters up to the present time. He served as captain of No. 1 Company of the Ninetieth Battalion through the North-West Rebellion, and on the death of Colonel Kennedy was promoted to the rank of major. He served in the Southampton Rifles during the Fenian disturbance of 1866, for which he was given the medal and clasp. He also has the medal and clasp of the North-West Rebellion.

In fraternal circles Major Forrest takes a leading part, and on February 14, 1885, he became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Free Masons of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

On December 6, 1882, Major Forrest married Miss Jessie Lillie, a daughter of Alexander R. Lillie, a factor of the Hudson's Bay Company. They are the parents of nine children, eight living and one dead: Harriet Lillie, who is a trained nurse and a graduate from the Free Masons' Hospital, Morden, and post graduate of the Presbyterian Training School, Chicago; Ralph Fortescue, Edgeworth, who is identified with the Dominion



John Bryano

Fish Company at Selkirk; Henry Essex, Charles McDermott, Courtney, Robert Blackader, Marrian Jessie, Christopher Neville and John Vincent.

Major Forrest has always taken an active interest in politics, giving his support to the Liberal party. Both he and Mrs. Forrest are members of the Church of England, and are active workers in the church.

JAMES BRYANS.

James Bryans, of Morden, Manitoba, who is now living retired from active pursuits, was born on July 4, 1843, in county of Fermanagh, Ireland, and is a son of John and Prudence (Domey) Bryans, both of whom were likewise natives of Ireland, the family moving to Ontario in 1847 and settling in Lindsay, South Victoria. Here the father followed farming pursuits up to 1872, at which time he retired and is now living in Lindsay at the advanced age of one hundred and two years.

Mr. Bryans was educated in the common schools of the township of Ops, in the old Walker schoolhouse, being raised on the farm and remaining there until twenty-five years of age, at which time he moved to an adjoining farm which his father had purchased for him. He sold this farm in 1880 and moved to Manitoba, arriving in Emerson on April 9, 1881. Here he purchased a farm of four hundred and eighty acres, which he operated until 1901, then moving to Morden, where he has since lived a retired life.

In 1867 Mr. Bryans married Miss Mary Wilson, a daughter of Mathew Wilson, of South Victoria, who was also one of the old settlers of that district. They are the parents of nine children: Margaret, the widow of H. J. Carey; Prudence Victoria, wife of R. G. Argue; John, deceased; Anne, wife of William Washington, now of Nanton, South Alberta; James Wilson; Robert; Mary Jane, wife of E. A. Wilson, of Elgin, Manitoba; Christina and Esther May.

Fraternally Mr. Bryans is affiliated with the Masonic order and the Loyal Orange Legion. He has always taken an active interest in politics, giving his support to the Conservative party, and for the past twenty-four years being a member of the Executive Committee.

COLIN McCORQUODALE.

Colin McCorquodale, the subject of this sketch, was born on November 22, 1846, in the Parish of Craignish, Argyleshire, Scotland, and is a son of Alexander and Jane (McFadden) McCorquodale, both of whom were also natives of the same parish. The family emigrated to Canada in 1854 and settled near Port Stanley, Elgin county, Ontario, later on moving to Bruce county, where the father followed farming pursuits in the township of Greenock, until 1877, at which time he moved to Manitoba, locating on the Pembina Mountains, in the Morden district. For many years he was engaged in agricultural pursuits at this point, but is now retired and lives in Morden. Both parents are still living, the father being eighty-six and the mother eighty-three years of age.

Mr. McCorquodale was educated in the Parish of Craignish, and afterwards at the public schools of Bruce county, these studies being supplemented by a term at the high school at Kincardine. After completing his studies he taught school in Ontario and also in Manitoba for thirteen years, and from 1882 to 1888 was engaged in farming in the Morden district. After his retirement from farming pursuits he was appointed secretary and treasurer for the municipality of Stanley and the town of Morden, which position he has held for the past sixteen years, and for the past twelve years he has been justice and magistrate, also issuer of marriage licenses and commissioner for affidavits in the province.

In 1880 Mr. McCorquodale married Miss Agnes Jane Cook, a daughter of Robert and Margaret Cook, of Guelph, Ontario. Four children have been born of this union: Alexander, George, John and Margaret, the last named deceased.

Fraternally Mr. McCorquodale is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and both he and his wife hold membership in the Presbyterian church.

DONALD JOHN McCUIISH.

One of the prominent citizens of the Province of Manitoba was Donald J. McCuish, the subject of this sketch. He was born on September 16,

1845, in Inverness-shire, Scotland, and was a son of John and Kathleen (Ferguson) McCuish, both of whom were also natives of Inverness, the family moving to Canada, in 1849, locating at Brantford, Ontario, and were among the pioneers of that district, where the father was engaged in business.

Mr. McCuish was educated in the public schools of Brantford, and afterwards was engaged in farming at Parkhill, Middlesex county, up to 1871, when he came to Manitoba, locating near Portage la Prairie. In 1872 he took an active part in guarding the frontier during the Fenian Raid into Canada, but returned east in 1874 and married Miss Flora MacDonald, a daughter of Angus MacDonald, one of the early pioneers of Middlesex county.

Returning to Morden in 1877, Mr. McCuish took a homestead, which he operated until 1890, at which time he sold for the largest sum paid up to that time for a half section in Manitoba, viz.: ten thousand dollars. During his residence there he was identified with the municipal affairs and served as a member of the council for the municipality of Stanley for nine years, and also as a member of the Morden school board for ten years. Mr. McCuish named the Maple School in Morden.

He also took an active interest in agricultural matters, being president and a director of the Morden Agricultural Society for a number of years. Politically he was an active Liberal, and was president of the Liberal Association at Morden for many years, and after his retirement he returned east, where he died at Parkhill, Ontario, in December, 1890, at the age of fifty-five years. Mr. McCuish was also a prominent Mason, and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He instituted the first lodge in southern Manitoba, being the first Worshipful Master of Belmont Lodge No. 9, which was instituted at Nelson.

The members of the family are: Robert George, who is editor and proprietor of the Fort William *Evening Herald*, and previously was editor and proprietor of the Morden *Chronicle* for three and a half years. At present he is president of the Western Canada Press Association, and also served in the Morden council two years up to 1895, when he moved to Fort William. In 1904 Robert George McCuish married Miss Elizabeth Maud

MacFarlane, second daughter of Andrew MacFarlane, superintendent of the William Hamilton Machine Works at Peterboro, Ontario. They are the parents of one son, Donald Emerson. Mr. Robert George McCuish has been identified for many years with the Knights of Pythias, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. For the past seven years he has followed his occupation as a newspaper man, and for three years held the position of sporting editor on the *Winnipeg Tribune*.

The other members of the family are: John, who is in the employ of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway; and Murdock, a farmer near Morden.

BENJAMIN JAMES McCONNELL, M.D.

Benjamin J. McConnell, who has lately retired from the active practice of his profession, was born September 28, 1861, at Point Alexander, North Renfrew county, Ontario, and is a son of Benjamin and Catherine (Melville) McConnell, the mother a native of Glasgow, Scotland, and the father of Canada, whose parents emigrated from Ireland early in the last century. The father was a prominent lumberman in Renfrew county, and took the first raft of square timber down the Ottawa river. He died in 1872, his wife surviving until 1898.

Dr. McConnell of this review was educated in the common and high schools of Pembroke under Robert J. Scott, now inspector of public schools for the Dominion. His medical education was derived at Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario, from which institution he graduated in 1881. He came to Manitoba in the fall of that same year, locating in Nelson, and in 1885 moved to Morden, where he continued in the active practice of his profession until 1902, at which time he retired. During this time he served as provincial coroner for about ten years and is now the oldest physician in southern Manitoba, having a continuous residence here of twenty-five years.

In 1884 Dr. McConnell married Miss Catherine Pollock Fraser, eldest daughter of James H. Fraser, formerly mayor of New Glasgow, Nova Scotia, and afterwards a contractor of section "B" on the Canadian Pacific Railway construction, subsequently settling in Nelson.

Dr. McConnell is affiliated with Belmont Lodge No. 9, A.F. & A.M.

He is a life governor of the Free Mason's Hospital of Morden, is past president of Manitoba College of Physicians and Surgeons, and also past president of the Southern Manitoba Medical Association.

Dr. and Mrs. McConnell hold membership in the Presbyterian church.

JAMES STIRTON.

James Stirton, who at the present time is filling the position of postmaster of Morden, was born on December 9, 1847, near Guelph, Ontario, and is a son of David and Henrietta (McGregor) Stirton, both of whom were natives of Scotland, the father of Forfarshire, and the mother of Perthshire. They were among the early settlers of Ontario, where the father followed farming pursuits and represented the constituency of South Wellington in the Dominion House for twenty years. He also served as postmaster of Guelph for twenty-seven years, and is now living a retired life in that city at the ripe old age of ninety years.

Mr. Stirton of this review was educated in the public schools of the township of Puslinch, near Guelph. After finishing his studies he followed farming pursuits until 1879, at which time he came to Manitoba, locating fifteen miles west of Morden, where he was engaged in farming until 1887. In the latter year he moved to Manitou, where he was engaged in the grain business until 1892, at which time he came to Morden, engaging in the real estate and general financial business up to 1901, when he was appointed postmaster of Morden, which position he is now filling.

In 1869 Mr. Stirton married Miss Maggie Martin, a native of Dumfries, Waterloo county, Ontario. They are the parents of three children: Henrietta, deceased, David and Margaret, deceased. Mrs. Stirton died in 1876, and in 1879 Mr. Stirton married Miss Elizabeth E. Barclay, a daughter of James Barclay, of Guelph, but now living in Blair on the Grand river, Ontario. They are the parents of five children: James B., Robert W., Mary G., Elizabeth and Marjory.

Fraternally Mr. Stirton is affiliated with Belmont Lodge No. 9, A.F. & A.M., and both he and Mrs. Stirton are members of the Presbyterian church.

CHARLES VINEY HELLIWELL.

Mr. Charles Viney Helliwell, the subject of this sketch, was born August 20, 1846, in Hamilton, Ontario, and is a son of Charles Lord and Eliza (Jones) Helliwell, the father a native of Ontario, now residing in Toronto, where he is retired from active pursuits.

Mr. Helliwell was educated in the public schools of Hamilton, and at the Normal School of Montreal. After putting aside his text books he traveled for a mercantile house until 1870, at which time he enlisted in the Quebec Battalion and came with the first Red River expedition under General Wolseley. He arrived at Lower Fort Garry in the fall of 1870, and on the 29th of April, 1871, received his discharge from the service. Mr. Helliwell was also a member of the Victoria Volunteer Rifles of Montreal, and served in 1871 during the Fenian Raid, being stationed at Hemingford, Eastern township.

After leaving the government service Mr. Helliwell took up a home-stead near Maimi, southwestern Manitoba, upon which he conducted farming operations until 1885, at which time he sold out his interests and came to Morden, where he has since lived, acting at the present time as book-keeper for B. Tobias, which position he has filled for seven years. He has also served for several years as secretary of the Morden Agricultural Society.

In 1875 Mr. Helliwell married Miss Isabella Hefford, a native of New Brunswick. Six children have been born of this union: Maud, wife of William Reid, of Winnipeg; Lillian, Charles, Vine and Louis (twins) and Victoria.

Politically Mr. Helliwell gives his support to the Conservative party.

JOHN AARON HOBBS.

Mr. John Aaron Hobbs, of Morden, Manitoba, was born on July 28, 1863, in the township of Walpole, Haldimand county, Ontario, and is a son of Aaron and Sarah (Sherk) Hobbs. The mother was of Pennsylvania Dutch stock, her ancestors being United Empire Loyalists who settled in Canada about 1820. The father was a native of Somersetshire, England,

and emigrated to Canada in 1842, where he carried on farming pursuits in Haldimand county, and later on was a miller. He died in 1896, but the mother is still living.

Mr. Hobbs was educated in the common schools of Haldimand county, leaving home at the age of sixteen, and for the next two years was identified with the drug business. In 1882 he came to Manitoba and located first at Nelson, where he followed the drug business up to 1884, at which time he came to Morden and opened the first drug store of that place for G. W. McLaren, continuing in this business until 1886. In that year he moved to Pilot Mound, where he remained until 1894, when he once more returned to Morden and again engaged in the drug business, which was subsequently sold out, and in 1899 he engaged in the real estate and general financial business, the firm being Ruddell, Pickel & Hobbs.

For three years Mr. Hobbs served as a member of the Morden council. In politics he is a Conservative, being secretary of the Conservative Association of Morden since 1902.

In December, 1887, Mr. Hobbs married Miss Beatrice Steele, a daughter of Mrs. Margaret Steele, of Morden. Four children have been born of this union: Gertrude, Louis, Marjory and Edna.

Fraternally Mr. Hobbs is affiliated with Belmont Lodge, No. 13, A. F. & A. M., and with Nelson Lodge, No. 9, I.O.O.F., being a charter member of this lodge.

JOHN HENRY RUDDELL.

Mr. John Henry Ruddell, M.P.P., representing the electoral division of Morden, was born August 6, 1859, in Nelson township, county of Halton, Ontario, and is a son of George and Christina (Stewart) Ruddell, the father a native of Armagh, Ireland, and the mother of Inverness, Scotland. The parents were early settlers of Halton county, where the father followed his trade as millwright, and later on moved to Huron county, where at the present time he is engaged in farming pursuits.

Mr. Ruddell was educated in the country schools of Halton county and at the high school at Brussels. After finishing his studies he served a time

as an apprentice to the harness trade in Blythe, Ontario, following the same up to 1896. In 1879 he came to Manitoba, and in May of that year located at Nelson, where he engaged in the harness business, which occupation was continued until 1884, moving thence to Morden. Here he again engaged in the harness business, which was continued up to 1896, at which time he disposed of his interests and the firm of Ruddell, Pickel & Hobbs was formed to transact a general real estate, insurance and financial business.

Mr. Ruddell served on the first Nelson council in 1881 and on the first council of Morden in 1894. In 1895 he was elected mayor of Morden, serving three terms. In 1899 he successfully contested the electoral division of Morden, representing the Conservative party under the leadership of Hon. Hugh John Macdonald. He was re-elected in 1903, and at present is holding a seat in the legislature of the province.

In 1881 Mr. Ruddell married Miss Fannie L. Grummett, a daughter of Goddard Grummett, one of the early pioneers of the province. Five children have been born of this union: Gertrude, Harold, Bertha, Vera and Gladis. Mrs. Ruddell died in 1895 and Mr. Ruddell was again married, to Miss Janet Hunt. Both Mr. and Mrs. Ruddell hold membership in the Presbyterian church.

WILMOT FREEMAN MORDEN.

Wilmot Freeman Morden, the subject of this sketch, was born November 3, 1851, in Walkerton, Bruce county, Ontario, and is a son of Alvey and Francis (Hutchinson) Morden, both of whom were natives of Prince Edward county, Ontario, their ancestors being United Empire Loyalists, who followed the British flag into Canada at the conclusion of the Revolutionary war and settled at Bay of Quinte, Ontario. They were among the early settlers of that district and followed farming pursuits, clearing the land from a bush country and putting it into a high state of cultivation. A portion of the family settled in Bruce county in 1849, who were also pioneers of that country, the ancestors emigrating to America from Wales about 1690. The father died in 1891 at the age of seventy-eight, but the mother is still living at the advanced age of eighty-four years.

Mr. Morden was educated in Walkerton public and grammar schools. The family afterwards moved to Manitoba in 1874, leaving Walkerton on May 1st and arriving in Winnipeg on July 12th. Leaving Winnipeg they came via the old Hudson Bay trail and took up a homestead on section 5, township 3, range 5, where now stands the town of Morden, the town being named after our subject's father.

For twenty years Mr. Morden has served as a member of the school board of Morden, up to 1902, acting generally as secretary and treasurer or chairman of the board. He is a Conservative in politics, but has always declined political preferment.

In 1879 Mr. Morden married Miss Elizabeth Burn Borthwick, a daughter of Rev. H. J. Borthwick, a sketch of whom appears on other pages of this work. Four children have been born of this union: Frank Borthwick, Marion, Bessie and Edward. Fraternaly Mr. Morden is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, both he and Mrs. Morden holding membership in the Church of England.

VALENTINE WINKLER.

Mr. Valentine Winkler, M.P.P., representing the electoral division of Rhineland, Manitoba, was born on March 18, 1864, in the county of Grey, Ontario, and is a son of David and Barbara J. (Lang) Winkler, both of whom were natives of Germany, and who came to Ontario with their parents and settled in Waterloo county in 1831, later moving to Grey county, and the town of Newstadt being built on the home farm. They were early pioneers of that section, where the father was engaged in lumbering, flour milling and also operating a woollen mill.

Mr. Winkler of this review was educated in the common schools of Grey county, but left home at the age of fifteen to come to Manitoba in 1879 to join his brother, who had preceded him in 1874 and had located at Emerson. He at once engaged in the lumber business and has been identified with that industry at different points in the province up to the present time. He also owns and farms a splendid property of six hundred and forty acres near Morden. In 1884 he came to Morden and served as first reeve of the municipality of Stanley, holding this position for two

years. In 1892 Mr. Winkler successfully contested the electoral division of Rhineland in the Liberal interests, being re-elected in 1896 and 1899, and at the by-election of 1900 and again in 1902.

In 1886 Mr. Winkler married Miss Josephine Rombough, a daughter of M. B. Rombough, Dominion lands surveyor. They are the parents of four children: Howard W., Hazel F., Ruth W. and Evelyn Josephine.

Fraternally Mr. Winkler is affiliated with the Masonic order and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

HARRY MEIKLE.

Harry Meikle, who is engaged in the general merchandise business, was born February 14, 1857, at Burritts Rapids, Grenville county, Ontario, and is a son of John and Eliza (Barron) Meikle. The father, a native of Glasgow, Scotland, came to Ontario with his parents and settled at La Chute, Quebec, early in the last century, they being pioneers of that district, and the father afterwards carried on the business of general merchandising at Burritts Rapids.

Mr. Meikle was educated at the common and high schools of Smith's Falls, Lanark county, Ontario, afterwards becoming identified in the mercantile business there up to 1881. In this year he came to Manitoba and in the spring of 1882 moved to Nelson, and for a year was in the employ of David McKay, a dealer in general merchandise at that place. The following year he purchased the business from his employer, and in partnership with T. S. Coppinger, came to Morden in the spring of 1886, moving their general merchandise store to the latter place. In 1889 Mr. Meikle purchased his partner's interest in the business and has since continued it, he being the sole proprietor.

In 1891 Mr. Meikle married Miss Charlotte Bruce, a daughter of William Bruce, of Chicago. They are the parents of four children: Bruce, Lila, Edith and Jack.

Fraternally Mr. Meikle is affiliated with the Masonic order, holding membership in Belmont Lodge No. 13, and in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which he is past grand master and past grand representative. Politically he gives his support to the Liberal party, and in 1902 served as mayor of the town of Morden, but has since declined political honors.



George Lawrence

JOHN KENNEDY.

John Kennedy, proprietor of the Arlington Hotel of Morden, Manitoba, is a native of Glengarry county, Ontario; born on August 16, 1867, and is the son of John and Mary (Kennedy) Kennedy, both of whom were also natives of Glengarry county, their ancestors coming from Glengarry, Scotland, and settling in Canada early in the nineteenth century.

Mr. Kennedy was educated in the common schools of his native county and raised on the home farm. In 1881 he came to Manitoba, and for the next few years was engaged in railway construction work and bridge building through the Province of British Columbia and the North-West Territories. In 1892 he engaged in the hotel business at Morden, where he conducted the Commercial House until 1894, afterwards conducting the Manitoba Hotel until 1901, and then erected the Arlington Hotel, which he is operating at the present time. This is a handsome four-story and basement structure, covering a ground space of seventy-five by one hundred feet. In connection with his hotel business he also operates a livery and a wholesale liquor business.

Mr. Kennedy is the owner of a large amount of splendid farming land, and is extensively engaged in agricultural pursuits. He takes an active interest in all matters pertaining to the welfare of the community, and is a leading member of the Morden Board of Trade, also of the Masons' Hospital Board of Management, and for many years has been president of the Morden Turf Club.

GEORGE LAWRENCE.

George Lawrence, M.P.P., representing the constituency of Killarney, Manitoba, was born March 21, 1857, in the county of Ontario, Ontario, and is a son of Noble and Sarah (Lyons) Lawrence, both of whom were natives of Ireland and who emigrated to Canada in the early thirties, settling first in Little York, afterwards at Pickering, Ontario county, where the father followed farming pursuits and is still living at the advanced age of eighty-six years.

Mr. Lawrence was educated in the public schools of Uxbridge and was

raised on the home farm. After finishing his studies he followed farming pursuits up to 1878, in which year he came to Manitoba, and after a year spent in Winnipeg went to Glenora, taking up a homestead at that point. In 1883 he engaged in the agricultural implement business at Glenora, opening a branch for the Massey Manufacturing Company, which occupation was continued for three years. He then opened a branch for this company at Killarney, which institution he represented until July, 1892, when he resigned to contest the constituency of Killarney for the local legislature, representing the Conservative party in opposition to F. M. Young, being defeated by one hundred and fifty-two votes. He again engaged in the agricultural business, this time on his own account, and in December, 1899, again contested the same constituency against the Hon. Mr. Young, this time defeating his opponent by one hundred and forty-three votes and being re-elected in July, 1903. Mr. Lawrence served as councillor in 1883 for the old municipality of Derby, he being elected by acclamation. In 1885 he was elected councillor for the Argyle municipality, and again returned by acclamation in 1886.

In 1904 Mr. Lawrence married Miss Phœbe Coghlan, a daughter of John Coghlan, a prominent tea merchant of Dublin. They are the parents of one son, Desmond George Lloyd.

Fraternally Mr. Lawrence holds membership with the Independent Order of Foresters and the Loyal Orange Legion. For the past two years he has served as president of the Southern Manitoba Agricultural and Arts Association.

ROBERT MONTEITH.

Robert Monteith, who is living a retired life in Killarney, was born in Renfrew county, Ontario, in 1843, and is a son of George and Euphemia (Crawford) Monteith, both of whom were natives of Scotland and among the early settlers of Lanark county. The father was a farmer and subsequently moved to Huron county in 1849. In this county Mr. Robert Monteith followed the trade of a blacksmith for a time, and for eight years prior to coming to Manitoba in 1882 was identified with the woollen trade. Here he located five miles south of Killarney, where he engaged in

farming pursuits until 1895, at which time he moved to Killarney and engaged in the furniture business, which was continued up to 1903, since which time he has been living retired from active pursuits. He was four years councillor and nine years reeve of Turtle Mountain municipality, and was a member of the council for twelve years. He was also the first mayor of Killarney. In 1867 Mr. Monteith married Miss Mary Kilpatrick, a daughter of George Kilpatrick, of York county, who came to Manitoba in 1884 and died in this province.

George Monteith was born May 22, 1868, in Exeter, Huron county, and came to Manitoba with his parents, receiving his education in Manitoba University, from which institution he graduated in 1896 with the degree of B.A. In 1899 he was called to the bar, and in that year settled in Killarney, where he has been in the continuous practice of his profession ever since. In 1900 Mr. Monteith married Miss Mary Kerr, a daughter of Andrew Kerr, of Winnipeg. They are the parents of two children: Barbara and Mary.

Fraternally Mr. Monteith is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and politically gives his support to the Liberal party.

The other members of the family are Robert Ernest, John Herbert, Mary Helen and Euphemia Margaret.

THOMAS JAMES LAWLOR.

Thomas James Lawlor, mayor of Killarney, was born December 12, 1853, in North Sydney, Nova Scotia, and is a son of Daniel and Agnes (Crawford) Lawlor, the mother a native of Glasgow, Scotland, and the father of Nova Scotia, his ancestors being United Empire Loyalists who settled in that province about 1772. The father was a merchant tailor of North Sydney, and followed that occupation throughout his lifetime.

Mr. Lawlor of this review was educated in the public schools of North Sydney, and at Boston Commercial College. At the age of fourteen he left school, and from 1872 to 1876 was engaged in the grocery and hardware business at Dartmouth. He then took a commercial course in a business college, and from 1878 to 1882 was engaged in a general business at North Sydney. In the latter year he came to Manitoba, locating at Pelican Lake,

where he operated a general merchandise establishment, teaming in his supplies via Brandon. From 1883 to 1885 he represented Thibaudeau Brothers as a traveling salesman, covering the entire North-West. In 1886 Mr. Lawlor engaged in the general merchandise business at Killarney, and is the only one who has continued up to the present time, he being the pioneer merchant of Killarney. He served as auditor of the town, and in 1904 was elected mayor.

In 1886 Mr. Lawlor married Miss Sarah Brown, a daughter of G. S. Brown, of North Sydney, Nova Scotia. They are the parents of seven children: George B., James W., Thomas W., Agnes, Jessie, Frances and Leonard.

Fraternally Mr. Lawlor is affiliated with Killarney Lodge No. 50, A.F. & A.M., and with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, also the Canadian Order of Foresters.

Politically he gives his support to the Liberal party. Both he and Mrs. Lawlor are adherents of the Presbyterian church, Mrs. Lawlor being a member of Erskine congregation.

HON. FINLAY McNAUGHTON YOUNG.

Hon. Finlay McNaughton Young was born in 1856 in St. Chrysostom, county of Chateauguay, Quebec, and is a son of Duncan Young of the same place, who was among the early settlers of that part of the province, where he carried on farming and agricultural pursuits. Senator Young was raised on his father's farm and attended the common schools of his native place and of Montreal. Shortly afterwards he came to Manitoba, arriving in 1879, when he immediately began farming operations in the Turtle Mountain district, and has operated on an extensive scale up to the present time. In 1888 he moved to Killarney, taking up his residence there.

He was elected first reeve of Turtle Mountain municipality in 1882. At the general election in 1883 he contested the constituency of Turtle Mountain for the local House, and was returned a member for the Provincial legislature. He was re-elected at each subsequent election until 1899, when he was defeated. During this time he was speaker of the House from 1895 to 1899. On January 30, 1900, he was appointed senator, which posi-

tion he has filled up to the present time, and is a member of the Liberal party.

In 1893 Senator Young married Miss Louisa J. Nicolson, a daughter of Mr. K. Nicolson, of Valleyfield, Quebec.

JAMES MATTHIAS BALDWIN.

James Matthias Baldwin, manager of the branch of the Union Bank of Canada at Killarney, was born on June 29, 1857, in Oxford county, Ontario, and is a son of William and Mary (Johnson) Baldwin, both of whom were natives of England, and who settled in Oxford county in early childhood with their parents, they being pioneers of that section. The father followed the business of a cattle dealer and exporter.

Mr. Baldwin was educated in the public schools of the village of Washington, but left school at the early age of thirteen and went to work in a general store in the village of Bright, afterwards removing to the town of Dundas, where he followed the same occupation for some years. In 1879 he came to Manitoba and located first at Manitou, and in 1882 came to the Pelican lake district, where he was engaged in farming pursuits for eight years. In 1891 he moved to Killarney, and the same year was appointed clerk and treasurer of the Turtle Mountain municipality, which position he now fills, and in 1891 he was also appointed deputy clerk of the county court, holding this position for two years. He resigned the latter position to enter a partnership with George Lawrence, M.P.P. for the district, forming and carrying on a general agricultural implement business until the spring of 1898. In that year Mr. Baldwin opened a private bank, which he conducted until the opening of the branch of the Union Bank of Canada, and, being tendered the appointment of manager of the institution, accepted the same and is now filling that position.

In 1879 Mr. Baldwin married Miss Diana Greene, a daughter of Cyrus and Mary Ann Greene, of Wilmot township, county of Waterloo, Ontario. They are the parents of two children: Edwin N. and William H. Mrs. Baldwin's father was a native of Hespeler, Ontario, and her mother a native of England.

Fraternally Mr. Baldwin is affiliated with Killarney Lodge No. 50,

A.F. & A.M., and with the Killarney Lodge No. 28, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

JOHN WILLIAMS.

Mr. John Williams, a prominent citizen of Killarney, Manitoba, was born on December 15, 1828, at Londonderry, Ireland, and is a son of Joseph and Dorothea (Green) Williams, both of whom were also natives of the old country. The father as his life's occupation followed his business as a watchmaker and jeweler, dying in 1895 at the advanced age of eighty-seven years. The mother of our subject died when he was but three years of age.

Mr. Williams received his education in Foyle College in Londonderry, Ireland, and at the age of sixteen emigrated to Canada, locating at Nicoll, Waterloo county, Ontario, for a short period. He afterwards went to the United States, and after remaining one and a half years in that country accepted a situation as a drug clerk in Brockville, Ontario, also continuing this same line of employment in Hamilton, Ontario. In 1849 he moved to London and established a drug store, which he conducted up to 1877, at which time he came to Manitoba and located on the site of where Killarney now stands. He farmed for a few years in this locality and in 1891 engaged in the drug business, which he continued for two years. He then sold out his business and since that time has devoted his time to real estate and to his personal interests.

Mr. Williams was one of the promoters of the London, Huron & Bruce Railway and for many years was one of its provisional directors. At the present time he owns a beautiful summer resort on Lake Killarney, on which he has erected eight cottages, and on the lake are numerous pleasure boats for the accommodation of visitors. He served as magistrate for several years and has always given his time and attention to matters pertaining to the welfare of the community.

In 1850 Mr. Williams married Miss Cynthia C. McLean, a daughter of Squire McLean, a native of Brockville, Ontario. They are the parents of four children: Joseph, John, Charles E. and Ella. In 1879 Mr. Williams was again married, to Miss Mary Clark, a daughter of William Clark, of

Teeswater, Ontario, and to this union have been born five children: Frank Arthur, Elizabeth Dorothy, Lenore, Walter and Ruth.

Mr. Williams is affiliated with St. John's Lodge, of London, No. 20, A.F. & A.M., and both he and Mrs. Williams hold membership in the Presbyterian church. Politically Mr. Williams gives his support to the Liberal party.

THOMAS H. BUCK.

Mr. Thomas H. Buck, who is engaged in the milling business at Killarney, was born on January 19, 1859, in Hanover, county of Grey, Ontario, and is a son of Abraham and Mary McDowell Buck, the father being a native of Ontario and the mother of Ireland. The father followed farming pursuits up to the time of his death, and Mr. Buck of this review was raised on the home farm. He was educated in the common schools of the county, and at the age of nineteen left home for two years and was engaged in the flour milling industry in Ontario. In 1881 he came to Manitoba, arriving on June 5 of that year. He at once took up a homestead at Boissevain, on which he conducted farming operations until 1890, the two following years being spent in the grain department of the Boissevain Mill. In 1892 he came to Killarney and engaged in the milling business with the Hon. F. M. Young. This mill has a capacity of one hundred barrels of flour per day, and in addition to this he also operates elevators at different points in the locality.

In 1891 Mr. Buck married Miss Jane Myers, a daughter of John Myers, of Hanover, Ontario. They are the parents of one daughter, Beatrice.

Mr. Buck is affiliated with Killarney Lodge No. 50, A.F. & A.M., and the Killarney Lodge No. 28, I.O.O.F. Politically he gives his support to the Liberal party.

ARTHUR GEORGE HAY.

Mr. Arthur George Hay, a prominent barrister of Killarney, was born on December 16, 1862, in Paisley, Bruce county, Ontario, and is a son of Robert and Janet (Fleming) Hay, the father being a native of Scotland

and the mother of Canada. The father followed farming as his life's occupation, and the subject of this sketch was raised on the home farm.

Mr. Hay was educated in the public schools of Bruce county and in St. Catharines Collegiate Institute, afterwards attending Queen's University, of Kingston, from which institution he graduated in 1889 with the degrees of M.A. and B.A. The following year he came to Manitoba, locating at Winnipeg, and the next three years were given to the study of law, being called to the bar of Manitoba in 1893. He at once moved to Killarney and established practice at that point, having been in continuous practice ever since.

In 1894 Mr. Hay married Miss E. V. Robertson, a daughter of David Robertson, a merchant of Kincardine, Ontario, and they are the parents of two children: Lilian R. and William F.

Politically Mr. Hay supports the Liberal party, and in 1905 served as alderman. He is an active member of the Killarney Board of Trade, also holding membership on the High School Building Committee. Both he and Mrs. Hay are members of the Presbyterian church.

JOHN HANNAH.

John Hannah, reeve of the municipality of Turtle Mountain, was born April 25, 1857, in Bruce county, Ontario, and is a son of Richard and Jane (Owens) Hannah, the father a native of Ireland, who emigrated to Canada in 1843, and the mother a native of Ontario, of English descent. The father settled in Bruce county, where he carried on farming pursuits, being one of the pioneers of that section. He is still living at the advanced age of eighty-two years.

Mr. Hannah of this review was educated in the public schools of Owen Sound, and followed farming until coming to Manitoba in 1882. Two years later he took up a homestead near Pelican Lake, upon which he remained until 1897, afterwards purchasing a farm four miles south of Killarney. In 1888 he was appointed councillor in ward four, Riverside municipality, and remained in the council for five years. In December, 1902, he was elected reeve of Turtle Mountain municipality, which position he has held continuously since that time.

In 1887 Mr. Hannah married Miss Kate Grieve, a daughter of William Grieve, of Bruce county, Ontario. They are the parents of five children: Clara, Bertha, Harold Eldon, Kathleen and Lawrence.

Fraternally Mr. Hannah is affiliated with the Loyal Orange order, the Canadian Order of Foresters and the Chosen Friends. He gives his support politically to the Conservative party. Both he and his wife hold membership in the Presbyterian church.

ANDREW E. WILSON.

Andrew E. Wilson, the proprietor of the Leland Hotel, of Killarney, is the eldest son of William and Mary (McCann) Wilson, and was born on May 16, 1876, near Ottawa, Quebec.

Mr. Wilson received his education at the public schools of Brandon, Manitoba, which course was supplemented by studies in the Brandon College. After finishing his education he learned the trade of blacksmithing with his father, afterwards operating a livery barn for a few years. In 1902 he purchased the Leland Hotel of Carnduff, Saskatchewan, and conducted this hotel for one year. In 1903 he came to Killarney and purchased the Leland Hotel of that point. The Leland Hotel is a handsome three-story and basement brick structure containing thirty-six rooms and covering a ground space of eighty by sixty feet. It is one of the popular hotels along the line and is patronized largely by the traveling public and especially the commercial trade.

In 1903 Mr. Wilson married Miss Rose Steinlie, a daughter of Charles Steinlie, of Chicago. They are the parents of one son, William.

WILLIAM J. COWAN.

Mr. William J. Cowan, one of the prominent residents of Killarney, was born on August 12, 1866, in Prince Edward county, Ontario, and is a son of James and Ellen (Wilkins) Cowan, both of whom were natives of Ireland. They emigrated to Canada about 1850 and located in Prince Edward county, Ontario, they being pioneers of that district, where the father followed his trade as a gunsmith.

Mr. Cowan was educated in the public schools of Hillar, Consecon and

Salmont Point, Ontario. In 1882 he came to Wapaka and immediately took up a homestead near there, on which he conducted farming operations until 1890, after which he engaged in the livery business and the buying and selling of horses. Of late years he has given more attention to the breeding of standard bred and thoroughbred horses, also of Clydesdale and Percheron stock. His present barn is a handsome two-story brick building occupying a ground space of sixty-two by one hundred and two feet, erected at a cost of six thousand dollars, and is considered the best barn west of Winnipeg in the province. Mr. Cowan has always taken an active interest in political affairs, and for three terms served as councilman for the municipality of Turtle Mountain and for two years of Killarney.

In 1899 Mr. Cowan married Miss Addie Goldie, a daughter of A. Goldie, of this province, and three children have been born of the union: Ruby Gladys, Sybil and James McIntosh.

Fraternally Mr. Cowan is affiliated with Killarney Lodge No. 50, A.F. & A.M., and the Canadian Order of Foresters. Politically he gives his support to the Conservative party.

JAMES JOHNSON.

Mr. James Johnson, member of the local legislature representing the constituency of Turtle Mountain, was born on November 18, 1855, in Mitchell, Perth county, Ontario, and is a son of John and Martha (Bainbridge) Johnson, both of whom were natives of England and who emigrated to Canada in the early '40s, settling in Perth county. Here the father followed agricultural pursuits until his death, which occurred in 1866, the mother surviving until 1877.

Mr. Johnson was educated in the public and high schools at Mitchell, Ontario, and after finishing his studies was engaged in farming operations until 1882, at which time he came to Manitoba, arriving in March of that year. He at once took up a homestead near Boissevain, where he was engaged until 1893, and then moved to Boissevain. At the present time he owns and farms about two thousand acres of land, which is given over to wheat and general farming. After moving to Boissevain he engaged in the grain and lumber business, which he is also conducting. In addition



James Johnson

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to this Mr. Johnson is conducting a hardware and implement business at Minto. In 1884 Mr. Johnson was elected a member of the council for the municipality of Riverside, subsequently filling good offices up to and including that of reeve. In 1897 he resigned his position as reeve of Boissevain and contested the constituency of Turtle Mountain in the Conservative interests and was elected. In 1899 he was again returned and entered the cabinet of Hon. Hugh John MacDonald as a minister of the government without portfolio. He has been returned at each succeeding election, continuing up to the present time, and during the legislature of 1903 was speaker of the House.

In 1897 Mr. Johnson married Miss Susannah Olver, a daughter of E. Olver, of Perth county, Ontario, who is now living in Killarney, Manitoba. They are the parents of three children: Edwin Thomas, John B. and Olver.

Mr. Johnson holds membership in Doric Lodge No. 36, A.F. & A.M., also being affiliated with the Independent Order of Foresters, and both he and Mrs. Johnson are attendants of the Episcopal church.

ALEXANDER ROBERT WELCH.

Mr. Alexander Robert Welch, the popular mayor of Boissevain, was born on July 15, 1873, at Brechin, Scotland, and is a son of James and Mary (Ingram) Welch, both of whom were natives of Scotland and who emigrated to Canada in 1874, locating in Perth county, Ontario. Here the father carried on his trade of a shoemaker and he is still living in Stratford, Ontario.

Mr. Welch of this review was educated in the public and high schools of Stratford, afterwards learning the shoemaking trade with his father and following the same until 1893, at which time he came to Manitoba and located at Boissevain. Shortly afterwards he engaged in the men's furnishings business, with which he also carries a stock of clothing, shoes, etc. Mr. Welch served as a member of the council from 1899 to 1905, and in the latter year was elected mayor of Boissevain.

In 1896 Mr. Welch married Miss Hester Graham, a daughter of James

Graham, of Minto, Manitoba. They are the parents of three children: James, Mildred and Marjory.

Fraternally Mr. Welch holds membership in Doric Lodge No. 36, A.F. & A.M., and in the Canadian Order of Foresters. Politically he supports the Conservative party, and both he and Mrs. Welch are members of the Presbyterian church.

WILLIAM HALL SALTS.

Mr. William Hall Salts, the efficient postmaster of Boissevain, was born on July 23, 1856, at Westflamora, Bullock's Corners, Wentworth county, Ontario, and is a son of William H. and Mary (Swallow) Salts, the mother a native of England and the father of Leeds county, Ontario. The father of our subject was one of the pioneer stage owners and drivers of Ontario before the railroads were built and operated throughout western Ontario, the family afterwards moving to Huron county.

Mr. Salts was educated in the public and high schools of Goderich, Ontario, after which he was identified with the lumber industry in Ontario up to 1878, coming to Manitoba in that year and arriving in Emerson in February. The following year he took up a homestead west of the old town of Nelsonville and also helped to survey the town site of Nelson. In 1880 he carried freight between Nelsonville and Emerson, this being before the railroad was built and covering a distance of eighty miles. In 1884 he went to Manitou, where he engaged in the hotel business, being the pioneer hotelman of that place. He left there in 1885 and came to Boissevain, and when the tracks of the Canadian Pacific Railway were extended to Deloraine he moved there and built the Revere House, which he operated until 1890. Mr. Salts afterwards returned to Boissevain and for a short time was engaged in the hotel business, also the implement business and was identified with farming pursuits. In 1901 he was appointed postmaster of Boissevain, which position he now fills.

In 1880 Mr. Salts married Miss Jane Coulter, a daughter of William Coulter, of the Province of Quebec, and they are the parents of five children: George Henry, who was the first male child born in Nelsonville; Rosa, William, who was the first child born in Manitou; Nellie and Fred.





Fred L. Schaffner

Mr. Salts is senior warden of Doric Lodge No. 36, A.F. & A.M., also holding membership with Boissevain Lodge No. 17, I.O.O.F., and with the Knights of Pythias. Both he and Mrs. Salts are members of the Church of England.

WILLIAM GORDON.

Mr. William Gordon, clerk of the county court of Boissevain, Manitoba, was born on September 4, 1846, in Goderich, Huron county, Ontario, and is a son of Murdo Cameron and Ann (Burrows) Gordon, the mother being a native of Huntley township, Carlton county, Ontario, and the father of Sutherlandshire, Scotland. The father was one of the early settlers of Huron county, going there about 1829. He followed farming pursuits in Ontario and in 1882 came to Manitoba, where he operated a farm near Minto until his death, which occurred in 1904.

Mr. Gordon of this review was educated in the common schools of Huron county, Ontario, afterwards conducting farming operations in that county until coming to Manitoba, where he located on a farm of three hundred and twenty acres near Boissevain, and from 1892 until 1893 was engaged in agricultural pursuits. In the latter year he was appointed clerk of the county court of Boissevain, which position he is now filling. From 1883 to 1889 Mr. Gordon also served as clerk for the municipality of Riverside, holding this office for seven years.

In 1878 Mr. Gordon married Miss Mary Davidson, a daughter of Hugh Davidson, of Goderich, Ontario. Five children have been born of this union: Roy D. S., Ethel, Norman, William M. and Mabel.

Fraternally Mr. Gordon is affiliated with Doric Lodge No. 36, A.F. & A.M., and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Both he and Mrs. Gordon are members of the Presbyterian church.

FREDERICK LAWRENCE SCHAFFNER, M.D.

Mr. Frederick Lawrence Schaffner, member of the Dominion Parliament representing the constituency of Souris, Manitoba, was born on August 18, 1855, at Williamstown, Annapolis Valley, Nova Scotia, and is a son of

William Caleb and Azubah (Phiney) Schaffner, the father being one of the pioneer farmers of that province and is still living in Annapolis Valley at the advanced age of eighty-nine years.

Mr. Schaffner received his education at Acadia University of Wolfville, Nova Scotia, from which institution he graduated with the degree of B.A. His medical education was received at Trinity University, Toronto, from which institution he graduated in 1888. To further fit himself for the duties of his profession Dr. Schaffner took post graduate courses both in Chicago and New York. He at once came to Manitoba and located at Boissevain, where he has since been in the continuous practice of his profession. Dr. Schaffner has always taken an active interest in political matters and for five years served as a member of the council of Boissevain and for two years as mayor of that place. In 1903 he contested the Souris constituency for the Dominion House and was elected to represent the Conservative interests.

Dr. Schaffner married in 1887 Miss Christina Allen, a daughter of James D. Allen, of Neepawa, Manitoba. They are the parents of two children, both of whom are deceased.

Fraternally Dr. Schaffner is affiliated with Doric Lodge No. 36, A.F. & A.M., being past master of the lodge, and also holding membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and with the Knight of Pythias. Both he and Mrs. Schaffner are members of the Baptist church.

ROBERT JOHN HURT.

Mr. Robert John Hurt, the pioneer grain merchant of Boissevain, Manitoba, is a native of Nottinghamshire, England, and was born on January 21, 1861. He is a son of John and Isabel (Hurt) Hurt, the father being a clergyman of the Church of England, who died when the subject of this sketch was very young.

Mr. Hurt was educated in the public schools of Derbyshire, England, and at the age of fourteen went to sea and followed a seafaring life up to 1881, at which time he came to Manitoba and located at Turtle Mountain City. Here he took up a homestead and is one of the pioneers of that district. In 1882 he built a grist mill at Waubesh, which he operated for

about two years, it being the first mill in that district. In the fall of 1884 he went to Lake Max, where he engaged in the saw-mill business, remaining there for three years, and in 1886 erected the first elevator in Boissevain, in company with T. E. Tetchell. Since that time Mr. Hurt has been actively engaged in the buying and selling of grain and in the operation of the elevator, being the pioneer grain merchant of that district. Since Boissevain has been incorporated Mr. Hurt has been a member of the council with the exception of one year. He gives his support to the Conservative party.

In 1891 Mr. Hurt married Miss Alice M. Shaw, a daughter of Matthew Shaw, of Derbyshire, England. They are the parents of one daughter, Alice Selina.

Fraternally Mr. Hurt is affiliated with Doric Lodge No. 36, A.F. & A.M., and both he and his wife are members of the Church of England.

GILBERT C. SMITH.

Mr. Gilbert C. Smith, secretary-treasurer of the municipality of Morton and the village of Boissevain, was born on May 8, 1847, in Victoria county, Ontario, and is a son of Archibald and Janet (McCorquadale) Smith, both of whom were natives of Scotland and emigrated to Canada in the early part of the last century.

Mr. Smith was educated in the common schools of Victoria county, and from 1870 to 1872 represented a wholesale boot and shoe firm of Montreal as a traveling salesman, and from 1873 to 1880 was engaged in farming pursuits on a splendid farm of five hundred acres near Chatham, Ontario. From 1880 to 1889 he was in the employ of the Deering Harvester Company, of Chicago, and in the latter year came to Manitoba and located at Boissevain, purchasing a farm twelve miles southwest of the town. At the present time he owns and operates nine hundred and sixty acres at that point and also six hundred and forty acres in other sections of the province. Mr. Smith served as a member of the council for the municipality of Morton, and in 1894 was elected secretary-treasurer for the municipality of Morton and the town of Boissevain.

In 1874 Mr. Smith married Miss Christina McCorquadale, a daughter of Duncan McCorquadale, of Woodville, Ontario, her father being a retired

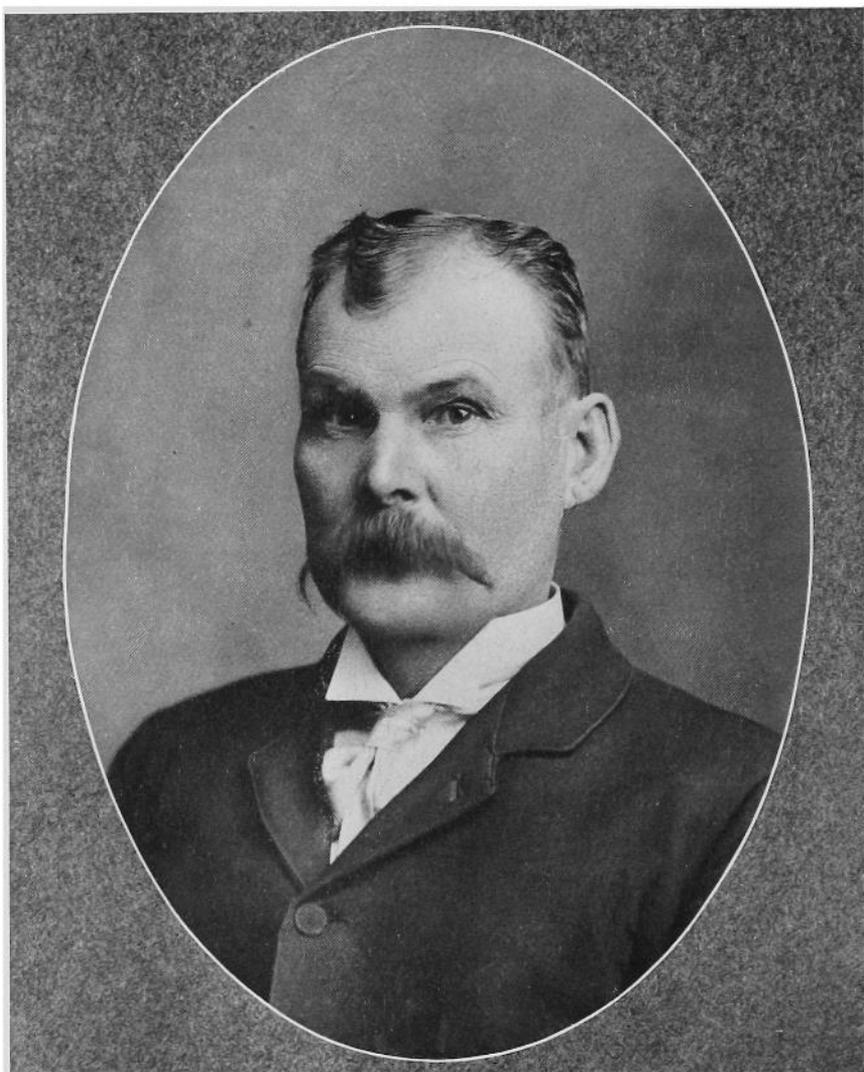
sea captain. They are the parents of six children: Archibald, Hugh Sinclair, Gilbert Clarence, Florence Marian, Mary Janet and Margaret Effie. Mr. Smith is affiliated with Ontario Lodge No. 354, A. F. & A.M., and the Royal Arcanum. He gives his support politically to the Conservative party and both he and Mrs. Smith are members of the Presbyterian church.

JAMES DUNCAN BAINE.

Mr. James Duncan Baine, the pioneer merchant of Boissevain, Manitoba, was born on August 15, 1855, in Toronto, Ontario, and is a son of James and Agnes McBride Baine, both of whom were natives of Glasgow, Scotland. They emigrated to Canada in early days and settled in Toronto, where the father was identified for many years in the Dominion Government service as accountant in the railway and canal department, continuing this occupation up to the time of his death, which occurred in 1888.

Mr. Baine was educated in Thobourn Academy in Ottawa, and in 1870 came to Manitoba with the first Red River expedition under S. J. Dawson in the Dominion civil service, continuing until 1874 as the private secretary to Mr. Dawson. From 1875 to 1887 he was in charge of the transportation of supplies from Fort Frances Loch under the Hon. Hugh Sutherland, and from 1877 to 1879 was in charge of the transportation of supplies from Cross Lake, section fifteen, to Rat Portage, afterwards from Rat Portage to Eagle Lake on section sixteen. From 1870 to 1884 he was also engaged in the transportation of supplies in connection with the construction of the Dawson route of the Canadian Pacific Railway. He came to Boissevain in 1885 and engaged in the general merchandise business, which occupation he has continued up to the present time, being the pioneer merchant of the place. Mr. Baine served as a member of the council of Boissevain and was elected mayor in 1899, but resigned his office after serving a part of that year.

In 1888 Mr. Baine married Miss Florence Emmons, a daughter of Edward Emmons, of Port Arthur, who is engaged in mining enterprises in Ontario. They are the parents of five children: James, Marjory, Lawrie, Nora and Alan. Mr. Baine is affiliated with Doric Lodge No. 36, A.F. &



J. S. Lusk

A.M., and with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Both he and Mrs. Baine hold membership in the Presbyterian church.

JAMES ALBERT WRIGHT.

Mr. James Albert Wright, accountant in the land titles office in Boissevain, was born on November 14, 1857, in Durham county, Ontario, and is a son of Charles and Elizabeth Wright, the father being a native of Yorkshire and the mother of Lincolnshire, England. Both parents emigrated to Canada in the early days and settled in Durham about 1850, where the father followed farming pursuits as his life's occupation.

Mr. Wright was educated in Brussels, Huron county, Ontario, the family having settled there about 1860. After finishing his studies he clerked in a drug store in Durham and at Port Elgin, completing his studies at the Ontario College of Pharmacy, from which institution he graduated in 1882 as a chemist and druggist. In that year he came to Manitoba and after a year spent in the drug business in Manitou embarked in business on his own account in Boissevain, which business he conducted until 1901, at which time he was appointed accountant in the land titles office, which position he is now acceptably filling. In 1890 he was appointed clerk of the municipality of Morton.

In 1887 Mr. Wright married Miss Eliza L. Abbey, a daughter of Henry Abbey, of Durham county, Ontario, and four children have been born of this union: Florence, James, Kathleen Edith and Frederick.

Fraternally Mr. Wright is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias, the Canadian Order of Foresters, and he also holds membership in Doric Lodge No. 36, A.F. & A.M., being past master of the lodge. Politically he gives his support to the Conservative party. Both he and Mrs. Wright hold membership in the Church of England, and for the past ten years Mr. Wright has been warden of the church.

JOHN S. LOCHEAD.

Prominently identified with the lumber interests of Manitoba is Mr. John S. Lochead, the subject of this sketch. He is a native of Lanark

county, township of Darling, Province of Ontario, and was born on April 20, 1853. His parents were William and Jane Stuart Lohead, both of whom were natives of Ontario and of Scotch ancestry, being among the early settlers of Lanark county. Here the father followed agricultural pursuits and is still living on the old homestead in Lanark county.

Mr. Lohead was educated in the common schools in the place of his nativity, and up to the age of seventeen lived on the home farm and followed lumbering up to 1877. In that year he came to Manitoba, arriving in Winnipeg on May 22; he afterwards went to Mackenzie river, where he engaged in trading with the Indians. In 1880 he took up a homestead near Deloraine, upon which he carried on farming operations until 1891, being one of the first settlers in the district. In the latter year he moved to Deloraine, where he engaged in the livery business, which he followed until 1896. After disposing of these interests he entered the general lumbering business, which has been continued up to the present time.

In 1887 Mr. Lohead married Miss Maggie Innes, and two children have been born of this union: Jennie and Annie. Mrs. Lohead died in 1891, and in 1893 Mr. Lohead married Miss Helen Cameron, a daughter of Thomas C. Cameron, of Inverness, Scotland, and they are the parents of four children: Maggie, William, Thomas and John.

Fraternally Mr. Lohead is affiliated with Deloraine Lodge No. 41, A.F. & A.M., and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He supports the Liberal party, and both he and Mrs. Lohead are adherents of the Presbyterian church.

Since his residence in the province Mr. Lohead has seen the wonderful changes made from the early pioneer days to the present time. His trip from Winnipeg to Turtle Mountain via the old Boundary Commission Trail was made under great difficulties. Streams had to be forded and in some instances rafts had to be constructed in order to cross. The journey was made with oxen and carts, taking about thirty days to cover the distance of about two hundred and twenty-five miles. During his early residence on the homestead the difficulties for the early settlers were also many, and Mr. Lohead recalls the time that he had to travel eighty miles

to Clearwater to have certain repairs done to a plough, there being no blacksmith's shop nearer than that point.

JOHN RENTON.

Mr. John Renton, one of the pioneers of the Deloraine district who is now living a retired life in Deloraine, Manitoba, was born on May 14, 1825, in Berwickshire, Scotland, and is a son of John and Mary (Moffat) Renton, the father being a native of Northumberland, and the mother of Berwickshire, Scotland. The father was a miller by occupation and emigrated to Canada in 1834, settling in the Hamilton district, where he took up a farm in the township of Ancaster, in the south riding of Wentworth. Here he carried on agricultural pursuits until his death, which occurred at the age of ninety years.

Mr. Renton of this review was raised on the home farm and received his education in the public schools of the city of Hamilton, Ontario. At the age of twenty-five he started in farming operations on his own account, his first start being made near the old homestead, where he farmed until the fall of 1881. In 1879, however, he had paid a visit to Manitoba and after spending part of the winter there returned to Ontario and brought his family to the province. In March of the following year he located at Turtle Mountain, where he took up a homestead. He was one of the first settlers of this neighborhood, his nearest neighbor being thirty miles distant. Here he continued farming operations until 1893, at which time he moved to Deloraine and is now living a retired life, the farm of one thousand three hundred acres being operated by his son and being devoted to wheat and stock raising.

In 1851 Mr. Renton married Miss Agnes Reid, a daughter of Archibald Reid, a native of Berwickshire, Scotland. Eight children have been born of this union, of whom six are living: John, Archibald, William, Allan, Jane, the wife of James Ashworth, and Alice, the wife of Albert Gage.

Mr. Renton politically gives his support to the Liberal party, and for a number of years served as reeve of the Deloraine municipality. Both he and Mrs. Renton hold membership in the Presbyterian church.

WILLIAM J. C. TOMALIN, M.R.C.S.

Dr. William J. C. Tomalin, the subject of this sketch, was born on January 9, 1858, at Northamptonshire, England, and is a son of William and Elizabeth (Clarkson) Tomalin, who were also natives of the mother county.

Dr. Tomalin was educated at St. Andrew's school in Northamptonshire, and received his medical education at Guy's Hospital, from which institution he was graduated in 1883. He at once started in the practice of his profession and was assistant house surgeon at Leicester, Gravesend, where he practiced before coming to Manitoba in 1899. In February of that year he arrived in Deloraine, and has since been in the continuous practice of his profession at this point. He was one of the board of examiners of the Medical College of Manitoba and has held this position for the years 1898-99-1900.

In 1889 Dr. Tomalin married Miss Elizabeth Wallace, a daughter of Robert Wallace of Beverley, Yorkshire. Both he and Mrs. Tomalin hold membership in the Church of England.

Fraternally the doctor is affiliated with the Masonic order and the Loyal Orange Legion. He has not taken an active part in political matters, but gives his support to the Conservative party, and in 1896 was nominated for the constituency of Deloraine for the local legislature. Of late he has been independent in politics. He is a great student of natural history and a lover of the same. Upon his premises in Deloraine he has a large number of wild fowl of different varieties which have been domesticated, and in all matters which pertain to the study of natural history he takes a deep interest.

JONATHAN LINDSAY.

Mr. Jonathan Lindsay, the popular proprietor of the Palace Hotel of Deloraine, Manitoba, was born on March 28, 1862, near Port Huron, Michigan, and is a son of George and Elizabeth (Hodgins) Lindsay, the father being a native of Canada and the mother of Ireland. The parents



Jonathan Lindsay

moved to Middlesex county, Ontario, where the father carried on farming pursuits.

Mr. Lindsay was educated in the common schools of Biddulph township, Ontario, and in 1882 came to Manitoba, arriving on August 28th of that year. He at once took up a homestead south of Killarney, upon which he conducted farming operations until 1890. He then engaged in the implement and livery business, which occupation was continued up to 1895. In 1892 he had been appointed bailiff for the county court of Killarney, but resigned this position in February, 1899. From 1898 to 1905 he represented the Frost & Wood Company as general agent from Winnipeg to Southern Manitoba, and in 1905 started in the hotel business at Deloraine, he and Mr. R. H. Orr purchasing the Palace Hotel. This is a handsome three-story and basement brick structure, covering a ground space of fifty-two by one hundred feet, and it is the popular hotel of that district.

In February, 1886, Mr. Lindsay married Miss Sarah Jane Sanders, a daughter of John Sanders, one of the pioneer farmers near Killarney. Three children have been born of this union: Harold E., May and Frank.

Fraternally Mr. Lindsay is affiliated with the Killarney Lodge No. 50, A.F. & A.M., and with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Both he and Mrs. Lindsay hold membership in the Church of England.

In addition to the hotel business in which Mr. Lindsay is now engaged he still operates his farm of three hundred and twenty acres at Killarney, which is devoted to wheat growing and general farming, and which yearly returns to him a splendid revenue.

ANDREW EARNEST SLATER.

Mr. Andrew Earnest Slater, the efficient postmaster at Napinka, Manitoba, was born on March 21, 1861, at Dumfries, Waterloo county, Ontario. He is a son of Andrew and Jennett (Common) Slater, both of whom were natives of Scotland, and who emigrated to Canada about the year 1815, where the father during his life time carried on the occupation of a farmer.

Mr. Slater was educated in the public and high schools of Galt, Ontario, after which he taught school for about four years and subsequently, from 1886 to 1889, studied law in Guelph, Ontario. In 1888, while

pursuing his studies of law, he graduated from Trinity University of Toronto, and the following year he came to Manitoba and located at Napinka, where he taught school for two years, being one of the early settlers of that district. He afterwards engaged in farming, in connection with which he carried on a lumber business, and later when the town of Napinka was built up, he retired from his farm and took the principalship of the public school at Napinka, which position he filled for four years. In March, 1901, he was appointed postmaster, which position he is now acceptably filling.

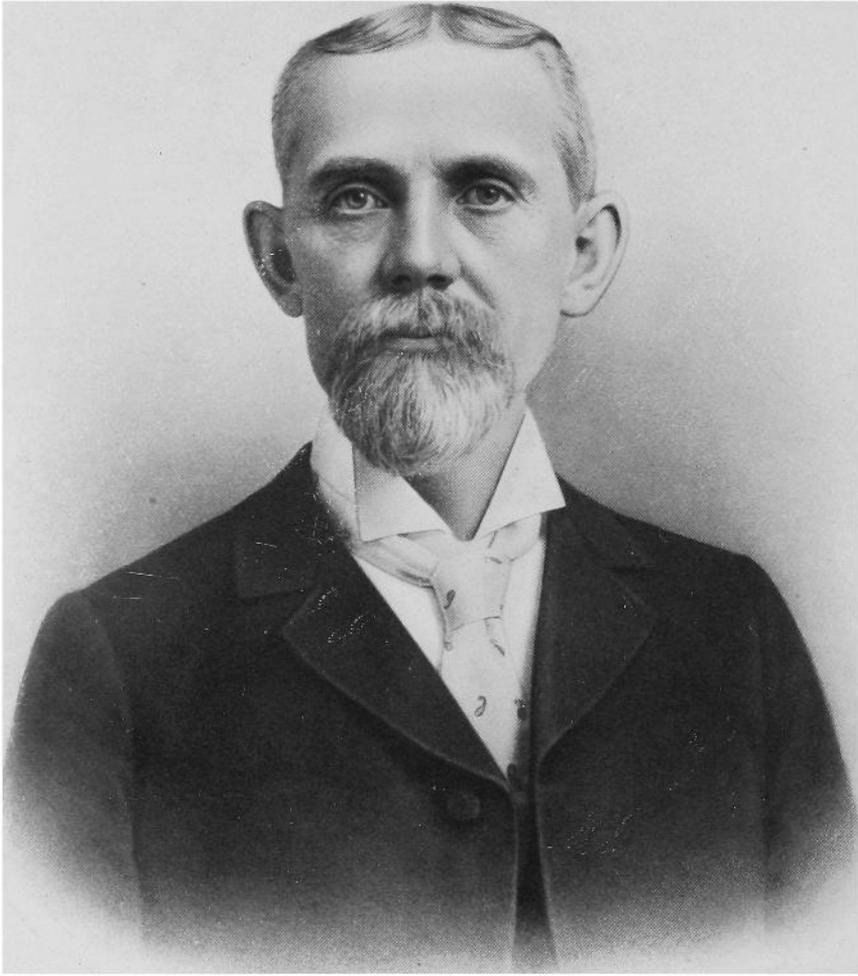
In 1895 Mr. Slater married Miss Annie Oxley, a daughter of T. W. Oxley, now clerk of the county court of Melita. Five children have been born of this union, Leo, Jennett, Mary Linnette, Lorne and Agnes.

Fraternally Mr. Slater is affiliated with the Canadian Order of Foresters, and both he and Mrs. Slater hold membership in the Presbyterian church.

HON. EDWARD BRIGGS.

Hon. Edward Briggs, the subject of this sketch, was born on February 25, 1854, in Bayfield, Huron county, Ontario, and is a son of James E. and Anna Bennett (Hayter) Briggs, the mother being a native of England and the father of Scotch descent. His ancestors were United Empire Loyalists, who settled in Canada about 1776. The father carried on a tannery in Brucefield, Huron county, Ontario, until his death, which occurred in 1883.

Mr. Briggs was educated in the common schools of Huron county and afterwards was identified with the boot and shoe business in that county up to 1882. He then came to Manitoba and took up a homestead two miles south of Hartney, since which time by purchase he has acquired a property six hundred and forty acres, mostly all of which being under cultivation. In all public affairs Mr. Briggs has taken an active interest. For a number of years he served as municipal assessor and was also councilman for the municipality of Cameron. In 1903 he was elected to the local legislature, representing the constituency of Deloraine, and being elected in the Conservative interest.



F. Chapin

In 1877 Mr. Briggs married Miss Ellen Robinson, a daughter of James Robinson, of Stanley, Huron county, Ontario. They are the parents of seven children: William Edward, Joel, Lawrence, Annie Ella, Violet, Beatrice Ethel and Hugh John.

Mr. Briggs has served as president of the Farmers' Institute in 1890, and he has always taken a prominent part in all matters affecting the agricultural interests of the province. He is also president of the North-West Auctioneers' Association. Fraternally he is associated with the Masonic order.

FESTUS CHAPIN.

Prominently identified with the business interests of Hartney, Manitoba, is Mr. Festus Chapin, the subject of this sketch. He was born on September 23, 1848, in Brant county, Ontario, and is a son of Lyman and Matilda Fairchild Chapin, both of whom were natives of Ontario and came of United Empire Loyalist stock, their ancestors being among the early settlers of that province. Here the father carried on agricultural pursuits and was also identified with the lumber and saw-mill business in Brant county, Ontario.

Mr. Chapin of this review was educated in the public schools of Brant county, and followed farming pursuits until coming to Manitoba in 1877, arriving in Winnipeg on the 8th of December of that year. To make this trip he was compelled to drive from Fisher's Landing, North Dakota, the latter part of the distance to Winnipeg being covered by stage. He at once engaged in the sale of agricultural implements, and the following year moved to Portage la Prairie, in which city he continued in the agricultural implement business until 1892, at which time he moved to Hartney, where he has since resided. He has been engaged in the agricultural implement business and also the lumber business, and in 1893 built an elevator, which he is also operating. In addition to his other interests he is the owner of a fine farm of four hundred and eighty acres in the province.

In 1879 Mr. Chapin married Miss Isadorah Houlding, a daughter of William Houlding, of Brant county, Ontario. Four children have been born of this union, as follows: Harry Fairchild, Ruby May, Lilian Pearl

and Florence Birkett. Politically he gives his support to the Liberal party, and fraternally is affiliated with the Independent Order of Foresters. Both he and Mrs. Chapin are valued members of the Baptist church.

JAMES INNES.

Mr. James Innes, the pioneer flour miller of the Hartney district, was born on July 27, 1855, in Banffshire, Scotland, and is a son of David and Jane (Macgregor) Innes, the mother being a native of England and the father of Scotland, his ancestors living on the same farm for over two hundred years.

At the age of thirteen Mr. Innes went to Glasgow, where he learned the miller's trade of John White & Son, Scotston Flour Mills. His educational advantages were derived in the public schools of Keith. Entering the milling business in Glasgow, he continued in that occupation until 1878, and in July of that year emigrated to Canada. Up to 1882 he was identified with the milling business in the United States, and then came to Hamilton, Ontario, and for the next ten years was associated with Morjen Brothers & Company, millers of Ontario. In the summer of 1897 Mr. Innes came to Hartney, Manitoba, where he purchased a mill which he operated under the name of James Innes up to 1903, at which time he formed a joint stock company and was made president and general manager of the same. The mill has a capacity of two hundred barrels of flour per day, and is one of the most modern mills in the province, containing all the latest improved machinery. The institution has been very successful from the start, and among other things that may be mentioned is the receiving of a diploma at the Glasgow International Exhibition in 1901 for the exhibit of flour. In 1900 the gold medal was received at the Paris Exhibition for the best flour exhibited.

In 1898 Mr. Innes married Miss Catherine Creighton, a daughter of Alexander Creighton, of Oxford county, Ontario, and they are the parents of one son, David Alexander. Fraternally Mr. Innes is affiliated with Hartney Lodge No. 52, A.F. & A.M., and the Corinthian Chapter No. 101, of Boissevain. He also holds membership in the Independent Order of

Odd Fellows, and politically gives his support to the Conservative party. Both he and Mrs. Innes hold membership in the Presbyterian church.

JOHN BLAIR.

Mr. John Blair, who at the present time is holding the position of postmaster of Hartney, Manitoba, was born on August 27, 1854, in Carlton county, Ontario, and is a son of William and Elizabeth (McCallum) Blair, the father being a native of Scotland and the mother of Canada.

Mr. Blair was educated in the common schools of Carleton county, Ontario, working on the home farm in the summer time and in the lumber woods during the winter months, a portion of the winter time being devoted to his studies, after which he worked in the lumber woods. In April, 1882, he came to Manitoba, arriving in Brandon on the 18th of May of that year. He at once took up a homestead four miles from where the town of Hartney now stands, and upon this farm was engaged in agricultural pursuits until 1891, at which time he moved to Hartney and engaged in the livery and agricultural implement business. This occupation was continued until 1894, and from the latter year up to 1897 he again followed agricultural pursuits. In 1897 he was appointed postmaster of Hartney, which position he is now acceptably filling at the present time.

In 1895 Mr. Blair married Miss Minnie Stein, a daughter of John Stein, of Lanark county, Ontario. Eight children have been born of this union, as follows: William John, Myrtle, Essie, Florence, Oliver Mowat, Allan Kenneth, Bertha and Isabel.

Fraternally Mr. Blair is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Both he and Mrs. Blair are valued members of the Presbyterian church.

JOHN ARCHIBALD SCOTT.

Prominently identified with the grain interests of Manitoba, Mr. John Archibald Scott, the subject of this sketch, was born August 17, 1860, in county Wentworth, Ontario, and is a son of John and Mary Rutherford Scott, both of whom were likewise natives of Canada. The father is still living, following agricultural pursuits, which has been his life's occupation.

Mr. Scott was educated in the public schools of Wentworth county, during which time he assisted his father in the duties of the home farm, and in 1882 came to Manitoba, locating near Manitou. He homesteaded near Carnduff and operated this farm for five years, being one of the pioneer settlers of that district. From 1888 to 1890 he was located at Manitou, where he engaged in the wheat and grain business, and in the fall of 1890 moved to Hartney. From 1891 to 1897 he was identified with the grain business at Lauder, but returned to Hartney in 1897 and has since remained there, where he is prominently identified with the grain business and also operates several elevators. He has always taken an active interest in political matters, and at present is serving as a councilman for the town of Hartney.

In March, 1894, Mr. Scott married Miss Addie Nelson, a daughter of William Nelson, of Ottawa, Ontario. Five children have been born of this union, as follows: Gordon, Madge, Gladys, Ida and Maud.

Fraternally Mr. Scott is affiliated with the Hartney Lodge, No. 52, A. F. and A. M., and with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He gives his support politically to the Liberal party, and both he and Mrs. Scott hold membership in the Presbyterian church.

WILLIAM EDWARD CRAWFORD.

Mr. William Edward Crawford, the pioneer jeweler of Hartney, Manitoba, was born on November 18, 1865, in Georgetown, Ontario, and is a son of William and Agnes (Hammond) Crawford, the father being a native of Ireland and the mother of Ontario. The parents moved to Manitoba in 1874, taking up a homestead at Shoal Lake, where the father still resides and is engaged in farming and stockraising, being one of the first settlers of that district.

Mr. Crawford was educated in the public schools of Winnipeg, but left school at the age of twelve, and later, in 1885, was apprenticed to the jewelry trade with Major C. F. Forest. After serving his time at this trade he started business for himself at Stonewall, and from 1889 to 1892 conducted an establishment in that place. In the latter year he opened his store in Hartney, which he has continued up to the present time.

In 1888 Mr. Crawford married Miss Harriet Garrioch, a daughter



W. S. Crawford

of William Garrioch, of Kinosota, on Lake Manitoba, who was one of the early pioneers of the province. Four children have been born of this union, as follows: Edgie, Jessie, Lily and Evelyn.

Mr. Crawford has always taken an active interest in public affairs, and for five years has served as a member of the school board. Fraternaly he is affiliated with the Hartney Lodge No. 52, A.F. & A.M., and with the Independent Order of Foresters. Politically he gives his support to the Conservative party, and both he and Mrs. Crawford are consistent members of the Presbyterian church.

JOHN CURTIS CALLANDER.

Mr. John Curtis Callander, one of the pioneer merchants of Hartney, Manitoba, was born July 17, 1875, in Clinton, Ontario, and is a son of Robert and Elizabeth (Stevenson) Callander, both of whom were also natives of Ontario, their ancestors settling in Little York, Ontario, early in the nineteenth century. The father by occupation was a merchant, and conducted a general merchandise establishment in Clinton, Ontario, up to the time of his death, which occurred in 1878. In 1882 the mother with a family of five children came to Manitoba and located at Winnipeg, but shortly afterwards went to Melgand, where they established a homestead and where they are still living on a farm of four hundred and eighty acres devoted to the grain and stock business.

Mr. Callander of this review was educated in Central School of Winnipeg and was raised on the home farm, afterwards attending the Melgand and Hartney public schools. In 1897 he started a general merchandise establishment in Hartney and at the present time is one of the oldest merchants of that locality.

In 1901 Mr. Callander married Miss Mabel Shore, a daughter of Richard Shore, of Hartney. Two children have been born of this union: Bruce and Glen. Mr. Callander is a member of the Hartney Lodge No. 52, A.F. & A.M., and politically gives his support to the Liberal party. Both he and Mrs. Callander are adherents of the Methodist church.

JOHN HENDERSON HAVERSON.

Mr. John Henderson Haverson, the subject of this sketch, was born on December 13, 1854, he being a native of MacDuff, Banffshire, Scotland, and a son of Captain James and Ann (Henderson) Haverson, who were also natives of Scotland. The family emigrated to Canada in 1866 and settled in Derby township, Grey county, Ontario. The father by occupation was a sea captain and followed a seafaring life the greater portion of the time before coming to Manitoba. In 1888 he came to the province, and up to his death, which occurred in 1901, was clerk of the county court at Carman. The family on the father's side were originally Norwegians who settled in Scotland early in the last century.

Mr. Haverson of this review was educated in the public schools of Scotland and in Canada, and until 1882 assisted his father in the duties of the home farm. He then came to Manitoba, locating at Nelson, and started the study of law with Mr. J. B. McLaren. He was called to the bar in Manitoba in 1890, since which time he has been in the continuous practice of his profession, his residence in Carman dating from 1882. From 1884 to 1893 Mr. Haverson served as treasurer of the municipality of Dufferin and is now solicitor for the municipality. From 1902 up to the present time he has been mayor of the city of Carman, being re-elected in 1904 and in 1905.

In 1886 Mr. Haverson married Miss Helen Jane Blain, a daughter of the Rev. William Blain, who is a well-known Presbyterian minister of Tara, Ontario. Three children have been born of this union: Mary, James Blain and Helen Agnes.

In all public matters Mr. Haverson has taken an active and a leading part, his support politically being given to the Liberal party, and in local, provincial and Dominion politics he has been equally prominent. Locally he has served as chairman of the school board and the hospital board. Fraternally he holds membership in the Canadian Order of Foresters and the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and for the past twenty years has been a consistent member of and office bearer in the Presbyterian church.



Samuel McBlain

JOHNSTON WATSON.

Mr. Johnston Watson, the efficient postmaster of Carman, Manitoba, was born on March 16, 1862, at Lisburn, near Belfast, Ireland, and is a son of Thomas and Jane Watson, the father being a civil engineer and holding the position of city engineer of Lisburn for many years, up to the time of his death. The ancestors of Mr. Watson settled in Lisburn at the time of the Battle of Ulster during the reign of James the First and came of English stock.

Mr. Watson was educated in the public schools of Lisburn, also in the School of Technology in Belfast (being medallist and scholar of his final year), and in the Royal College of Science of Dublin. In 1894 he emigrated to Canada, arriving in Winnipeg in July of that year. He taught school in the province up to 1897, and was principal of the Carman school for nine years. In 1897 he received his appointment as postmaster, which position he is now acceptably filling.

On April 4, 1890, Mr. Watson married Miss Elsie Haverson, a daughter of Captain James Haverson. They are the parents of five children: Eric E., Evans G., Annie, Karl K., and Blake H. Mr. Watson holds membership in the Canadian Order of Foresters, and both he and Mrs. Watson are members of the Presbyterian church.

SAMUEL McCLAIN.

Mr. Samuel McClain, the pioneer lumber merchant of the Carman district, was born on February 23, 1862, in Oxford county, Ontario, and is a son of Charles and Elizabeth Gickling McClain, both of whom were natives of England. They emigrated to Ontario with their parents and settled in Woodstock, the father following farming pursuits in Oxford county, Ontario, during his residence in that province. In 1881 he moved with his family to Manitoba, locating at Morden. Here he purchased a farm consisting of four hundred and eighty acres, on which he continued agricultural pursuits up to 1887, subsequently moving into Morden, where he died in 1904, at the age of seventy-six, the mother still surviving and living in Carman.

Mr. McClain of this review was educated in the public schools of Oxford county, Ontario, and on coming to Manitoba with his parents was engaged in farming pursuits in Morden up to the year 1890, at which time he came to Carman and engaged in the lumber, coal and wood business, which occupation he is still conducting, being the pioneer lumber merchant of the district.

In 1887 Mr. McClain married Miss Violet Morrisson, a daughter of James Morrisson, of Bates District, Manitoba. Two children have been born of this union: Earnest Charles James and Margaret Elizabeth. Mr. McClain has always taken an interest in all affairs pertaining to the up-building of Carman, and for two years served as president of the Carman Board of Trade. Fraternally he is a member of the Masonic order and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He gives his support politically to the Conservative party, and both he and Mrs. McClain are consistent members of the Methodist church.

JOHN RICHARD CARTHEW.

John Richard Carthew, the subject of this sketch, was born on June 24, 1863, at Meadowvale, Peel county, Ontario, and is a son of William and Mary (McLennie) Carthew, the father a native of Cornwall, England, and the mother of Ireland. The parents emigrated to Canada when they were young people, and they were among the early settlers of Peel county, where the father followed his trade as a millwright. In 1879 the family moved to Manitoba and homesteaded nine miles east of Carman. Here the father followed farming pursuits until 1889, when he retired from active business and is now living a retired life in Carman.

Mr. Carthew of this review was educated in the public schools of Peel county, Ontario, and coming to Manitoba in 1880 was engaged in farming with his father until 1891, at which time he went to Oregon, but returned in 1894 to Carman, where he opened a general merchandise establishment. This business was continued until 1898, when he was appointed clerk of the municipality of Dufferin, serving until January, 1902. In 1901 he was appointed clerk of the county court, which position he has filled up to the present time.

In 1896 Mr. Carthew married Miss Myrtle Walker, a daughter of William Walker, and three children have been born of this union: Willie, Jessie and Mabel.

Fraternally Mr. Carthew holds membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, also the I.O.O.F. encampment, and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He gives his support politically to the Conservative party, and both he and Mrs. Carthew are adherents of the Methodist church.

ALBORN CHARLES SMITH.

Mr. Alborn Charles Smith, who is familiarly known as Uncle Smith, was born on October 9, 1833, and is a native of Wolfe Island, opposite Kingston, Ontario. He is a son of James and Phoebe (Estes) Smith, both of whom were natives of Canada, the father following the occupation of a lumberman on the St. Lawrence river, and afterwards moved to Haldimand county, Ontario, in 1884, following the same occupation up to the time of his death.

Mr. Smith of this review was educated in the common schools of Haldimand county and after finishing his studies followed the occupation of lumbering with his father and farming up to 1877, at which time he came to Manitoba, locating first at Emerson, where he was engaged in the business of buying and selling horses until 1886. In that year he moved to Morden and in 1895 came to Carman, where he has since resided, and has been engaged in the buying and selling of horses.

In 1857 Mr. Smith married Miss Eliza Holmes, a daughter of William Holmes, of Selkirk, Ontario. They are the parents of six children: Ella, the wife of George Rorbitroy; Minnie, the wife of Perry Finch; James Bernardo; Arabella, the wife of Henry Head; Mabel, and William, who is a veterinary surgeon of Carman, Manitoba.

Fraternally Mr. Smith is affiliated with the Masonic order and politically gives his support to the Liberal party. He has always taken an active interest in local, provincial and Dominion politics, being known in political circles not only in Manitoba, but throughout the territories and in Ontario. In connection with his business interests he has made eighty-six

trips to and from Ontario importing horses and thirty-two trips from Montana and the North-West Territories.

GAVIN McCLURE.

Mr. Gavin McClure, one of the prosperous merchants of Carman, Manitoba, was born on January 4, 1860, in Prince Edward Island, and is a son of David and Margaret (Clow) McClure, both of whom were natives of Scotland and emigrated to Prince Edward Island, settling there about 1830, where the father followed the occupation of a ship builder.

Mr. McClure received his education in the public schools of the place of his nativity and in 1883 came to Manitoba and located in Winnipeg. The following year he moved to Carman, and up to 1903 was engaged in buying grain. In the latter year he purchased the general merchandise store which he has continued up to the present time.

In 1890 Mr. McClure married Miss Esther McCullough, a daughter of Alexander McCullough, who came to Manitoba about 1872 and settled near Carman, where he conducted farming operations and is to-day living on the home farm, being one of the pioneers of that section. Mr. and Mrs. McClure were the parents of two children: Maggie and Ollie. Mrs. McClure died in 1897, and in 1902 Mr. McClure married Jennie McCullough, a sister of his late wife, and they are the parents of one child.

Fraternally Mr. McClure holds membership with the Masonic order. Politically he gives his support to the Conservative party, and since 1900 has been a member of the council of Carman.

FRANK WILLIAMS.

Mr. Frank Williams, one of the oldest citizens in Carman, Manitoba, having resided there some seventeen years, is well known in the city of Winnipeg and southern Manitoba generally. He was born in the city of London, England, on the 16th of February, 1862, of parents who were both natives of the county of Surrey, England. Both of them are now deceased, but of the family there are still surviving two brothers and two sisters, who are yet living in London, England.

Mr. Williams was educated in one of the many first-class private schools in London, England, afterwards taking up the work of an accountant, at



Frank Williams



which he is an expert and which occupation he has followed up to the present time. At the outbreak of the Arabi Pasha revolt in Egypt in 1882 he served with the regular forces up to the fall of Tel-el-Kebir, so consequently has seen active service and holds the service and Egyptian medals for 1882. He afterwards returned to London, England, but emigrated to Canada in 1884, and in that year came to Manitoba and was employed on the construction work on the Canadian Pacific Railway, which he followed for some time until he found work more congenial. After settling in Carman he engaged in bookkeeping and accountant work generally, making a special study of municipal work and municipal auditing, with the result that when Carman was incorporated in the year 1899 he was elected as the charter mayor by a vote of one hundred and ninety-seven against his opponent's vote of thirty-one, his opponent being J. H. Haverson, barrister. The vote was an open one instead of by ballot. In the two following years Mr. Williams was re-elected mayor by acclamation, only relinquishing his office as mayor when he joined the civil service as deputy registrar of the Carman lands titles office in 1902, which position he still holds. Mr. Williams also does a great deal of expert accountant work and is agent for several fire insurance companies, also for life insurance and loan companies, and does a good business in his spare time in this capacity.

In 1896 Mr. Williams married Miss Irene Moodie, a daughter of Alfred Moodie, one of the pioneer residents and farmers in this district. They have one son, Frank Wellington.

Fraternally Mr. Williams belongs to the Sons of England, the Ancient Order of United Workmen, the Woodmen of the World and the Canadian Order of Foresters, in each of which he has held the highest offices. Politically he gives very strong support to the Conservative party, of which he is an active member.

Mrs. Williams is a Presbyterian and Mr. Williams an adherent of the Church of England, but both hold membership in the Baptist church.

HENRY CLARKSON CUNNINGHAM, M.D.

Dr. Henry Clarkson Cunningham, the pioneer physician of Carman, Manitoba, was born on January 25, 1864, in Kingston, Ontario, and is a

son of Henry and Catherine (Anning) Cunningham, the father being a native of Monerham, Ireland, and the mother of Devonshire, England. Both parents settled in Kingston, Ontario, in 1856, where the father followed his business as a stove manufacturer.

Dr. Cunningham was educated in the Kingston Collegiate Institute and received his medical degree from Queen's University, Toronto, from which institution he graduated in 1885. In the spring of that year he came to Manitoba, locating at Carman, and at once established himself in the practice of his profession, which he has continued up to the present time, being the oldest resident physician of Carman.

In 1895 Dr. Cunningham married Miss Alice Meikle, a daughter of Thomas Meikle, of Carman, and they are the parents of three children: Fillis, Dorothy and Kenneth.

Dr. Cunningham takes an active interest in fraternal matters, holding membership in the Masonic order and of which he is past district deputy grand master. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Canadian Order of Foresters. His support politically is given to the Conservative party, and both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church. From 1895 to 1905 Dr. Cunningham has served on the examining board of the medical department of Manitoba University.

ALFRED H. SNELGROVE.

Mr. Alfred H. Snelgrove, prominently identified with the milling interests of Manitoba, was born on November 5, 1870, at Lakefield, Ontario. He was educated in the public schools of Lakefield, Ontario, and afterwards learned the milling business with John Hull of that place. In 1891 he came to Manitoba and located in Winnipeg, where he was engaged in the milling business up to 1897. In that year he came to Carman and purchased a half interest in the mill which had been established in that place, and in 1901 purchased his partner's interests, since which time he has been the sole proprietor of the mill. The mill has a capacity of one hundred and twenty-five barrels of flour per day and is one of the solid institutions of Carman.

In 1891 Mr. Snelgrove married Miss Victoria English, a daughter of

John English, of Lakefield, Ontario. They are the parents of five children: Olive, Hewm, Haidee, Harry and Birdie. Mr. Snelgrove is affiliated with the Masonic order and with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Politically he gives his support to the Liberal party, and both he and Mrs. Snelgrove are consistent members of the Church of England.

GEORGE SEXSMITH.

Mr. George Sexsmith, reeve of the municipality of Dufferin, was born on March 30, 1845, in the township of Tyendinaga, Hastings county, Ontario, and is a son of George and Mary (Smily) Sexsmith, both of whom were natives of Ireland and emigrated to Canada early in the last century, the father being one of the prominent farmers of Hastings county.

Mr. Sexsmith was educated in the public schools in the place of his nativity, and in 1872 came to Manitoba, arriving in Winnipeg on the 7th of June of that year. He at once took up a homestead near Carman and has followed farming pursuits up to the present time, being one of the oldest settlers on Boyne river. He has always taken an active part in political affairs and has served as a councilman for the municipality of Dufferin since its organization in 1894. From 1890 to 1894 he served as reeve and from 1900 up to the present time has also occupied that position. He has also been a member of the school board since the first school board was organized in the district.

In 1875 Mr. Sexsmith married Miss Flora Field, a daughter of Henry Field, one of the early settlers of Manitoba. Mr. and Mrs. Sexsmith are the parents of fifteen children, of whom ten are living: Ellen, Russell, Sarah, Jane, Maggie, Lorry, Flora, Dorothy, Thomas A., Fred F., Colin H., Bert, Nelson, William and John A.

Fraternally Mr. Sexsmith is affiliated with the Masonic order, the Loyal Orange Legion and the Canadian Order of Foresters. Both he and his wife are members of the Church of England.

PETER CAMPBELL.

Mr. Peter Campbell, one of the pioneer farmers of the Carman district, was born in 1844, in Argyleshire, Scotland, and is a son of Robert and Ann

(Orr) Campbell, who are also natives of Scotland and representatives of old families of that country. The father followed farming pursuits during his life time, his death occurring in 1865, and the mother surviving him until 1903.

Mr. Campbell was educated in the public schools of the place of his nativity and in 1866 came to Canada locating in Kent county, Ontario, and five years later, in 1871, came to Manitoba and located at Carman. Mr. Campbell drove over four hundred miles overland to his present place, the trip being one that few pioneers have had the courage to undertake. He at once took up a homestead near Carman and has continued farming operations at that point ever since. In 1903 Mr. Campbell was one of the delegation of fifty sent by the Dominion Government to Scotland to lecture on the resources, growth, etc., of Manitoba. This trip resulted in the emigration of a large number of Scottish people coming to Manitoba and adding a very desirable class of farmers to the population.

In 1872 Mr. Campbell married Miss Elizabeth Allen, a daughter of James Allen, of Glasgow, Scotland. Mrs. Campbell died on November 12, 1904.

Mr. Campbell has always taken an active part in church affairs and is a prominent member of the Presbyterian church. It was through his endeavors in the early days that the first Presbyterian clergyman was brought to his district, this being done through an appeal to the Rev. George Bryce. Mr. Campbell is one of the substantial citizens of his community and is one of the most popular in the entire district.

DUNCAN McDONALD.

Duncan McDonald, mayor of Virden, Manitoba, was born March 17, 1856, on the Island of Skye, Scotland, and is a son of William and Margaret (McCrostie) McDonald, the father a native of Strathspye and the mother of Perthshire, Scotland. For many years the father was manager for Lord Hill and later for Lord Dacer in Ross-shire, Scotland. In 1873 the father moved to Lucknow, Huron county, Ontario, where Mr. McDonald purchased a farm and lived there until 1893, at which time he came to Manitoba and located south of Virden, where his two sons are now carrying

on extensive farming operations, and where he is living retired from active pursuits.

Mr. McDonald of this review was educated in the public schools of Inverness, Scotland, and at Dingwall Academy. He remained on the home farm until 1880, at which time he came to Manitoba where he engaged in the farm and implement business for two years, after which he was associated with Mr. P. D. McKinnon, of Winnipeg, in the operation of a line of supply stores along the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. After construction was finished the partnership was dissolved and Mr. McDonald came to Virden, where he was engaged in the implement business up to 1905, at which time he disposed of his interests and engaged in the real estate and insurance business, the firm trading under the name of McDonald, Simpson & Co.

From 1885 to 1890 Mr. McDonald served as a member of the council of the municipality of Wallace, representing the Virden Ward, this being before Virden was incorporated. From 1897 to 1905 he served as Mayor of Virden, and has always taken an active part in politics, he being a member of the Liberal party.

In 1885 Mr. McDonald married Miss Ina A. English, a daughter of George English, formerly of Brussels, Ontario, but now living a retired life at his home near Virden. Mr. and Mrs. McDonald are the parents of five children: Frederick, who is a clerk in the Union Bank at Virden; Duncan Gordon, Hugh Elmer, Hattie English and Arnold.

Fraternally Mr. McDonald is affiliated with the Independent Order of Oddfellows, the Ancient Order of United Workmen and St. Andrew's Society. In religion the family are Presbyterians.

COLONEL EDWARD ARTHUR CHRISTOPHER HOSMER.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. A. C. Hosmer, president of the Virden Agricultural Society, was born on August 5, 1853, on the Isle of Madeira, and is a son of Rev. Arthur and Ellen (Fagan) Hosmer, the father being a British chaplain at Madeira, and the representative of an old English family.

Colonel Hosmer of this review lived in Madeira up to the age of fourteen years, at which time he returned to England, and was educated at

Blackheath and on the continent. At the age of nineteen he joined the Royal West Kent Regiment and served in South Africa from 1876 to 1885, both as adjutant to the native regiment and then as commandant of the Cape Town Rifles, in which capacity he served through the Transkei, Basuto and Moiroso wars. In 1885 he came to Manitoba and took up a farm of six hundred and forty acres two miles south of Virden, on which he has since carried on farming operations.

Colonel Hosmer organized the Manitoba Dragoons in 1890, of which he is now colonel, and in 1900 served second in command of the Fifth Canadian Mounted Rifles in the South African war.

In 1883 Colonel Hosmer married Miss Louise Juta, a daughter of J. C. Juta, and sister of Sir Henry Juta, attorney-general of Cape Town. Politically Colonel Hosmer gives his support to the Conservative party, and has served as councillor for the municipality of Wallace. At present he holds the position of school trustee, president of the Virden Agricultural Society, and in addition to his other interests is vice-president of the Farmers' Elevator Company.

JAMES FINDLAY FRAME.

James Findlay Frame, the subject of this sketch, was born September 4, 1841, in New York city, and is a son of John and Mary (Findlay) Frame, both of whom were natives of Glasgow, Scotland, who immigrated to Ontario in 1842. Up to that time the father had followed mercantile pursuits, but after coming to Canada purchased a farm near Collingwood, upon which he lived and carried on farming operations up to his death.

Mr. Frame was educated in the common schools of Simcoe county, Ontario, at Williamsville Academy, New York, and at Poughkeepsie, New York. After leaving school he was engaged in the saw-mill business at Glencairn, continuing up to 1876, and during a portion of this time he was manager of the saw-mill. During the Civil war in the United States Mr. Frame served as a private for five months in the Collingwood Company, which was engaged in protecting the border against any possible raid. In 1882 he came to Manitoba, arriving in Winnipeg in February of that year. He shortly afterwards located at Virden, where he formed a partnership

with G. N. Miller, under the firm name of Frame & Miller, and engaged in the business of general hardware and lumber, the firm being one of the pioneers in the hardware business in western Canada.

Mr. Frame has always taken an active interest in politics and has served as councillor for the municipality of Wallace, and also as reeve of that municipality for five years. At the general elections of 1893 he was returned as a member of the local House in the Conservative interests.

In 1888 Mr. Frame married Miss Abbey E. Layton, of Meaford, a daughter of David Layton of that place. They are the parents of two children: Eleanor Mary and William. Fraternally Mr. Frame is affiliated with the Ancient Order of United Workmen and St. Andrew's Society. Both he and his wife hold membership in the Church of Christ.

ADAM EDWARD ROSS.

Adam Edward Ross, provincial constable and license inspector for Manitoba, is a native of Leeds county, Ontario, born March 4, 1866. He is a son of Hugh and Bessie (Wright) Ross, the father a native of Ross-shire, Scotland, and the mother of Dublin, Ireland, both parents being early settlers of Leeds county, where the father followed farming pursuits, and was also occupied in following his trade as a stonemason.

Mr. Ross was educated in the public schools of Smith's Falls, Lanark county, but left school at the age of seventeen and came to Indian Head, North-West Territory, where he took up a farm. Shortly afterwards he was appointed postmaster of Abernethy, which office he filled until 1886. In 1887, after a trip to Ontario, he went to Calgary, where he purchased horses, bringing them to Virden, and, purchasing land, followed farming pursuits until 1889. In this business he was associated with Mr. James Stearns. From 1889 to 1893 he conducted a feed and sales stable at Virden, and from 1893 to 1897 was again interested in farming. In the latter year he was appointed chief of police of Virden, which position he filled until May, 1904, at which time he resigned to accept the office of provincial constable and license inspector of Manitoba, which position he is now acceptably filling. In 1885 Mr. Ross served throughout the Riel rebellion, returning to Abernethy afterwards. In 1902 he was one of the Canadian coron-

ation contingent, being one of the four who represented A Squadron of Virden.

In 1893 Mr. Ross married Miss Sarah Stearns, a daughter of James Stearns, of Lanark county, Ontario. They are the parents of three children: Bessie Jean, Tena May and Hugh John. Mrs. Ross died in October, 1903. Fraternally Mr. Ross is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Ancient Order of United Workmen and the Canadian Order of Foresters.

WILLIAM WELLINGTON JOSLIN.

Prominently identified with the business, political and military life of the province is Mr. William Wellington Joslin, the subject of this sketch. He was born July 7, 1863, at Clinton, Huron county, Ontario, and is a son of John and Sarah (Cooper) Joslin, the father a native of England and the mother of Ireland, both parents being early settlers of Huron county. The father kept a hotel at Clinton, following this occupation until 1878, and in 1882 came to Manitoba, locating at Virden, where he engaged in farming. He was reeve of the municipality of Wallace for many years, and also member of the council of Virden. At present he is living a retired life in Virden.

Mr. Joslin of this review was educated in the public schools of Clinton and came to Manitoba in December, 1881. He remained in Winnipeg until the spring of 1882, and then went to Flat Creek on the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and when his father came in 1882 to join him they each homesteaded farms north of Virden, which they operated until 1885. Mr. Joslin then moved to Virden, and for five years was engaged in the implement business in that city. From 1890 to 1892 he represented the Pateson Implement Manufacturing Company, and from 1892 to 1897 was engaged in the draying and cartage business. The next five years he spent as the representative of R. E. Trumbell, a wholesale liquor dealer of Virden, and in 1902 purchased his employer's interests and is now engaged in the business of wholesale wines, liquors, cigars, etc., it being the only wholesale establishment in the province west of Brandon.

In June, 1880, Mr. Joslin joined the Thirty-third Battalion of Ontario

Infantry, and in the spring of 1885 joined the Home Guard and served throughout the rebellion, and later with the Ninety-first Volunteer Infantry. On the 21st of March, 1890, the company withdrew from the Ninety-first Regiment and formed into a troop called the Manitoba Dragoons under Captain Rutledge. Here Mr. Joslin served as sergeant for two years, after that being sergeant-major. In 1897 he was one of the contingent from Canada to the Queen's Jubilee, and was chosen as a western representative of the Queen's Escort, being the only one of this escort to represent Manitoba. In 1901 he was gazetted lieutenant in the Manitoba Mounted Rifles and served in this capacity for one year.

In 1890 Mr. Joslin married Miss Mary Hill, a daughter of Thomas Hill, of Lenore, Manitoba, one of the pioneer farmers of the province. Four children have been born of this union: Jack, Alice, Sarah and Annie. Fraternally Mr. Joslin is affiliated with the Masonic order, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Politically he gives his support to the Conservative party, and for eight years was a member of the council of Virden, the last five years being chairman of the public works commission.

WILLIAM MACDONALD PINEO.

William Macdonald Pineo, the subject of this sketch, was born on February 19, 1863, at Pugwash, Nova Scotia, and is a son of Edward and Henrietta Christina (Macdonald) Pineo, both of whom were natives of Nova Scotia. The grandfather of our subject was the Hon. H. G. Pineo, the ancestors on both sides of the family being identified with the early political history of Nova Scotia.

Mr. Pineo of this review was educated in the public schools of Pugwash, and in King's College at Windsor, Nova Scotia. He left school at the age of sixteen and on the 19th of April, 1882, arrived in Manitoba. After a year spent in Brandon he came to Virden, and up to 1904 represented the Massey-Harris Company in the implement business as a traveling salesman and general agent for the western district of Manitoba. In 1885 he joined the Home Guards, serving through the rebellion of 1885.

In 1887 Mr. Pineo married Miss Mary Ellen Sarvis, of Port Hope,

Ontario. They are the parents of two children: Clarence and Harold. Politically Mr. Pineo gives his support to the Conservative party, and he has always taken an active part in local, provincial and Dominion politics, but has always refused political preferment, preferring to devote his time and energies to his private interests.

JOSEPH WILLIAM YOUNGE.

Joseph William Younge, the subject of this sketch, is one of the pioneers of the Virden district, and during that time has been prominently identified with agricultural pursuits and also with the political history of the locality. He was born on May 27, 1853, in Queen's county, Ireland, and is a son of Joseph and Catherine Ann (Harrison) Younge, both of whom were natives of Queen's county, Ireland, where the father throughout his life followed the occupation of a farmer.

Mr. Younge was educated by private tutors and in Dublin, Ireland, and was raised on the home farm, doing his full share of work to the development thereof, and in 1882 came to Manitoba. The following year he homesteaded a farm eleven miles west of Virden, and since that time by purchasing he has secured a magnificent property of one thousand two hundred and eighty acres, on which he carries on general farming operations, at the same time paying considerable attention to stockraising. He has always taken an interest in the political affairs of his adopted province, and for seven years served as a member of the council of the municipality of Wallace, his support being given to the Conservative party.

Fraternally Mr. Younge is affiliated with the Masonic order, and for many years has been one of the leading members of the Virden Agricultural Society.

JULIUS H. SCHMIDT.

Julius H. Schmidt, pioneer carriage and waggon maker and blacksmith of the Virden district, is a native of New Hamburg, Perth county, Ontario, and was born June 19, 1858. He is a son of Herman and Susana (Brant) Schmidt, the father a native of Germany and a carpenter by trade, and the mother coming of Pennsylvania Dutch stock.

Mr. Schmidt was educated in the public schools of New Hamburg, afterwards being apprenticed to the waggon and carriage making trade, at which he served his time, afterwards following his trade as a journeyman. In 1882 he came to Manitoba and at once took up a homestead near Crandall, on which he conducted farming operations for three years, and in 1886 settled in Virden, where he opened his present business as a waggon and carriage maker and blacksmith, he being the pioneer of that industry in the district.

In 1882 Mr. Schmidt married Miss Mary Ann Huston, a daughter of William J. Huston, of Bayfield, Ontario. They are the parents of two children: Effie Estella and William George Fortune. Fraternaly Mr. Schmidt is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and politically gives his support to the Conservative party.

THOMAS BEAUBIER.

One of the pioneer hotel men of western Manitoba is Mr. Thomas Beaubier, the subject of this sketch. He is a native of county Wexford, Ireland, born January 31, 1830, and is a son of John and Elizabeth (Jefferson) Beaubier, the father a farmer by occupation. The family emigrated to Canada in 1842, and settled in Leeds county at Lansdowne, north of Brockville, where the father was again identified with farming pursuits.

Mr. Beaubier of this review was raised on the home farm and educated in the common schools of the county, and in 1852 removed to London, Ontario, where he conducted farming operations in that neighborhood for thirty years, and also in Perth county near St. Mary's. He afterwards conducted a hotel at Park Hill for six years, and in 1880 came to Manitoba, and two years afterwards erected the Beaubier House at Brandon, which business he conducted until 1891.

On October 26, 1854, Mr. Beaubier married Miss Eliza Jane Cathcart, a daughter of David Cathcart, one of the early settlers of Perth county, Ontario. They are the parents of eleven children, three boys and eight girls, all of whom are living in Manitoba.

CHARLES JOHN THOMSON.

One of the heaviest farming operators of the Virden district is Charles John Thomson, the subject of this sketch. He is a native of Edinburgh, Scotland, and was born April 13, 1840, and is a son of William Thomson and Charlotte Parker, his wife. William Thomson was a baker and confectioner by trade, and followed this occupation in Edinburgh up to nearly the time of his death, in 1864.

Mr. Thomson was educated in the private schools of Edinburgh and afterwards at the Southern Academy of that place. After leaving school he was identified with the publishing business for twenty years in connection with Adam and Charles Black, publishers, of Edinburgh, with whom he served an apprenticeship. Later on he was cashier and accountant, holding this position for about fourteen years. After leaving the employ of Messrs. A. & C. Black, Mr. Thomson engaged in business on his own account as a book binder, bookseller and stationer at North Bridge, Edinburgh, which business he carried on successfully until coming to Canada.

In 1883 Mr. Thomson came to Manitoba with his wife and eight children and located on a homestead five miles west of Virden, being one of the pioneers of the Virden district. Subsequently by purchase and the boys' homesteading, they have acquired a magnificent farming property of one thousand six hundred acres, which is given over to general farming and stock raising. It is one of the handsomest places in western Manitoba, Mr. Thomson having devoted considerable time and money to beautifying the place in the way of planting trees and ornamental shrubbery.

Mr. Thomson is a member of the Scottish Clans of Virden and president of the Clan Fraser, and has also been president of St. Andrew's Society of the Virden district for many years past. Politically he gives his support to the Liberal party and was president of the Liberal Association of Virden for twelve or fourteen years. He also has been one of the school trustees of Virden for six or eight years.

Mr. Thomson was a member of the Midlothian Coast Volunteer Artillery, resigning his commission as captain on leaving for Canada after a

service of twenty-three years. He was also for two years captain of the Edinburgh Burgess Golfing Society, the oldest golfing society but one in the world, was many years a captain of the High Constables of Edinburgh and for twenty-five years an office bearer of the Free Church of Scotland, first as a deacon then as an elder.

At the present time Mr. Thomson in addition to carrying on his business as a farmer near Virden, is managing director of the Provincial Mutual Hail Insurance Company of Manitoba, a company which was incorporated by the Manitoba Government in 1891, and has been successfully managed by the Manitoba farmers themselves ever since that date. The head office of this company is in Winnipeg. When the Royal Caledonian Curling Club of Scotland sent out to Canada in the winter of 1902 a selected team of twenty-four Scotch curlers (six rinks), Mr. Thomson was deputed by the Canadian Government to meet them at Halifax and accompany them through all their curling tour in Canada. As the representative of the Canadian Government at this time he not only accompanied this grand party of Scotch curlers on their visits to the different cities and towns in Canada, but was present at nearly all the matches and social functions of the tour, and in the following year received the thanks of the Royal Caledonian Curling Club in a beautifully illuminated form signed by Lord Mansfield as president and other office bearers of the Royal Club.

In concluding this History of Manitoba and the biographies of so many of the prominent citizens of the province, the publishers are glad to offer to their readers a brief account of the life and services of the Editor, Rev. Dr. Bryce. If Dr. Bryce's career were entirely that of a historian and general literary writer, a more extensive notice than his official connection with the history would perhaps be unnecessary. But having made his home in Winnipeg since the first year of the province, during which time he

has been much more than a mere observer and chronicler of passing events, having been a pioneer of Presbyterianism and general and higher education in the province, and for more than thirty years ardently devoted to progress and development in the great North-West, it is proper in this connection to speak of the aspects of his life other than literary and to give a resumé of his activities in Winnipeg and provincial affairs. The facts and much of the language used in this sketch are drawn from the issue of the *Winnipeg Free Press*, which contained the news of Dr. Bryce's election as Moderator of the Presbyterian general assembly, at Toronto, June 11, 1902.

Born April 22, 1844, at Mount Pleasant, Brant county, Ontario, Dr. George Bryce was the eldest son of George Bryce, J.P., the head of a Scottish family well known in the county of Brant. Dr. Bryce's education was commenced in the schools of Mount Pleasant and Brantford, and completed in the University of Toronto and Knox College. In his school and college career he gave promise of future success by winning many prizes and scholarships. He graduated B.A. from Toronto University in 1867, taking the silver medal in natural science, and in theology from Knox College in 1871, with highest honors. Immediately after graduation he was chosen by his professors as assistant minister in Chalmers church, Quebec, and from that position was selected, during the same year, to go to Manitoba.

Since the autumn of 1871 Dr. Bryce has remained a resident of Winnipeg. He saw the city grow from a village of three hundred people to its present size, and took no unimportant part in its development, especially along educational and spiritual lines.

Primarily Professor Bryce's position was educational. He established Manitoba College in 1871 at Kildonan. The college was moved to Winnipeg in 1873, and became a part of the University, of which Dr. Bryce was one of the founders. In public school education he took a leading part, being for six years a member of the Winnipeg school board. He was the first inspector of the Winnipeg schools, and was active in the discussion and settlement of the school question during the nineties. For ten years he was a member of the Provincial Advisory board.

In Toronto University he had taken natural science as a special course

and higher English as a collateral subject. He introduced the teaching of science in Manitoba, and has been called the father of science in the North-West. For a number of years he has taught science under university auspices, and on the erection of the new university building, in which he took great interest, he was appointed lecturer in biology and geology and chairman of the university faculty of science.

In 1904 Dr. Bryce finding it impossible on account of overwork to continue his university appointment resigned the chairman and lectureships, and is still Professor of English and financial agent of Manitoba College. He continues to be a prominent member of the University Executive.

His position as a scientist and literary man has been fully recognized. He is a delegate, with silver decoration, of the Alliance Scientifique of Paris; member of the general committee of the British Association; fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science; fellow of the Royal Society of Canada, and honorary member of many other societies. He was made LL.D. by his own university in 1883, and D.D. by Knox College, Toronto, in 1903. As a scientist Dr. Bryce's position has been defined as "while recognizing the difficulties of the evolutionary hypothesis as an absolute philosophy, yet he has warmly adopted it as a useful and effective teaching method."

Dr. Bryce always maintains that men of every occupation and profession should be actively occupied in religious work. While busily devoted to his work as an educationist and author, he has done his full share of this. He organized Knox church in Winnipeg, and has watched over the infant life of most of the other thirteen Presbyterian churches in the city, being chairman of the Church Extension Board. He has administered for many years the affairs of the missions of his church in the Red River valley, and visited in church work all parts of the Canadian west, having opened more than eighty new churches. He was first moderator of the synod of Manitoba (which extended to the Pacific) in 1883, and in 1902, as already stated, was chosen moderator of the Presbyterian church in Canada, the highest office in Canadian Presbyterianism.

The historical investigations of Dr. Bryce have embraced a wide and important range of subjects, especially concerning western Canada. The

most important of his published writings are named as follows: "Manitoba, Infancy, Growth, etc." (1882); "A Short History of the Canadian People" (1887); "History of the Hudson's Bay Company" (1900); "Illustrated History of Winnipeg" (1905). His work "Mackenzie, Selkirk and Simpson," of the "Makers of Canada Series," 1905, is stated to be his best. Many monographs and special articles published separately or in standard encyclopedias and historical compilations have also to be placed to the credit of this industrious worker.

